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INDEXED

HOLMES'

HANDBOOK OF SEEDS

& Everything for the Garden

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HOLMES SEED COMPANY
HARRISBURG, PA.

We, the Holmes Seed Co., of Harrisburg, Pa., give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, purity, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants we send out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned.

TWENTY-THREE YEARS IN BUSINESS

THIS IS WHAT TALKS

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

OR YOUR MONEY BACK

All Seeds or other articles listed in this Catalog are sold with the understanding that should they fail to please, we will refund the price paid or duplicate your order free

BULK SEED DISCOUNTS

On a \$5 Order, Discount is 10 percent.

On a \$10 Order, Discount is 12½ percent.

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This discount is allowed on all general orders for Flower and Vegetable Seeds in packets, ounces, quarter-pounds, pounds, pints, quarts, four quarts, pecks and bushels, when the order is for five or more items, BUT IS NOT ALLOWED ON AN ORDER FOR A SINGLE ITEM, NOR ON POTATOES, ONION SETS, BULBS, GRASS SEEDS AND FIELD SEEDS, SUCH AS FIELD CORN, OATS, BARLEY, COW-PEAS, ETC. ON ORDERS OF PACKETS OR OUNCES AMOUNTING TO \$1.00, DEDUCT 20 CENTS FROM EACH ONE DOLLAR SENT.

We prefer giving our customers the advantage in good, solid money, than by offering premiums of books, and many other things with little or no value—with the cash discount you then can buy what you like.

HOW TO BE SUCCESSFUL IN GROWING VEGETABLES FOR THE HOME GARDEN

In the past two years the public has been awakened to the fact that they are called on by the nation to grow a small garden containing the more useful vegetables for home consumption.

It is the patriotic duty of every American who has a small piece of ground at his or her disposal, or can secure same from a neighbor, to help the nation at this critical time, by helping himself to more of the cheaper food, by growing his own vegetables. Had the foreign countries known prior to going to war what we have learned by their error, they would have been fortified the same as we are trying to fortify ourselves at the present time.

The foreign nations at this time are looking to America for their food supply. It will be necessary for the larger gardeners and growers to ship the majority of their foodstuffs abroad. What America can do in emergency cases has been proven the past two years. It can do still more if you, with a liking for gardening, will put your shoulder to the wheel to increase our own economic strength. The following pages will give you a brief outline of what is necessary to produce a good, home garden.

A RULE FOR ALL AMATEUR GARDENERS TO WORK UNDER AND WHICH SHOULD BE STRICTLY ADHERED TO IS AS FOLLOWS: PLANT ALL SEEDS FROM THREE TO FOUR TIMES THEIR OWN THICKNESS UNDER THE SURFACE OF THE SOIL.

HOW AND WHEN TO PLANT

For the benefit of our many customers, we are publishing on one of the following pages, a complete table, giving the best time, when and how to plant. Unless you have competent help, do not attempt too large a garden in the beginning. A small one thoroughly manured with pulverized sheep manure, and thoroughly worked, will give better results and more vegetables than one that is too large and poorly worked. Make the soil as rich as possible. One hundred pounds of pulverized sheep manure to a plot of ground 20 by 30 will be sufficient for the entire summer.

PREPARING THE SOIL

The soil should be thoroughly pulverized and enriched frequently by a liberal dressing of pulverized sheep manure, spread over the surface and dug under as early in the Spring as the soil will crumble into a loose, fine condition. Be careful not to dig the soil when it is soggy or wet, as it will be hard to work the entire season. As stable manure is very hard to get at the present time, we have recommended the pulverized sheep manure, which can be had from us at all times during the year, and one hundred pounds will go much farther than two cart loads of well rotted manure. Should your ground be sour or if there are red worms in the ground, which will denote same, a dressing of air-slacked lime will be found to be very beneficial. Although not a plant food of itself, its action makes plant food available, which without its aid would lie dormant. As soon as the soil will work up in the proper condition, sowings can be made as per our kitchen garden table, given on page 1.

THE SEEDBED

For small gardens, it would be better to start the early vegetables indoors in small boxes. The plants then can be set out very early in the Spring. For late plants, such as late cabbage, celery, etc., a small corner sheltered by the fence can be put aside for this purpose. Manure same well and the plants then can be taken from the seedbed and transplanted later when the time arrives. We would suggest, however, that tomatoes, eggplants and peppers be started indoors, as they are rather tender.

INTENSE GARDENING

Can be had by the following methods: As soon as your early varieties, such as peas, lettuce, radishes, are finished, the beds or rows should be freshly dug, a little fresh manure sprinkled in the rows and worked over thoroughly. Then plant it with other vegetables to keep up a constant supply in the garden, and, at the same time, you will keep out weeds and have plenty of vegetables to eat at all times during the year.

SOWING SMALL SEED

A small furrow should be made in the fine surface of the soil with a stick or a rake handle laid out and pressed into the ground. The furrow should not be over a quarter to a half inch deep, varying with the size of the seed

to be sown, and according to the rule given above. Then, by taking the rake and using it as a stomper, you can cover the seeds sufficiently with the fine soil, until it is time to cultivate properly. The firming of seed brings it in close contact with the earth and greatly assists it in germination.

MAKING HILLS

The soil should be removed 10 to 12 inches in depth, about a half a shovelful of pulverized sheep manure placed in the bottom of this hole, the ground then hoed up carefully, making a hill about 4 inches above the level of the soil, packing it down with the back of the hoe for a space possibly 12 inches in diameter. The seeds then should be planted on top of this hill, such as melons, cucumbers, pole beans, etc., and then a light covering of the soil thrown up with the hoe and packed down firmly on top should give you very good results. Hills made this way can also be utilized for tomatoes, eggplants and peppers and should stand about four feet apart each way.

CULTIVATION

It is absolutely necessary to cultivate the soil to get results. Many persons think that after the seed is in the ground, that is all that is necessary; but frequent cultivations, even when there is no rain, will draw a certain amount of moisture to the roots of the plants, and the more cultivating you give your vegetables, the better they will be and the larger they will grow. After a rain, when the ground dries off sufficiently, is the best time to cultivate, but in long, dry periods do not fail to keep on cultivating.

GATHERING VEGETABLES

It is only when you get the first vegetables you have grown from your own garden that you appreciate what it is to have a garden of your own. They taste better, especially corn, which has not gone through the process of sweating and taking the sweetness all out of it; and what person does not like to go out to the garden and see a large, ripe, red tomato, and pluck it and eat it. It will taste 100 percent better than any tomato you can buy, and for the best tasted fruit, it is always better to allow it to ripen on the vine.

MULCHING

Everybody, more or less, has a certain amount of grass to cut around their place. No better use can be made of this grass, caught in a grass catcher attached to the lawn mower, than by placing it on each side of the rows of the vegetables growing. In this way, it keeps the moisture in the soil and also prevents weeds from starting.

SEEDS TO USE

It is necessary in sowing the seed to get the very best the country can produce (this you can have by using **Holmes' tested seeds of known vitality and purity**), so as not to be disappointed by the seed not coming up, as is oftentimes the case in using commission seeds, which are sold in grocery stores, etc. Our catalog gives you a brief description of all the principal varieties of seeds used in America.

ADVICE

Our forty-three years' experience in the seed business has taught us many things which the amateur gardener does not know. We are perfectly willing and ready at all times to give any advice in regard to seeds, insecticides, or anything pertaining to the garden, if you will kindly call us on the telephone or call at our place of business. We will try to give you this information correctly to the best of our knowledge and should we not know some questions that are put to us, we will gladly look up and get the information for you.

TABLES

We are constantly asked by many of our customers, questions which we have tried to answer by the following reference tables which many of our patrons will find valuable in making their garden. With the information we have given on these few pages, we believe that everyone can not help but have a good garden of superior vegetables.

INSECTICIDES

On pages 4 and 5 will be found information pertaining to insecticides, fungicides and blight, to be used on the different plants and vegetables infested by the leaf-eating and leaf-sucking insects, most injurious to the crops. We have endeavored to make these very explicit, so as to enable our many customers to arrive at a definite conclusion and know exactly what to use from the first appearance of any of these insects.

AMOUNT CARRIED OVER.

[illegible]

When you send your order kindly write below the names and full addresses of persons that you know buy and plant seeds. Do not send any names unless you have reason to believe they might send us an order. For doing this you may select two 5-cent packages extra free, when you send in your order.

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KITCHEN-GARDEN PLANTING TABLE

A guide to the proper times for sowing of various Seeds in order to obtain continuous succession of crops

VEGETABLES IN THE KITCHEN-GARDEN	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Explanation of Signs Used in the Table
Artichoke				●	●								<p>● To be sown in open ground without transplanting. Plants have to be thinned out, given proper distance.</p> <p>1. Sow on seed bed in the garden, and transplant thence to permanent place.</p> <p>2. Make two sowings in open ground during the month.</p> <p>3. Make three sowings in open ground during the month.</p> <p>4. Start in greenhouse or hotbed, and plant out as soon as the ground is in good shape and weather permits.</p> <p>5. Sow in open ground as soon as it can be worked.</p> <p>6. To be grown only in hotbed or greenhouse.</p> <p>7. Sow in coldframe; keep plants there over winter with a little protection. Plant out in spring as soon as the ground can be worked.</p> <p>8. To be sown in open ground, and protected with litter over winter.</p> <p>9. Plant in frame. When cold weather sets in, cover with sash and straw mats. Plants will be ready for use in December and January.</p> <p>10. Plant in cellar, barn or under benches in greenhouse.</p> <p>11. Plant outdoors in prepared beds.</p> <p>12. Sow every week in greenhouse or frame, to have a good succession.</p> <p>N. B.—For last planting of beans, sweet corn, kohlrabi, peas and radishes, or even tomatoes, take the earliest varieties, just the same as are used for first planting.</p> <p>The late sowings of salsify are intended to remain undisturbed over winter. Roots from these sowings will, the next year, attain a size double that usually seen.</p>
Asparagus			5	●									
Beans, Bush	6	6	6	●	2	2	2	●					
" Pole and Lima					●	●							
Beets			4	4	●	●	●	●					
Borecole, or Kale					1	1	1						
Broccoli		4	4	1	1	1			7	7			
Brussels Sprouts						1	1						
Cabbage, all sorts		4	4	1	1	1			7	7			
Carrot	6	6	5	●	●	●	●						
Cauliflower	6	4	4	1	1	1							<p>● To be sown in open ground without transplanting. Plants have to be thinned out, given proper distance.</p> <p>1. Sow on seed bed in the garden, and transplant thence to permanent place.</p> <p>2. Make two sowings in open ground during the month.</p> <p>3. Make three sowings in open ground during the month.</p> <p>4. Start in greenhouse or hotbed, and plant out as soon as the ground is in good shape and weather permits.</p> <p>5. Sow in open ground as soon as it can be worked.</p> <p>6. To be grown only in hotbed or greenhouse.</p> <p>7. Sow in coldframe; keep plants there over winter with a little protection. Plant out in spring as soon as the ground can be worked.</p> <p>8. To be sown in open ground, and protected with litter over winter.</p> <p>9. Plant in frame. When cold weather sets in, cover with sash and straw mats. Plants will be ready for use in December and January.</p> <p>10. Plant in cellar, barn or under benches in greenhouse.</p> <p>11. Plant outdoors in prepared beds.</p> <p>12. Sow every week in greenhouse or frame, to have a good succession.</p> <p>N. B.—For last planting of beans, sweet corn, kohlrabi, peas and radishes, or even tomatoes, take the earliest varieties, just the same as are used for first planting.</p> <p>The late sowings of salsify are intended to remain undisturbed over winter. Roots from these sowings will, the next year, attain a size double that usually seen.</p>
Celeriac		4	4	1	1	1							
Celery		4	4	1	1	1							
Chicory			5	●	●	●							
Collards							●	●	●				
Corn, Field				●	●	●							
" Sweet				2	2	2	2	●					
" Pop					●	●	●						
Corn Salad			5	●	●	●			8				
Cress	12	12	12	12	●	●			12	12	12	12	
Cucumber	6	6	6	4	●	●		6	6				
Eggplant		6	4	1	1	1							
Endive				1	1	1	1						
Kohlrabi	6	6	4	1	1	1	1						
Leek		4	4	1	1	1							
Lettuce	6	4	4	1	2	2	2	●	9	9	7		
Mangel			5	●	●	●							<p>● To be sown in open ground without transplanting. Plants have to be thinned out, given proper distance.</p> <p>1. Sow on seed bed in the garden, and transplant thence to permanent place.</p> <p>2. Make two sowings in open ground during the month.</p> <p>3. Make three sowings in open ground during the month.</p> <p>4. Start in greenhouse or hotbed, and plant out as soon as the ground is in good shape and weather permits.</p> <p>5. Sow in open ground as soon as it can be worked.</p> <p>6. To be grown only in hotbed or greenhouse.</p> <p>7. Sow in coldframe; keep plants there over winter with a little protection. Plant out in spring as soon as the ground can be worked.</p> <p>8. To be sown in open ground, and protected with litter over winter.</p> <p>9. Plant in frame. When cold weather sets in, cover with sash and straw mats. Plants will be ready for use in December and January.</p> <p>10. Plant in cellar, barn or under benches in greenhouse.</p> <p>11. Plant outdoors in prepared beds.</p> <p>12. Sow every week in greenhouse or frame, to have a good succession.</p> <p>N. B.—For last planting of beans, sweet corn, kohlrabi, peas and radishes, or even tomatoes, take the earliest varieties, just the same as are used for first planting.</p> <p>The late sowings of salsify are intended to remain undisturbed over winter. Roots from these sowings will, the next year, attain a size double that usually seen.</p>
Melon	6	6	6	4	●	●	9	6					
Mushroom	10	10	11					11	10	10	10	10	
Mustard	12	12	12	●	●	●		●	●	12	12	12	
Nasturtium				●	●								
Okra			4	4	2	2	2						
Onions		4	4	1	1								
Parsnips			5	●	●	●							
Parsley	6	6	4	●	●	●	●						
Peas			5	2	2	2	2	●		●			
Pepper		4	4	4	1								
Potatoes				●	●								
Pumpkin				4	●	●							
Radish	12	12	12	3	3	3			9	9			
Rutabaga								●	●				
Salsify			5	●				●	●				
Spinach			5	●	●				2	8			
Squash			4	4	●	●							<p>● To be sown in open ground without transplanting. Plants have to be thinned out, given proper distance.</p> <p>1. Sow on seed bed in the garden, and transplant thence to permanent place.</p> <p>2. Make two sowings in open ground during the month.</p> <p>3. Make three sowings in open ground during the month.</p> <p>4. Start in greenhouse or hotbed, and plant out as soon as the ground is in good shape and weather permits.</p> <p>5. Sow in open ground as soon as it can be worked.</p> <p>6. To be grown only in hotbed or greenhouse.</p> <p>7. Sow in coldframe; keep plants there over winter with a little protection. Plant out in spring as soon as the ground can be worked.</p> <p>8. To be sown in open ground, and protected with litter over winter.</p> <p>9. Plant in frame. When cold weather sets in, cover with sash and straw mats. Plants will be ready for use in December and January.</p> <p>10. Plant in cellar, barn or under benches in greenhouse.</p> <p>11. Plant outdoors in prepared beds.</p> <p>12. Sow every week in greenhouse or frame, to have a good succession.</p> <p>N. B.—For last planting of beans, sweet corn, kohlrabi, peas and radishes, or even tomatoes, take the earliest varieties, just the same as are used for first planting.</p> <p>The late sowings of salsify are intended to remain undisturbed over winter. Roots from these sowings will, the next year, attain a size double that usually seen.</p>
Tomato	6	6	4	1	1	1		6	6	6			
Turnip								●	●				

Compare the column number with explanations given on right-hand side of table.

	Weight to Seed an Acre	Weight per Bushel
Red Clover	8-14 Lbs.	60 Lbs.
Alsike Clover	8-10 Lbs.	60 Lbs.
White Clover	6-8 Lbs.	60 Lbs.
Alfalfa or Lucerne	20-25 Lbs.	60 Lbs.
Crimson Scarlet or Ital. Clover	10-15 Lbs.	60 Lbs.
Timothy	12-20 Lbs.	45 Lbs.
Common Millet	50-60 Lbs.	50 Lbs.
German Millet	50-60 Lbs.	50 Lbs.
Siberian Millet	20-25 Lbs.	50 Lbs.
Hungarian Millet	50-60 Lbs.	48 Lbs.
Flax Seed	56-70 Lbs.	56 Lbs.
Blue Grass	30-40 Lbs.	14 Lbs.
Red Top, Fcy. solid seed	10-12 Lbs.	14 Lbs.
Red Top, Chaff	30-40 Lbs.	14 Lbs.
Orchard Grass	30-38 Lbs.	14 Lbs.
Perennial Rye Grass	30-40 Lbs.	20 Lbs.

	Weight to Seed an Acre	Weight per Bushel
Italian Rye Grass	30-40 Lbs.	20 Lbs.
Eng. Blue Grass Mead.		
Fescue	30-40 Lbs.	24 Lbs.
Pasture Mixture	40-42 Lbs.	
Lawn Grass	50-70 Lbs.	14 Lbs.
Dwarf Essex Rape—in drills	2-3 Lbs.	60 Lbs.
broadcast		
Brome Grass, Bromis	4-5 Lbs.	60 Lbs.
Inermis		
Canada Field Peas	25-30 Lbs.	14 Lbs.
broadcast	150-180 Lbs.	60 Lbs.
Canada Field Peas—with oats	90-100 Lbs.	
Cow Peas—broadcast	60- Lbs.	60 Lbs.
Cow Peas—in drills	30- Lbs.	60 Lbs.
Beans—in hills	20-35 Lbs.	60 Lbs.

	Weight to Seed an Acre	Weight per Bushel
Cane—broadcast	50-75 Lbs.	50 Lbs.
Broom Corn	8-12 Lbs.	46 Lbs.
Buckwheat	30-60 Lbs.	32 Lbs.
Corn—in hills	14-18 Lbs.	56 Lbs.
Corn—in drills for fodder	75 Lbs.	
Corn—broadcast	150 Lbs.	
Pop Corn—shelled	2-4 Lbs.	60 Lbs.
Sweet Corn—in drills for fodder	75- Lbs.	46 Lbs.
Sweet Corn—broadcast	150- Lbs.	
Wheat	90-120 Lbs.	60 Lbs.
Rye	83-100 Lbs.	56 Lbs.
Oats	70- Lbs.	32 Lbs.
Barley	95-112 Lbs.	48 Lbs.
Potatoes	8-10 bus.	60 Lbs.
Onion Sets, Bottom	10-15 bus.	32 Lbs.

Quantity of Seed Required for a Given Length of Drill

	Feet of Drill
Asparagus	1 oz. 50
Beet	1 oz. 60
Beans—Dwarf	1 pt. 60
Carrot	1 oz. 150
Endive	1 oz. 100
Okra	1 oz. 40
Onions	1 oz. 50
Onion Sets	1 pt. 20
Parsley	1 oz. 125
Parsnips	1 oz. 150
Peas	1 pt. 50
Radishes	1 oz. 100
Salsify	1 oz. 60
Spinach	1 oz. 100
Turnip	1 oz. 150

Weight of Manure and Fertilizers to Apply to Different Crops per Acre

Potatoes, Pulverized Sheep	800 to 1,000 lbs. in the rows.
Mangel Wurzel	Stable 20 to 30 tons
Carrots	Stable 12 to 20 tons
Beans	Stable 12 to 20 tons
Onions	Stable 25 to 40 tons
Nitrate of Soda and Potash	250 lbs.
Salt	250 to 500 lbs.
Concentrated Fertilizers	for garden or field culture
	500 to 800 lbs.

Quantity of Seed Required for a Given Number of Plants

	Plants
Asparagus	1 oz. 300
Cabbage	1 oz. 2,000
Cauliflower	1 oz. 2,000
Celery	1 oz. 2,500
Leek	1 oz. 1,500
Endive	1 oz. 3,000
Egg Plant	1 oz. 1,000
Lettuce	1 oz. 3,000
Pepper	1 oz. 1,000
Tomato	1 oz. 1,300
Thyme	1 oz. 4,000
Sage	1 oz. 1,000
Savory	1 oz. 2,000
Marjoram	1 oz. 1,500
Rhubarb	1 oz. 500

REFERENCE TABLES

Number of plants to the acre at given distances

Dis. Apart	No. Plants	Dis. Apart	No. Plants	Dis. Apart	No. Plants	Dis. Apart	No. Plants
12 x 1 in.	522,720	24 x 24 in.	10,890	36 x 36 in.	4,840	60 x 60 in.	1,743
12 x 3 in.	174,240	30 x 1 in.	209,088	42 x 12 in.	12,446	8 x 1 ft.	5,445
12 x 12 in.	43,560	30 x 6 in.	34,848	42 x 24 in.	6,223	8 x 3 ft.	1,815
16 x 1 in.	392,040	30 x 12 in.	17,424	42 x 36 in.	4,148	8 x 8 ft.	680
18 x 1 in.	348,480	30 x 16 in.	13,068	48 x 12 in.	10,890	10 x 1 ft.	4,356
18 x 3 in.	116,160	30 x 20 in.	10,454	48 x 18 in.	7,790	10 x 6 ft.	726
18 x 12 in.	29,040	30 x 24 in.	8,712	48 x 24 in.	5,445	10 x 10 ft.	435
18 x 18 in.	19,360	30 x 30 in.	6,970	48 x 30 in.	4,356	12 x 1 ft.	3,630
20 x 1 in.	313,635	36 x 3 in.	58,080	48 x 36 in.	3,630	12 x 5 ft.	736
20 x 20 in.	15,681	36 x 12 in.	14,520	48 x 48 in.	2,723	12 x 12 ft.	302
24 x 1 in.	261,360	36 x 18 in.	9,680	60 x 36 in.	2,901	16 x 1 ft.	2,722
24 x 18 in.	15,520	36 x 24 in.	7,260	60 x 48 in.	2,178	16 x 16 ft.	170

Quantity of Seed Requisite to Produce a Given Number of Plants and Sow an Acre

Quantity per Acre		Quantity per Acre		Quantity per Acre	
Artichoke, 1 oz. to 500 plants.	6 oz.	Cucumber, 1 oz. to 100 hills.	1 to 3 lbs.	Onion Seed, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. to 100 ft. of drill.	4 to 5 lbs.
Asparagus, 1 oz. to 800 plants.	4 lbs.	Dill, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. to 100 feet of drill.	5 lbs.	Onion Seed for sets.	40 to 80 lbs.
Asparagus roots.	1000 to 7250	Egg Plant, 1 oz. to 2,000 plants.	4 oz.	Onion Sets, 2 lbs. to 40 feet of drill.	250 lbs.
Barley.	120 lbs.	Endive, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. to 100 feet of drill.	$\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.	Parsnip, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. to 100 feet of drill.	3 lbs.
Beans, dwarf, 1 lb. to 100 ft. of drill.	60 lbs.	Flax, broadcast.	30 lbs.	Parsley, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. to 100 feet of drill.	3 lbs.
Beans, pole, 1 lb. to 100 hills.	30 lbs.	Garlic, bulbs, 1 lb. to 100 feet of drill.		Peas, garden, 1 lb. to 100 feet of drill.	55 to 120 lbs.
Beet, garden, 1 oz. to 100 feet of drill.	7 lbs.	Gourd, 2 oz. to 100 hills.			120 lbs.
Beet, Mangel, 1 oz. to 100 feet of drill.	5 lbs.	Grass, Blue, Kentucky.	15 to 20 lbs.	Peas, field.	120 lbs.
Broccoli, 1 oz. to 5,000 plants.	2 oz.	Grass, Millet.	25 lbs.	Pepper, 1 oz. to 1,500 plants.	
Brussels Sprouts, 1 oz. to 5,000 plants.	2 oz.	Grass, Mixed Lawn.	60 to 100 lbs.	Pumpkin, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. to 100 hills.	3 to 4 lbs.
Buckwheat.	15 to 25 lbs.	Grass, Red Top Fancy.	8 to 10 lbs.	Radish, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. to 100 ft. of drill.	10 to 12 lbs.
Cabbage, 1 oz. to 5,000 plants.	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.	Grass, Rhode Island Bent.	25 to 40 lbs.	Ruta Baga.	2 to 4 lbs.
Carrot, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. to 100 feet of drill.	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.	Grass, Timothy.	10 to 15 lbs.	Rye.	60 to 90 lbs.
Cauliflower, 1 oz. to 5,000 plants.		Grass, Orchard, Perennial Rye and		Sage in drills.	4 to 5 lbs.
Celery, 1 oz. to 15,000 plants.		Wood Meadow.	25 to 35 lbs.	Salsify, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. to 100 feet of drill.	8 lbs.
Chicory.	4 lbs.	Hemp.	25 lbs.	Spinach, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. to 100 feet of drill.	8 lbs.
Clover, Alsike.	6 lbs.	Horse Radish Roots.	10000 to 15000	Summer Savory.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.
Clover, Alfalfa or Lucerne.	15 to 25 lbs.	Kale, 1 oz. to 5,000 plants, or 200 feet of		Sunflower.	8 lbs.
Clover, Mammoth.	8 to 12 lbs.	drill.		Squash, summer, 4 oz. to 100 hills.	4 lbs.
Clover, Medium.	8 to 12 lbs.	Leek Rabi, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. to 100 feet of drill.	4 lbs.	Squash, winter, 8 oz. to 100 hills.	2 lbs.
Clover, White Dutch.	6 lbs.	Leek, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. to 100 feet of drill.	4 lbs.	Tomato, 1 oz. to 2,000 to 3,000 plants.	
Collards, 1 oz. to 5,000 plants.		Lettuce, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. to 100 feet of drill.	3 lbs.	Tobacco, 1 oz. to 5,000 plants.	
Corn, rice (shelled).	4 lbs.	Melon, Musk, 1 oz. to 100 hills.	1 to 3 lbs.	Turnip, 1 oz. to 250 feet of drill.	1 to 3 lbs.
Corn, sweet, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. to 100 hills.	12 lbs.	Melon, Water, 4 oz. to 100 hills.	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 lbs.	Vetch, spring.	90 to 120 lbs.
Corn, pea, 1 lb. to 100 hills.	60 lbs.	Nasturtium, 2 oz. to 100 feet of drill.	15 lbs.	Vetch, Hairy or Sand.	30 to 60 lbs.
Cress, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. to 100 feet of drill.	12 lbs.	Okra, 1 oz. to 100 feet of drill.	8 lbs.		

Table to Assist Farmers and Gardeners in Making Accurate Estimate of the Amount of Land in Different Fields Under Cultivation

10 rods x 16 rods equal.	1 acre	40 yards x 121 yards equal.	1 acre
8 rods x 20 rods equal.	1 acre	209 feet x 209 feet equal.	1 acre
5 rods x 32 rods equal.	1 acre	200 feet x 108.9 feet equal.	1 acre
4 rods x 40 rods equal.	1 acre	100 feet x 145.2 feet equal.	$\frac{1}{2}$ acre
5 yards x 968 yards equal.	1 acre	100 feet x 108.9 feet equal.	$\frac{1}{4}$ acre
10 yards x 484 yards equal.	1 acre		

VEGETABLES—SEED SOWING AND PLANTING TABLE FOR HOME GARDENERS

VARIETY OF VEGETABLE	TIME TO SOW		BEST GERMINATING TEMPERATURE	TIME REQUIRED TO GERMINATE	TIME REQUIRED FOR MATURITY FROM DATE SOWN	PLANTING DISTANCE		AMOUNT OF SEED, ETC., REQUIRED	DEPTH OF PLANT
	UNDER GLASS	OPEN GROUND				APART IN ROWS	ROWS APART		
ARTICHOKE, Globe.		May.	65°			2-3 ft.	2-3 ft.	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	1-2 in.
ARTICHOKE, Jerusalem.		May.	65°			2-3 ft.	2-3 ft.	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	1-2 in.
ASPARAGUS, Seeds.		April & May.	60°	20 to 28	3 to 4 years			2 oz. for 100 ft. row.	1-2 in.
ASPARAGUS, Roots.		April.				1 ft.	2 ft.	100 for 100 ft. row.	3-5 in.
BEANS, Dwarf.		May to Aug.	75°	6 to 10	45 to 75 days	3 in.	2 ft.	1 qt. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in.
BEANS, Pole and Lima.		May to June.	80°	6 to 10	65 to 100 days	3 ft.	4 ft.	1 qt. for 100 hills.	1-2 in.
BEETS.	March	April to Aug.	60°	7 to 10	60 to 75 days	4 in.	1 ft.	2 oz. for 100 ft. row.	1-2 in.
BORECOLE (Kale)									
For Spring use.		Aug. and Sept.	70°	6 to 10	85 to 120 days	2 ft.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\frac{3}{4}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
For Fall use.		June.	70°	6 to 10	85 to 120 days	2 ft.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
BRUSSELS SPROUTS.		April to July.	70°	6 to 10	100 to 120 days	$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
CABBAGE, Early.	Feb'y.	April.	70°	6 to 10	100 to 125 days	$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	2 ft.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
CABBAGE, Late.		May and June.	70°	6 to 10	120 to 180 days	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
CARROT, Early.	March	April.	60°	10 to 15	65 to 85 days	4 in.	$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	1 oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
CARROT, Late.		May to July.	60°	10 to 15	100 to 120 days	5 in.	2 ft.	1 oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
CAULIFLOWER, Early.	Feb'y.	April.	70°	6 to 10	100 to 115 days	$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
CAULIFLOWER, Late.		May and June.	70°	6 to 10	100 to 135 days	2 ft.	3 ft.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
CELERY.		April.	60°	12 to 20	125 to 150 days	6 in.	3 to 5 ft.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
CHEERVIL.		April and May.	60°			broadcast.	20 in.	1 oz. for 100 ft. row.	1 in.
CORN, SUGAR.		May to July.	75°	8 to 10	60 to 100 days	3 ft.	4 ft.	1 qt. for 200 hills.	1-2 in.
CRESS, Wallis.		April.	70°			broadcast.		$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	on sur.
CUCUMBER.	March	May to July.	80°	6 to 8	60 to 85 days	4 ft.	4 ft.	1 oz. for 60 hills.	1-2 in.
EGG PLANT.	Feb'y.	April to Aug.	80°	10 to 14	125 to 160 days	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 in.
ENDIVE.		April to Aug.	60°	6 to 10	75 to 100 days	1 ft.	1 ft.	1 oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 in.
HORSE RADISH.		April and May.	60°			14-20 in.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	70 roots for 100 ft.	3-4 in.
KOHLRABI.	Feb'y.	April to July.	70°	6 to 8	65 to 85 days	1 ft.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
LEEK.	Feb'y.	April and May.	60°	6 to 10	120 to 160 days	6 in.	$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	1 oz. for 100 ft. row.	1 in.
LETTUCE.	Feb'y.	April to Aug.	60°	6 to 10	75 to 100 days	1 ft.	1 ft.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
MELON, MUSK.		May to June.	80°	6 to 10	90 to 120 days	4 ft.	4 ft.	1 oz. for 60 hills.	1-2 in.
MELON, WATER.		May to June.	80°	8 to 12	100 to 125 days	8 ft.	8 ft.	1 oz. for 30 hills.	1-2 in.
ONION, Seed.	Feb'y.	April and May.	60°	6 to 10	120 to 150 days	3 in.	1 ft.	1 oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 in.
ONION, Sets.		April and May.	60°			3 in.	1 ft.	3 pts. for 100 ft. row.	1-2 in.
PARSLEY.		April and May.	60°	13 to 24	90 to 100 days	4 in.	1 ft.	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
PARSNIP.		April.	60°	12 to 18	100 to 150 days	6 in.	$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 in.
PEAS, Wrinkled.		April to July.	70°	5 to 10	50 to 75 days	2 in.	2 to 4 ft.	1 qt. for 100 ft. row.	2-3 in.
PEAS, Smooth.		April to Aug.	65°	5 to 10	50 to 65 days	2 in.	2 to 4 ft.	1 qt. for 100 ft. row.	2-3 in.
PEPPER.	March		80°	10 to 14	135 to 150 days	2 ft.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
POTATOES.		April to June.	70°	15 to 25	75 to 100 days	10 in.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	1 peck to 100 ft. row.	4 in.
PUMPKINS.		May to June.	80°	6 to 10	100 to 125 days	8 ft.	8 ft.	1 oz. for 30 hills.	1-2 in.
RADISH.	March	April to Sept.	60°	4 to 6	25 to 50 days	2-4 in.	1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	1 oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 in.
RHUBARB PLANTS.		April and May.	60°			3 ft.	3 to 5 ft.	33 plants for 100 ft.	2-3 in.
SPINACH.		April to Sept.	60°	6 to 12	60 to 75 days	4 in.	1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	1 oz. for 100 ft. row.	1-2 in.
SQUASH, Summer.		May to July.	80°	6 to 10	60 to 75 days	4 ft.	4 ft.	1 oz. for 50 hills.	1-2 in.
SQUASH, Winter.		May to June.	80°	6 to 10	100 to 125 days	8 ft.	8 ft.	1 oz. for 50 hills.	1-2 in.
TOMATO.	Feb. A	June.	80°	6 to 10	125 to 150 days	3 ft.	3 ft.	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. for 100 hills.	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 in.
TURNIP.		April to Sept.	70°	4 to 7	60 to 75 days	6 in.	1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\frac{3}{4}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ in.

“BLACK LEAF 40”

Liquid Nicotine Sulphate Insecticide. (40% Nicotine Guaranteed)

Highly Recommended by Experiment Stations and Agricultural Colleges for Spraying Against
APHIS, LEAF-HOPPERS, THRIPS, RED BUGS

Many crops are attacked by these pests. They injure the foliage, weaken the plants and reduce both the quantity and quality of the crops; if, indeed, the plants themselves are not destroyed.

These pests belong to the “sucking” class of insects. With their sharp slender beaks they puncture the tissues and suck juices from within the interior of leaf, stem, blossom and twig. They must be destroyed by spraying with a “contact insecticide,” such as “Black Leaf 40.” They can not be destroyed with arsenical poisons like Arsenate of Lead and Paris Green, which must be eaten to be effective.

SOAP AS A SPREADER

In order to assist the “Black Leaf 40” to penetrate to and thoroughly wet the insect, it is advisable when spraying with “Black Leaf 40” alone to add 3 to 4 pounds of dissolved soap to every 100 gallons of spray. When using “Black Leaf 40” in combination with other sprays, do not use soap. Fish Oil Soap is the best.

“BLACK LEAF 40” SPRAY CALENDAR (Abbreviated)

PLANTS	INSECTS	PARTS ATTACKED	DILUTE “BLACK 40”	REMARKS
Apple	Green and Rosy Aphis.	Under surface of leaves, fruit, twigs.	1 to 1000	Spray when buds are green in spring. Do not wait till leaves are curled.
	Woolly Aphis.	Trunk, branches, roots.	1 to 800	Spray when insects are present on tops; on roots, remove soil and saturate roots.
	Red Bug.	Leaves, fruit.	1 to 800	Spray when blossoms show pink and when blossoms fall.
Peach Plum Cherry	Black, Green and Mealy Aphis.	Twigs and under surface of leaves.	1 to 800	Spray when buds open in spring and later when insects are present, before leaves curl.
Currant Watermelon Cantaloupe Cucumber	Green Aphis.	Stems and under surface of leaves.	1 to 1000	Spray when insects appear. Use angle nozzle and wet under sides of leaves, where insects work. Spray carefully.
Pea Bean Turnip Potato Tomato Cabbage Pepper	Green, Pink and Black Aphis.	Stems and under surface of leaves; also blossoms and pods.	1 to 800 to 1 to 1000	Spray when insects appear. Use angle nozzle so as to wet under sides of leaves. Spray carefully.
Shrubs Flowers Shade Trees	Aphis Thrips Leaf-Hoppers.	Leaves and blossoms.	1 to 1000	Spray when insects appear. It is best not to spray tender plants during hot sunshine.

IMPORTANT: “Black Leaf 40” may be used in combination with Arsenate of Lead, Lime-Sulphur, Bordeaux Mixture, Sulphur, etc., thereby saving time and labor. Ask or write for special descriptive leaflets.

“BLACK LEAF 40” is highly concentrated—permits of large dilutions; hence inexpensive.

Perfectly soluble in water—does not clog the nozzles nor gum the pump.

Used as directed, it does not injure foliage or fruit.

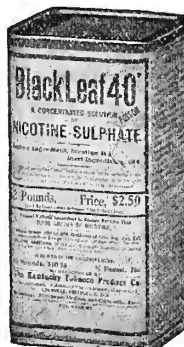
Its strength is guaranteed by the manufacturer.

Complete directions on every package.

“Black Leaf 40” is packed as illustrated at the right. Each package will make the number of gallons of spraying material stated below it; depending upon the various insects to be destroyed. The price of each package is shown at the right.

Protect your plants from Aphis, Thrips, Leaf-Hoppers by using this highly recommended insecticide.

Being a poison this can not go through the mail. Sent only by express.



1 Oz., 25c

1/2 lb., 75c

2 lbs., \$2.50

10 lbs., \$10.75

Makes 6 Gals. Makes 40-150 Gals.

Makes 160-600 Gals

Makes 800-3000 Gals.

ORCHARD BRAND SPRAY PRODUCTS

THESE PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

The materials we carry in stock and recommend for spraying are ORCHARD BRAND spray products.

We have selected this brand because we desire to offer our customers a complete line of highest grade spraying materials.

Orchard Brand Lime Sulphur Solution

A highly concentrated Insecticide and Fungicide—tests 33° Beaume at 60° F.

For dormant period spraying on all fruit trees dilute 1 gallon with 8 or 9 of water.

For growing period spraying on apples dilute 1 gallon with 40 gallons water (do not use on peach and plum trees in growing period). Vaseline applied to hands and face will protect the skin from irritation.

1-gallon can.....	\$1.00
5-gallon can.....	3.50
10-gallon can, each.....	4.50
½ barrel, per gallon.....	.26
Barrel, per gallon.....	.23

Orchard Brand B. T. S.

This is a dry material to be used in the place of Lime Sulphur Solution in both dormant and growing period sprayings (do not use on peach or plum trees in growing period).

Will dissolve readily if suspended in a cheese cloth or muslin bag in the top of a bucket—convenient to handle owing to greatly reduced bulk. For dormant spraying use 4 ounces to a gallon of water (12 to 13 pounds to 50 gallons); for growing period on apples, 1 ounce to 1 gallon water.

1-lb. package, per lb.....	.35
5-lb. package, per lb.....	.30
10-lb. package, per lb.....	.20
25-lb. package, per lb.....	.13
50-lb. package, per lb.....	.12
100-lb. package, per lb.....	.11

Orchard Brand Arsenate of Lead Paste

This is a standard insecticide for insects that eat the foliage of plants. Contains not less than 15% Arsenic Oxide.

For general use 1 oz. to a gallon of water is sufficient. For voracious feeders 2 ozs. may be used.

1-lb. package, per lb.....	.35
5-lb. package, per lb.....	.30
10-lb. package, per lb.....	.25
25-lb. package, per lb.....	.23
50-lb. package, per lb.....	.22
100 lb. package, per lb.....	.29

Orchard Brand Dry Powder Arsenate of Lead

This is a fine flocculent white powder, containing not less than 31% Arsenic Oxide.

It is more convenient to handle than the paste form and may be used for either liquid or dry applications. As it is double the strength of the paste form it is used at half the quantity (½ to ¾ of an oz. to a gallon).

1-lb. package, per lb.....	.65
5-lb. package, per lb.....	.60
10-lb. package, per lb.....	.50
25-lb. package, per lb.....	.45
50-lb. package, per lb.....	.42
100-lb. package, per lb.....	.40

Orchard Brand Arsenate of Zinc Powdered

This is a quick-acting poison to be used on potatoes, tomatoes and similar truck crops.

Owing to its quick-killing properties, adhesiveness and freedom from injurious effects, it is recognized as the best poison for killing potato bugs, asparagus beetle and similar pests.

Should be applied at the rate of 2 lbs. to an acre.

Do not use on fruit trees or grape vines.

1-lb. package, per lb.....	.60
5-lb. package, per lb.....	.55
10-lb. package, per lb.....	.45
25-lb. package, per lb.....	.41
50-lb. package, per lb.....	.38
100-lb. package, per lb.....	.36

Orchard Brand Bordeaux Mixture

This is a general fungicide, containing not less than 14% copper hydroxide (equivalent to 9% metallic copper).

For general use on apples, grapes, potatoes, tomatoes and other truck crops, use 2 to 3 ozs. to a gallon of water (7 to 9 lbs. to 50 gal.).

Do not use on peaches, plums or other stone fruits.

1-lb. package, per lb.....	.30
5-lb. package, per lb.....	.28
10-lb. package, per lb.....	.25
25-lb. package, per lb.....	.24
50-lb. package, per lb.....	.23
100-lb. package, per lb.....	.20

Orchard Brand Bordeaux Lead

This is a combined insecticide and fungicide for general use on apples, grapes, potatoes, tomatoes and similar plants (do not use on peaches and plums).

For general treatment use 2½ to 3½ ozs. per gallon (9 to 10 lbs. to 50 gals.) of water.

1-lb. package, per lb.....	.40
5-lb. package, per lb.....	.35
10-lb. package, per lb.....	.30
25-lb. package, per lb.....	.26
50-lb. package, per lb.....	.22
100-lb. package, per lb.....	.20

Orchard Brand Bordeaux Zinc

This is a combined insecticide and fungicide for use on potatoes, tomatoes and asparagus.

Use at the rate of 10 lbs. per acre.

1-lb. package, per lb.....	.40
5-lb. package, per lb.....	.35
10-lb. package, per lb.....	.32
25-lb. package, per lb.....	.30
50-lb. package, per lb.....	.28
100-lb. package, per lb.....	.25

Orchard Brand Atomic Sulphur

This is the safest and best remedy for scab and brown rot on peaches and plums.

Use 1½ to 1¾ ozs. to a gallon (5 lbs. to 50 gals.) of water.

1-lb. package, per lb.....	.25
5-lb. package, per lb.....	.22
10-lb. package, per lb.....	.18
25-lb. package, per lb.....	.14
50-lb. package, per lb.....	.12
100-lb. package, per lb.....	.10

ALL PRICES QUOTED HEREON SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

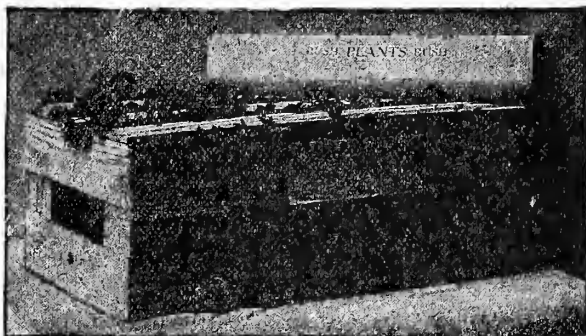
Holmes' Vegetable Plants

PLANTS THAT GROW

PRICES RIGHT

Last year, we had considerable trouble with our plant orders in not getting them to our customers in time, having them grown some distance from the city. This year, however, we have succeeded in securing one of the best plant growers in this section of the country to grow our entire stock of plants of all varieties, we furnishing the stock seed of the very highest quality. The plants will be well packed in ventilated packages to reach you in good growing condition. We prefer to send small orders by parcel post and, for your benefit, must insist that you **give both your express and post office address plainly**. Large orders will be sent by express.

We guarantee these plants to be first-class in every particular when delivered to the express company and should they arrive at destination in bad condition, do not accept them, but notify us immediately and we will send you other plants and take the matter up with the express company. Be sure to give us in a case of this kind, the exact date the plants reached your express or post office. When no variety names are mentioned, we will use our best efforts to send you what we think will give you the best results.



TRANSPLANTED PLANTS

All plants are large, well-hardened plants, ready for the field. Uniform plants of great vitality. No weaklings or misses, but every plant a good one. "Business Plants" for the man who plants for profit.

CABBAGE PLANTS—Ready April 1 to June 1. Early Jersey Wakefield, Charleston Wakefield, Early Summer, Copenhagen Market. Doz. 20 cts., 2 doz. 30 cts., 100 \$1.25, 500 \$4.25, 1,000 \$7.50.

CELERY PLANTS—Ready April 1 to June 1. Golden Self-Bleaching, Snow White and Giant Pascal, Holmes' Emperor. Doz. 15 cts., 2 doz. 25 cts., 100 75 cts., 500 \$3, 1,000 \$5.50.

TOMATO PLANTS—Ready May 1 to June 15. Improved Earliana, New Dwarf Stone, Everbearing, Red Rock,

Ponderosa. Doz. 15 cts., 2 doz. 25 cts., 100 90 cts., 500 \$3.50, 1,000 \$6.

HEAD LETTUCE—Ready March 1 to May 1. Iceberg and Big Boston. Doz. 15 cts., 2 doz. 25 cts., 100 85 cts., 500 \$3.50, 1,000 \$6.50.

SWEET PEPPERS—Ready May 1 to June 20. Holmes' Sweet Prolific, Ruby King and Chinese Giant. Doz. 25 cts., 3 doz. 65 cts., 100 \$1.50, 500 \$6.00.

EARLY CAULIFLOWER—Ready March 15 to June 1. Early Snowball. Doz. 25 cts., 3 doz. 65 cts., 100 \$1.50, 500 \$6.00.

EGG PLANTS—Ready May 10. Black Beauty, New York Improved. Doz. 25 cts., 3 doz. 65 cts., 100 \$1.50, 500 \$6.

POTTED PLANTS

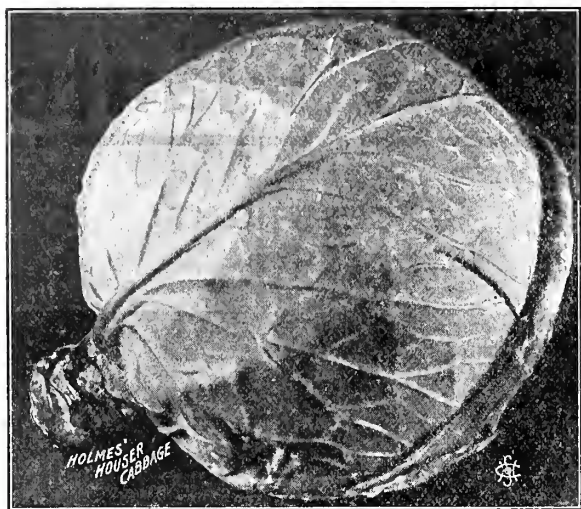
POTTED TOMATOES—Langdon's Earliana, Holmes' Everbearing, Bonny Best, Chalk's Early Jewel, Matchless and Stone. Ready May 1 to July 1. Doz. 50 cts., 2 doz. 85 cts., 100 \$4.

POTTED EGG PLANTS—Black Beauty. Doz. 75 cts., 2 doz. \$1.25, 100 \$6.

I get 50 peach baskets of ripe tomatoes from 100 potted plants.

Potted tomato plants will ripen their crop three weeks earlier than Transplanted plants.

The man who has early ripe tomatoes gets the money for them.



LATE TOMATO PLANTS

Five hundred thousand Stone and Chalks Jewel, 75 cts. per 100, \$5 per 1,000. Ready May 10 to July 10.

FIELD GROWN PLANTS

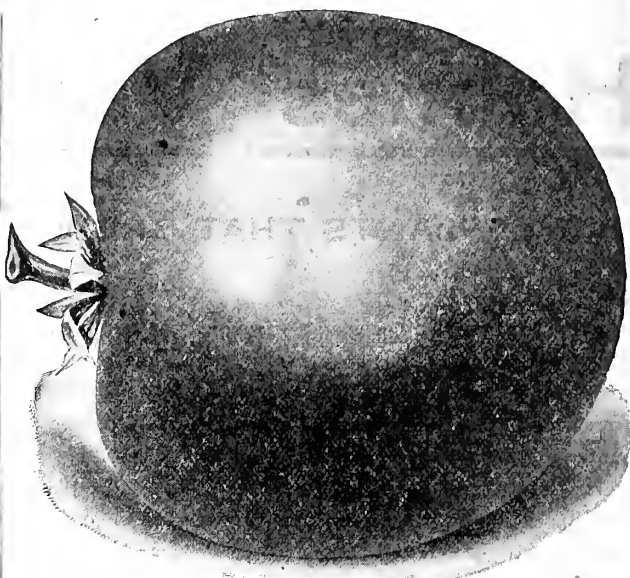
CABBAGE PLANTS—Ready May 20 to September 1. Three million extra stocky Cabbage Plants sown thin in rows, twelve inches apart. Dug with forks (not pulled up), so every plant has mass of roots. Packed in damp moss and shipped carefully.

Can be shipped safely to Texas, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Canada, and all nearer States.

All Head Early, Succession, Copenhagen Market, Henderson's Early Summer, Early Jersey Wakefield, Enkhuizen Glory, Flat Dutch and Surehead. 75 cts. per 100, \$5 per 1,000.

CELERY PLANTS—Ready July 1 to September 1. Two million hardy and extra fine plants, raised by heavy fertilization, in rows 14 inches apart, thinned by hand and kept entirely free of weeds. No plants shipped except good, strong plants. (Satisfaction guaranteed.) 50 cts. per 100, \$3.50 per 1,000.

GOLDEN SELF-BLEACHING (French Grown Seed)—White Plume, Winter Queen, Giant Pascal. 50 cts. per 100, \$3 per 1,000.

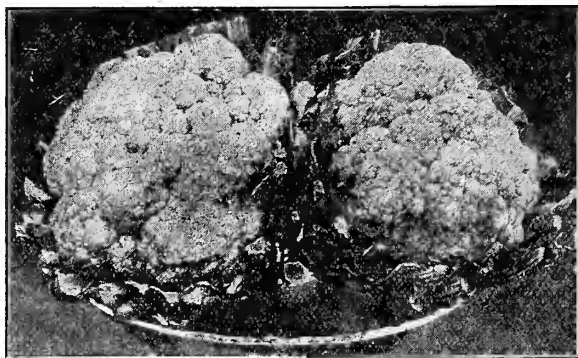


NON-WARRANTY

While we endeavor to have all plants true to name, carefully packed and promptly shipped, we give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or of any other matter, of any of the plants we send out, and will not in any way be responsible for the crop.

All orders accepted subject to plants being unsold.

Every order received will be accepted upon these conditions only, and they must be accepted by the customer when ordering.

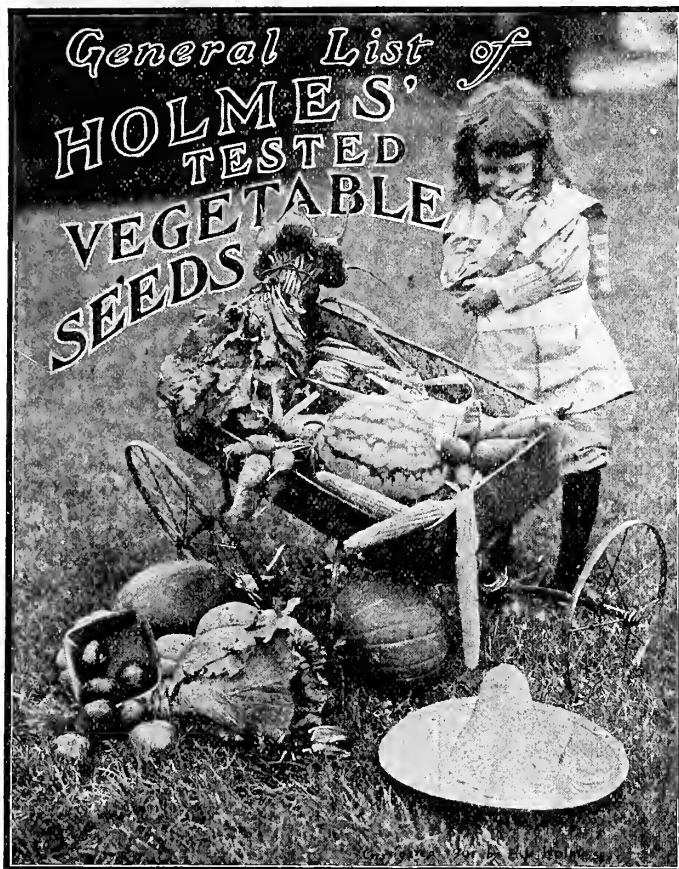


SPECIAL OFFER

Be sure to take advantage of the

"VICTORY" Collection

Illustrated on back cover and full description with illustrations found on pages 10, 12, 19 and 31. Bought as the Victory collection, price 45 cents.



Satisfaction Guaranteed

OR YOUR MONEY BACK

All Seeds or other articles listed in this Catalog are sold with the understanding that should they fail to please, we will refund the price paid or duplicate your order free.

BULK SEED DISCOUNTS

On a \$5 Order, Discount is 10 percent.

On a \$10 Order, Discount is 12½ percent.

On a \$20 Order, Discount is 15 percent.

This discount is allowed on all general orders for Flower and Vegetable Seeds in packets, ounces, quarter-pounds, pounds, pints, quarts, four quarts, pecks and bushels, when the order is for five or more items, BUT IS NOT ALLOWED ON AN ORDER FOR A SINGLE ITEM, NOR ON POTATOES, ONION SETS, BULBS, GRASS SEEDS AND FIELD SEEDS, SUCH AS FIELD CORN, OATS, BARLEY, COW-PEAS, ETC. ON ORDERS OF PACKETS OR OUNCES AMOUNTING TO \$1.00, DEDUCT 20 CENTS FROM EACH ONE DOLLAR SENT.

We call this Catalog "Holmes"

Advance Agent

Since the Parcel Post has been inaugurated, it is now just as easy for the farmer to buy direct from our catalog as to call at our store or have our salesman call on you. "The Tested Seeds" offered by the Holmes Seed Co. are seeds of "Known Vitality and Purity," and are the best soil and cultivation can grow. Forty years' experience enables us to know, and we realize that the farmer and home gardener must have the best that grows.

OWING TO WAR CONDITIONS ALL SEED SHIPPED BY EXPRESS OR FREIGHT ARE SENT THIS WAY AT PURCHASER'S EXPENSE AND ARE SUBJECT TO DELAY.

ARTICHOKE

Artischoke Articiocca
Karczocky

Culture.—May be grown from seed sown in April, or from suckers taken from established plants. The seed can be sown in beds and the plants transplanted to rows 4 feet apart, 18 inches between. Three ounces of seed will sow 100 yards of row.

Large Green Globe.—Grown chiefly for unripe flower heads, delicious.

Pkt., .05; Oz., .25; ¼ Lb., .85

By Mail, Postpaid

ASPARAGUS

Spargel Spargio
Szparagi

Culture.—Sow in March or April, in rows 1 foot apart. When two years old, transplant into permanent beds. Set the plants in rows from 3 to 4 feet apart and 2 feet in the row, and cover gradually during the season to 6 or 8 inches. On approach of winter cover with manure or straw. One ounce will sow 40 feet of drill.

BARR'S MAMMOTH.—Valuable for market; stalks large, tender, light. See illustration.

Pkt., .05; Oz., .10; ¼ Lb., .20; Lb., .75

Columbian Mammoth White.—New Variety; valuable for its whiteness.

Pkt., .05; Oz., .10; ¼ Lb., .25; Lb., .85

Conover's Colossal.—Mammoth, green, of largest size; extra good.

Pkt., .05; Oz., .10; ¼ Lb., .20; Lb., .75

GIANT ARGENTEUIL.—Early, large, good, flavor superb, white.

Pkt., .10; Oz., .15; ¼ Lb., .35; Lb., 1.00

Palmetto.—Thick, dark green shoots, early, uniform, disease-resisting.

Pkt., .05; Oz., .10; ¼ Lb., .25; Lb., .85

By Mail, Postpaid

ASPARAGUS ROOTS

Two years old; 2,500 roots are required to plant an acre.

Barr's Mammoth, and Columbian Mammoth White.

Per 100, 1.00; per 500, 3.00; per 1,000, 5.50

Conover's Colossal.—Old and well-known variety.

Per 100, .75; per 500, 2.75; per 1,000, 5.00

Giant Argenteuil.—Extra good, large.

Per 100, 1.25; per 500, 3.50; per 1,000, 6.50

Palmetto, or Eclipse.—Early, prolific.

Per 100, 1.25; per 500, 3.00; per 1,000, 5.50

By Express or Freight, Net Prepaid

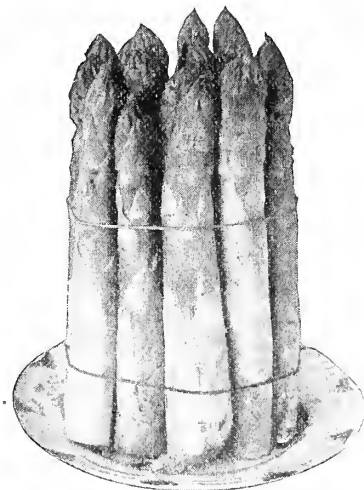
BROCCOLI

One ounce will sow a bed 40 feet square

Culture.—Same as cauliflower.

Early Purple Cape.—Heads of medium size, close, compact, brownish purple. Best suited to our climate, and of excellent flavor.

Pkt., .05; Oz., .35; ¼ Lb., 1.00; Lb., 3.75



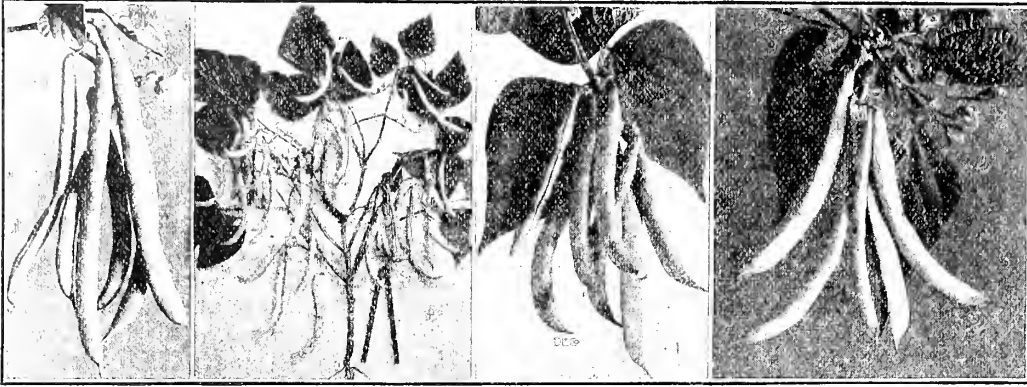
Barr's Mammoth Asparagus

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

Culture.—The seed should be sown in April or May, and the plants cultivated like cabbage. The heads are improved by frost. An ounce of seed will produce 2,000 plants.

Paris Market.—Dwarf, with small, solid, tender heads, growing close along the stem.

Pkt., .05; Oz., .20; Lb. ¼, .50; Lb., 1.50

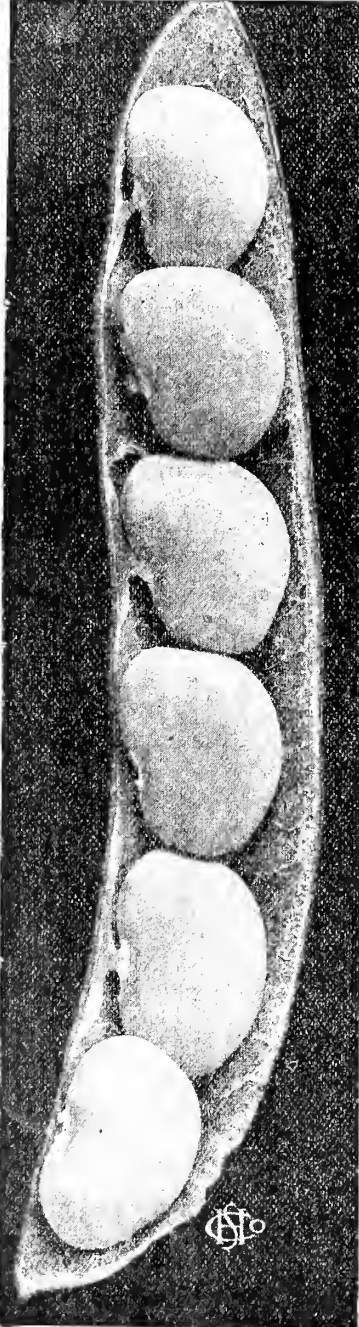


Bountiful or Sure Crop Wax Beans

Giant Stringless Valentine

B.'s Stringless Green Pod

Wardwell's Kidney Wax



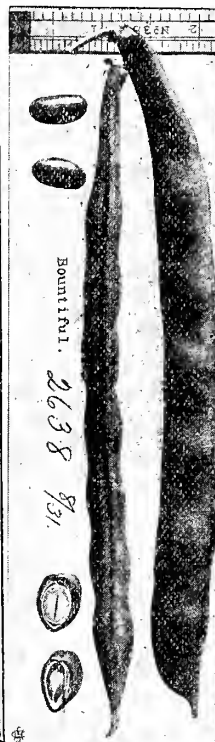
Holmes' Green Prolific Pole Lima



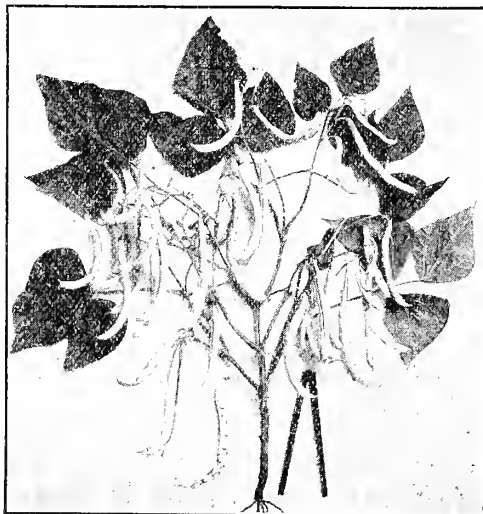
Old Homestead



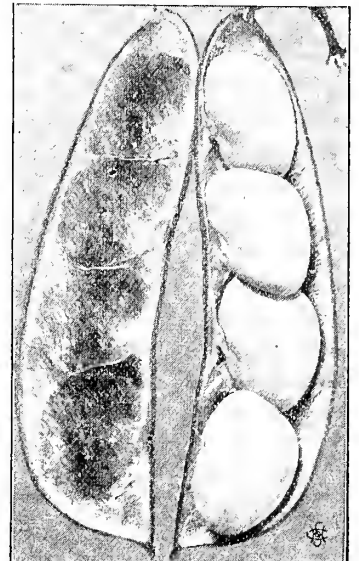
Black Valentine



Round Pod Kidney Wax



Pencil-Pod Black Wax Beans



Fordhook Bush Lima

BEANS

Bohnen Fasola Fagioli

**These prices are subject to
change without notice**

Culture.—About the first of May sow in rows 2 inches deep and 18 inches to 2 feet apart; beans 3 inches apart. Sow every two weeks for a succession until September. One quart to 100 feet of drill. One and a half bushels per acre. **We put up liberal-sized packets at 10 cts., postpaid.**

SPECIALTY**GIANT GREEN-POD STRINGLESS
VALENTINE BEAN**

An Extra-Early, Green-Podded Bush Bean of fine quality.
Remarkably early; exceedingly prolific. Ready
for market in 45 days

One of the best green-podded Beans in the entire list, either for the home garden or for market. It is very early, exceedingly prolific, with pods fully one-third longer than the old standard Red Valentine. The pods are round and handsome and without any string.

SPECIALTY**BOUNTIFUL BUSH**

The first in the spring; last until fall; absolutely stringless

This is a flat-podded green Bean; enormously prolific and continuous bearer; early and late; absolutely stringless; very tender and excellent flavor.

SPECIALTY**STRINGLESS GREEN-POD**

Absolutely stringless, of fine flavor; the earliest green-podded Bean. Without any exception it surpasses all others in crispness and tenderness. The pods are absolutely stringless and ready to market two weeks earlier than the best stock of other early Red Valentines.

BLACK VALENTINE

Very popular in the South for shipping to market, being a very vigorous strong grower, making a long, handsome Bean, very meaty and one of the best and most prolific market sorts. See illustration.

Price of the above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.40	.75 postpaid.	25.00

DWARF GREEN-PODDED SNAP-SHORT BEANS

Best of All. Round; long glossy green; fleshy pods.

DWARF HORTICULTURAL.—An excellent green-podded sort.

Early China Red Eye.—Very early; old standard sort.

Early Mohawk.—Very early and hardy; long, flat, straight pods.

Large White Marrowfat.—For winter use.

LONGFELLOW.—Perfectly round; early; prolific; pods solid, fleshy.

Long Yellow Six Weeks.—Early, with full, flat green pods.

Low's Champion Bush.—Exceedingly fine; prolific.

NEW HODSON GREEN-POD.—Long, straight, round, green pods.

Red Kidney.

REFUGEE, or 1,000-to-1.—Late; hardy; very productive.

Refugee Extra Early.—Very prolific; exceptionally free from strings.

Round Yellow Six Weeks.—Very prolific; semi-round pods.

TENNESSEE GREEN-POD.—Excellent shipper; medium to late; flat pods.

White Kidney.—Medium-sized pods; coarse; dark green; late.

White Navy.—Sure cropper; prolific; good quality; early.

Price of the above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.35	.65 postpaid.	25.00

SPECIALTY**NEW ROUND-POD KIDNEY OR BRITTLE
WAX BEAN**

The Meatiest, Crispest, Most Brittle and Entirely Stringless Bean Grown

Our customers have frequently asked for a round-podded Wax Bean, possessing the excellent market and shipping qualities of the popular Wardwell's Kidney Wax, and this is the first Bean we have ever discovered that will fill the bill. The plant grows tall, strong and sturdy, with long, round, handsome, stringless pods of large size, very solid and full of meat; crisp, brittle and free from rust; wonderfully early and productive. See illustration.

SPECIALTY**SURE-CROP STRINGLESS OR BOUN-
TIFUL WAX**

A dwarf-growing variety; strong, vigorous vines producing early, rich yellow pods of extra size, measuring 7 to 7½ inches long, more than ½ inch wide, nearly ½ inch thick, and of excellent quality. But this is not all. It is one of the most prolific Bush Beans known to the trade, and its bountiful crop of splendid Beans sells at sight. See illustration.

Price of the above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.50	.85 postpaid.	30.00

DWARF WAX-PODDED SNAP-SHORT

Golden Wax.—The well-known old sort; popular for market.

IMPROVED RUSTPROOF GOLDEN WAX.—A greatly improved strain; more prolific and superior to the old Golden Wax.

Keeney's Improved Stringless Refugee Wax.—(New.) Decided improvement on old Refugee Wax; best for canning.

New Prolific German, or Cylinder Wax.—Very early and prolific; pods round, full and stringless.

Perfection Wax.—Large, handsome pods, very showy.

WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX.—Very robust and hardy, one of the very best, large-podded varieties.

Saddleback Wax.—Entirely stringless, of fine quality.

Valentine Wax.—A perfect Valentine Bean with a wax pod; valuable for both market gardeners and private planter.

David Wax.—Most hardy and productive wax bean in cultivation; pods long, straight and handsome.

Pencil Pod Black Wax.—Hardier and more prolific than the old German Wax. Pods long, pencil-like, tender and brittle.

Currie's Rustproof Wax.—Positively proof against rust and possesses most excellent quality.

Hodson Wax.—Sturdy grower; productive; a market Bean.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.50	.75 postpaid.	32.00

POLE LIMA BEANS

HOLMES' GREEN PROLIFIC POLE LIMA.—Grows green, keeps green, and the only Lima Bean that is absolutely green when dried. Equals Early Jersey for earliness and is more productive than any other Pole Lima we have ever seen. See illustration.

CARPINTERIA LIMA.—Beans largest size and much thicker than old type. Extra-fine quality.

DREER'S IMPROVED LIMA.—A thick, almost round Bean; fine quality.

Extra-Early Jersey Lima.—Much earlier than Large White Lima.

King of the Garden Lima.—Very prolific and heavy bearer.

Large White Lima.—The old favorite.

Small White, or Carolina Sieva.—A small seedling variety.

TRUCKER'S DELIGHT EXTRA-EARLY LIMA.—The green shelled Beans are of immense size, tender and succulent.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.35	.65 postpaid.	30.00

WAX-PODDED POLE, or RUNNING

Culture.—After settled warm weather, set 4 to 8-foot poles in rows 4 feet apart, the poles being 3 feet apart in the row. Around each hill plant five to eight Beans 2 inches deep; thin to four plants. One quart to 150 hills; 12 to 15 quarts to acre.

EARLY GOLDEN CLUSTER WAX.—Early; thick, flat pods; prolific.

Golden Butter Wax.—An excellent sort.

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX.—New. Fleshy and quite as stringless as snaps; golden-yellow.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.50	.85 postpaid.	30.00

GREEN-PODDED POLE, or RUNNING

Golden Carmine-Podded Horticultural.—Early; stringless.

Lazycultural, or Wren's Egg.—Best for corn Beans.

HATY WIFE.—Pods dark green; fleshy; entirely stringless; rich flavor.

OLD HOMESTEAD (Kentucky Wonder).—Crisp, early and prolific.

Southern Prolific.—Continuous bearer.

WHITE CREASEBACK POLE.—Earliest snap-shorts; very productive; entirely stringless.

White Dutch Case-Knife.—Flat pods.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.40	.75 postpaid.	30.00

SPECIALTY**DWARF BUSH LIMA BEANS****FORDHOOK BUSH LIMA**

Fordhook Bush Lima has an ideal bush growth and bears tremendous crops. The Beans are ready for use fully three weeks earlier than any other of the Pole Lima varieties. The plump, well-filled pods are twice as large as those of the Dreer's Bush, while the Beans are also twice the size, pods measuring 4 to 5 inches, containing four to five large Beans. See illustration.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.50	.85 postpaid.	30.00

SPECIALTY**BURPEE'S IMPROVED BUSH.**—Enormous pods, borne abundantly; well-filled and very early.

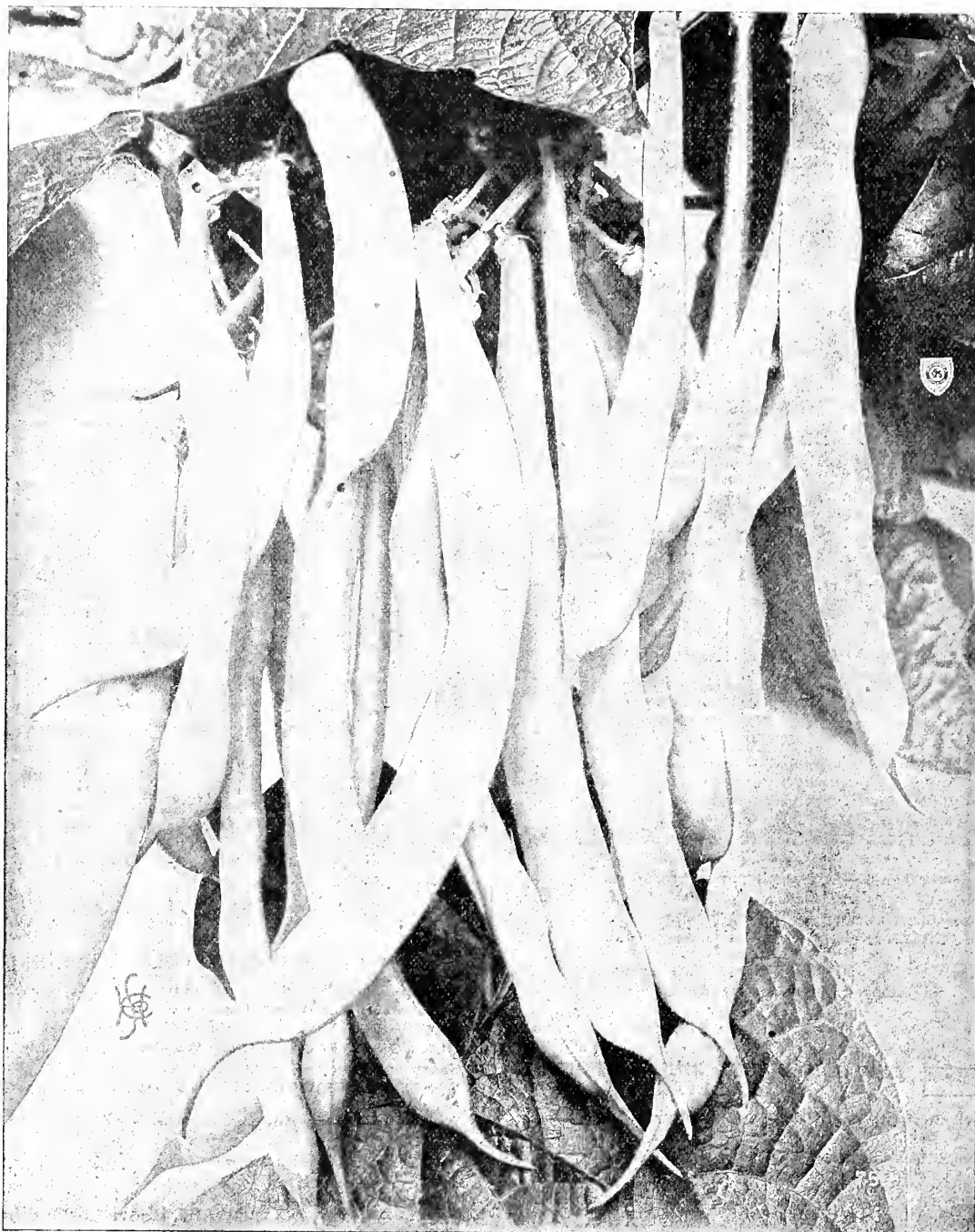
These are the largest pods of any of the Bush Lima Beans; vigorous bush with heavy foliage; plants uniformly upright. Pods 5 to 6 by 1½ inches.

BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA.—Bushes 18 to 20 inches; immense yielder.

Dreer's Bush Lima.—Bush form of pole sort of same name.

Henderson's Bush Lima.—True bush variety, 18 to 20 inches high; early.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.40	.75 postpaid.	30.00



NOVELTY

BEANS, "VICTORY"

THESE WILL HELP UNCLE SAM WIN THE WAR

Beans have formed a staple of army diet for many years, because of their extremely high nutritive value which has demonstrated their great worth over a period of many years. They are not only delicious as a table vegetable, but they are also of high food value. We have named this wax bean "VICTORY" owing to its wonderful prolificness. The VICTORY is a dwarf growing variety, with strong vigorous vines about eighteen inches in height, producing early large yellow pods of extra size, measuring 7 to 7½ inches long and more than ½ inch wide, and being of the semiround type, give more meat than any other bean we know of. It is absolutely stringless and of excellent quality, but this is not all. The VICTORY is one of the most prolific bush beans we have ever seen, and their bountiful crop of splendid rustproof beans sell at sight. They can

be picked rapidly, as they hang in great clusters. The illustration above, which is ⅔ natural size, gives a fair representation of this wonderful bean. Our many customers will not be disappointed in this, as well as the three other VICTORY novelties which we bring out this year.

Price of the above. . . Pkt.	½ Lb.	Lb.	2 Lbs.
.15	.35	.60	1.09 postpaid by mail

By freight or express at purchaser's expense:

25 lbs. at 40 cts. per lb.
50 lbs. at 35 cts. per lb.
100 lbs. at 30 cts. per lb.

SPECIAL OFFER

A full description illustrated will be found in this catalog under Peas, Beets and Corn. This Entire Victory Collection, bought separately at retail, would cost you 60 cts., but we have decided to make price 45 cts. on the four novelties, if purchased at one time under the name of "Victory Collection."

HOLMES' GREEN PROLIFIC POLE LIMA BEAN

GROWS GREEN, KEEPS GREEN AND DRIES GREEN. THE ONLY LIMA BEAN THAT IS ABSOLUTELY GREEN WHEN DRIED

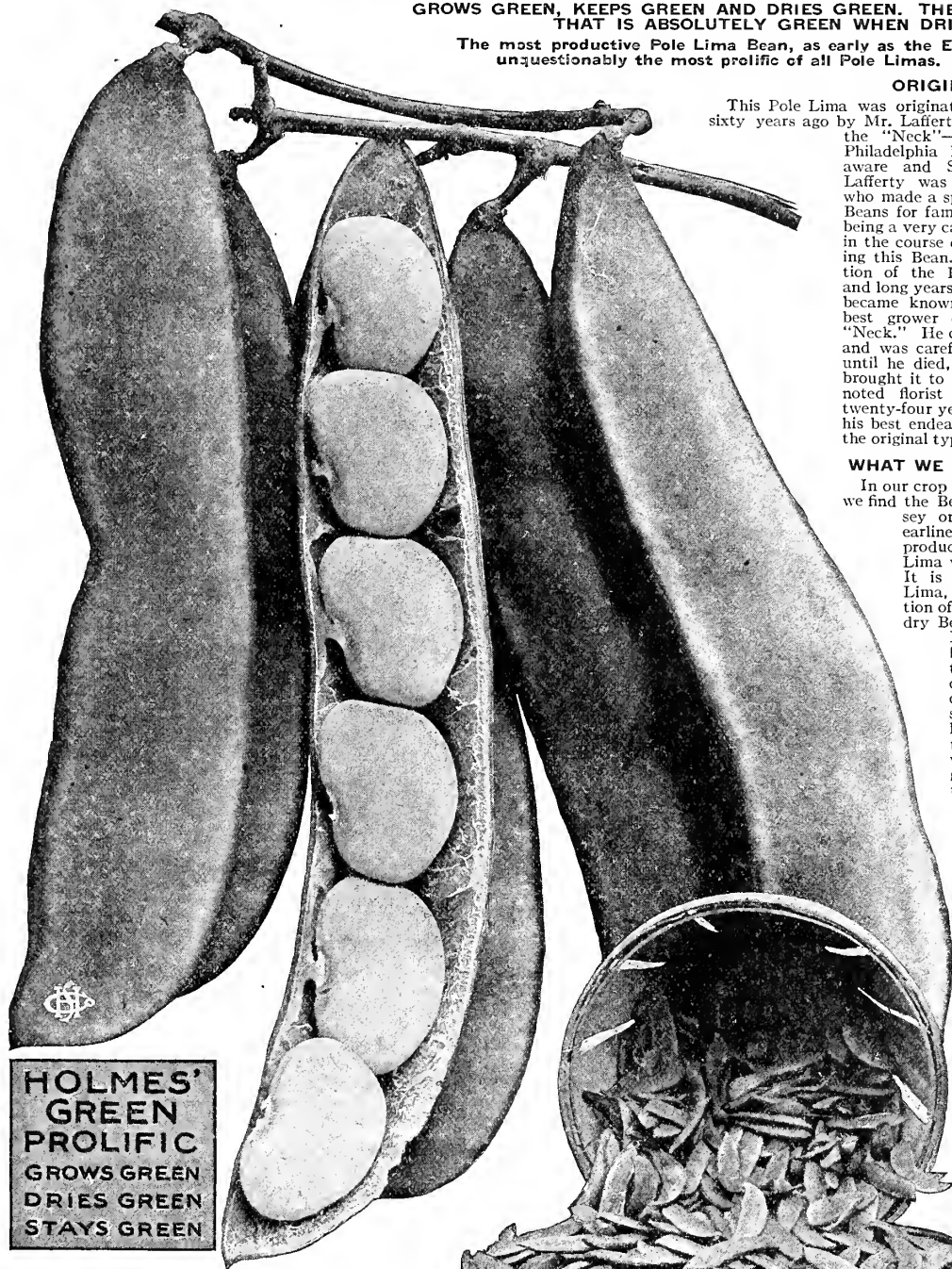
The most productive Pole Lima Bean, as early as the Early Jersey and unquestionably the most prolific of all Pole Limas. See below.

ORIGIN

This Pole Lima was originated in Philadelphia over sixty years ago by Mr. Lafferty, a market gardener, in the "Neck"—that portion of South Philadelphia lying between the Delaware and Schuylkill Rivers. Mr. Lafferty was a gardener of renown who made a specialty of growing Lima Beans for family and hotel trade, and being a very careful gardener succeeded in the course of his lifetime in producing this Bean. Through careful selection of the Beans, close observation and long years of application, he finally became known in his locality as the best grower of Lima Beans in the "Neck." He cherished this Lima Bean and was careful to keep it to himself until he died, when his son, Godfrey, brought it to Mr. Wm. K. Harris, the noted florist in Philadelphia, about twenty-four years ago, and he has used his best endeavors to keep it as true as the original type.

WHAT WE FOUND OUT—PODS

In our crop which we grew this year, we find the Bean equals the Early Jersey or any other variety for earliness, and is by far more productive than any other Pole Lima we have ever seen grow. It is not like the Mastodon Lima, which retains only a portion of the green coloring in the dry Bean, but each and every Bean of **Holmes' Green Prolific Pole** has that true, distinct, deep green color which insures the color when the Beans are shelled for market. The large pods hang in clusters of from five to eight, which makes them easy to gather, each having five to six Beans in a pod.



**HOLMES'
GREEN
PROLIFIC**
GROWS GREEN
DRIES GREEN
STAYS GREEN

Pole Lima Beans

Holmes' Green Prolific
Pole Lima

Grows green, keeps green, and the only Lima Bean that is absolutely green when dried. Equals Early Jersey for earliness and is more productive than any other Pole Lima we have ever seen. **By mail, postpaid. Pkt., 15 cts.; 1 lb., 50 cts.; 2 lbs., 85 cts.; 10 lbs., at 40 cts. By express or freight, 100 lbs. at 35 cts. per lb.**



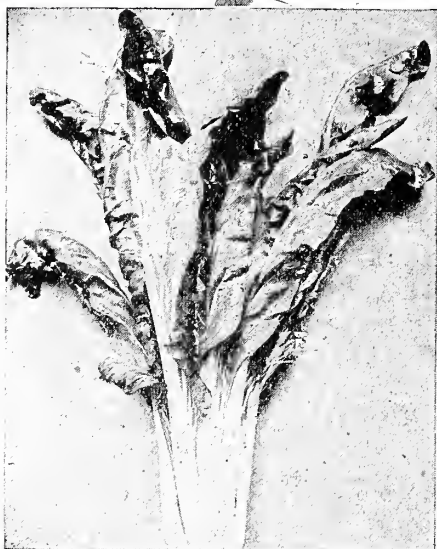
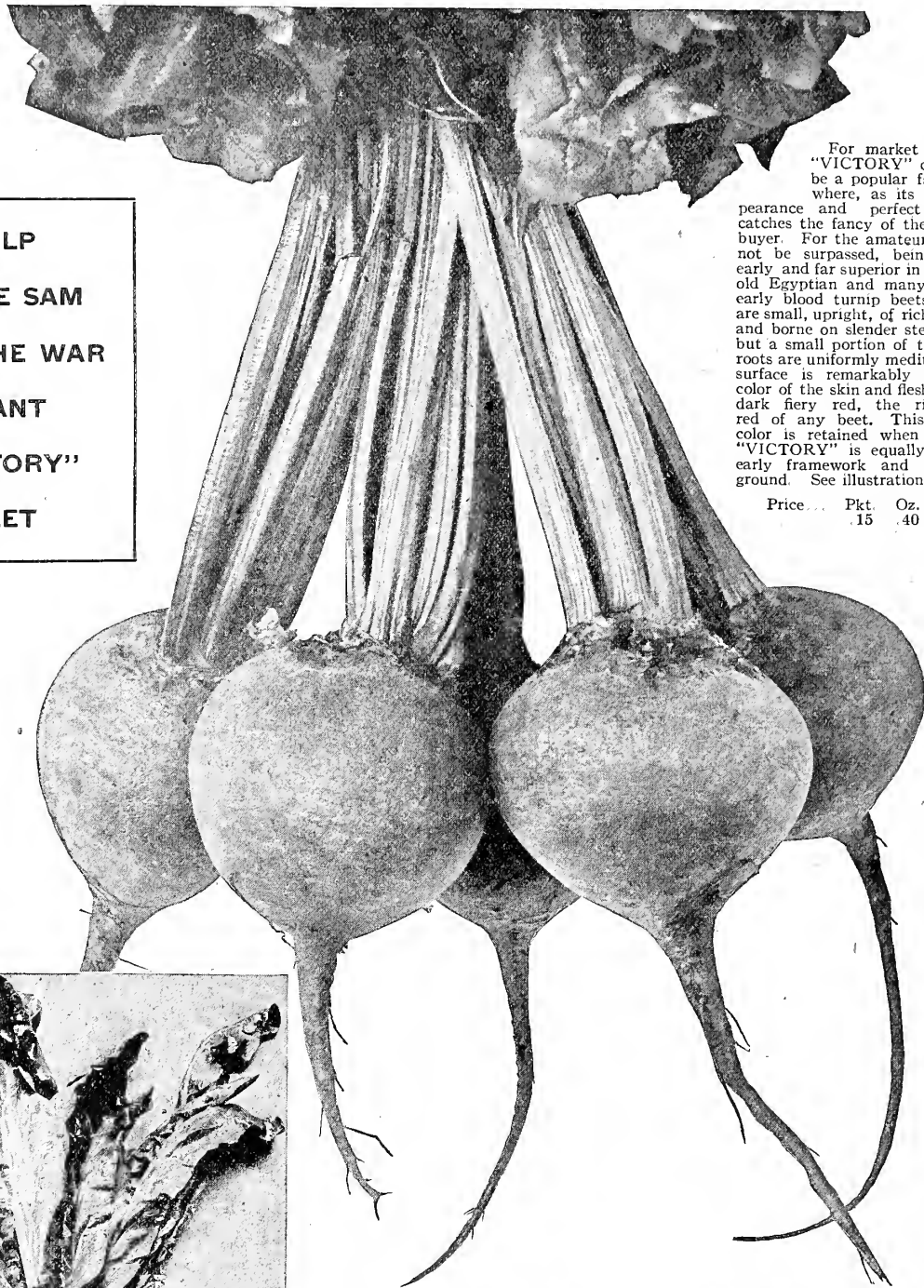
"VICTORY" BEET

A DEEP BLOOD TURNIP BEET, WORTHY OF THE NAME—A VERY EARLY MATURING BEET, THE FINEST SHAPED IN THE WORLD, OF THE DEEPEST BLOOD RED COLOR, FREE FROM ALL WOODINESS AND OF DELICIOUS FLAVOR

HELP
UNCLE SAM
WIN THE WAR
PLANT
"VICTORY"
BEET

For market purposes, the "VICTORY" can not fail to be a popular favorite everywhere, as its attractive appearance and perfect globe shape catches the fancy of the most critical buyer. For the amateur, this beet can not be surpassed, being exceedingly early and far superior in quality to the old Egyptian and many of the other early blood turnip beets. The leaves are small, upright, of rich purple color, and borne on slender stems, occupying but a small portion of the bulb. The roots are uniformly medium sized. The surface is remarkably smooth. The color of the skin and flesh is a brilliant, dark fiery red, the richest darkest red of any beet. This intensity of color is retained when cooked. The "VICTORY" is equally valuable for early framework and for the open ground. See illustration.

Price	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.15	.40	1.25	4.00



SWISS CHARD OR SPINACH BEET

Swiss Chard is unique in that it is a two-purpose vegetable. The outside leaves are used as "boiling greens" and are most excellent for this purpose. The large white stalks (see illustration below) are used like asparagus; they are boiled and served in melted butter and are fully as delicious and even more tender than asparagus. If covered with a good mulch of straw, it will come up again early in the spring. May be sown until the first or even to the tenth of July, if small leaves are used.

GIANT LUCULLUS.—The plants grow to a height or two to two and one-half feet. The stalks are as thick and broad as those of rhubarb, being one and one-half inches broad, heavily ribbed, and from ten to twelve inches long below the leaf. The extra-large leaves of thick texture are heavily crimped or "savoyed" and of fine flavor.

Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
.15	.40	1.25	4.00

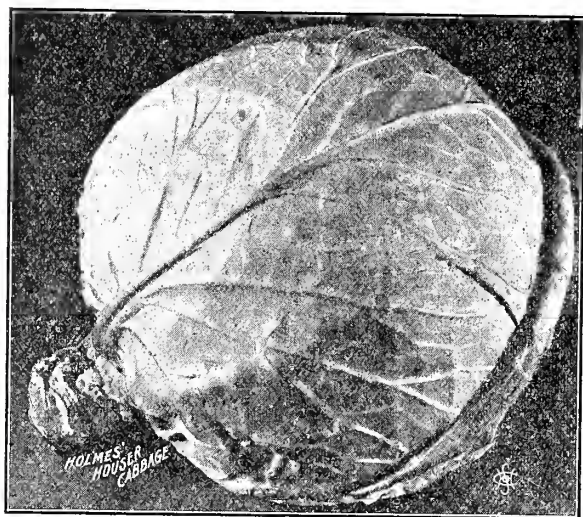
SPECIALTY



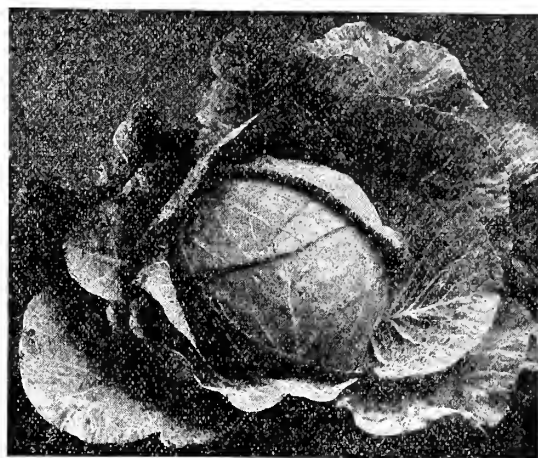
Holmes' Early



Copenhagen Market Cabbage. The Best Early Cabbage from Denmark



Holmes-Houser Cabbage. Very Late



Holmes' Perfected Late Flat Dutch



PE-TSAI—From a Photograph

Pe-Tsai, Chinese or "Celery" Cabbage

The new vegetable known as Chinese celery cabbage was unknown in this country, except among the Chinese of the Pacific coast, but it is now being grown in every state in the Union by those who are ready to grow something new and try it in every possible way to determine the good qualities. The culture is the same as for Winter Cabbage.

Is not found practical to grow it in the early summer, as it inclines to go to seed without heading. The seed should be sown in July to September, half inch deep in the row, and rows about 24 inches apart. When the plant has grown up 5 or 6 inches in height thin to 10 inches apart, keeping the best and pulling up the others. Cultivate well, and when large enough should be blanched by earthing up and tying closely with burlap. Any good soil is sufficient, a most excellent vegetable can be grown. Develops quickly, and as the weather gets cooler, it heads up nicely, producing nice, crisp, celery-like stalks, closely headed in, until it forms quite a compact mass. It can be eaten raw, made into salads, or cooked as cabbage or greens. Does not require long to cook thoroughly. Is rapidly finding a place in the markets, and people are using it as rapidly as it is brought to them. Will be found an excellent addition to late summer and autumn vegetables.

Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, 1 lb. \$4.00 postpaid.

CABBAGEPURE AMERICAN-GROWN
TESTED SEED

Kopfkohl

Cavolo cappuccio

Kopusta

For years we have given the selection of Cabbage seed particular attention. We have selected only such varieties as are certain to be of great value to all growers. Our seed is from stocks carefully selected and tested on Long Island.

Culture.—Sow in hotbeds in February, or still better, from September 10 to 20 and winter the plants over in a coldframe. Transplant March 15 to April 15 about 20 inches apart, in rows 2 feet apart. For second-early crop, sow seeds of early kinds early in April and plant out in May. For a late crop, sow early in May and plant out in July; the plants 2 feet apart in rows 3 feet apart. One ounce will produce 1,500 to 2,000 plants.

SPECIALTY**HOLMES' EARLY.**—The Largest Early Round-Headed Cabbage. Five years ago, as "No. 138," we sent out samples of this new Cabbage. Before

listing it, we desired to get the sentiment of practical growers, and test it out in every particular as to solidity, season, growth, ability to withstand dry weather and hot sun, to do well in all soils in all parts of the country. It has been all we hoped it would be; in fact, from our own tests, and from reports received, it has far exceeded expectations. This new Cabbage combines two good qualities—large size and very early season. The heads are large, globe-shaped, solid, finely ribbed. Resists blight and drought.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.20	1.25		

DANISH BALLHEAD, or HOLLANDER.—This Cabbage has few equals for winter use. It is highly prized in Denmark, and is grown there almost exclusively for winter Cabbage. The heads are round, 8 to 10 inches in diameter, and very solid, with few outer leaves. The quality is second to none.

DANISH ROUNDHEAD.—An earlier, shorter stemmed type of the Danish Ballhead. Danish Roundhead, with less outer foliage, is better able to resist blight, being, in most sections, as vigorous in growth as the best American types. The heads average larger and mature nearly two weeks earlier. The heads are unusually solid, and beautifully white when trimmed. They are splendid keepers.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.20	1.25		

DANISH RED STONEHEAD.—Vigorous, hardy, sure-heading, large and heavy, and, as it has a neat habit, requires small space and can be planted close together. The heads are solid, well shaped, and of a dark red clear through.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.20	1.25		

SPECIALTY**THE HOLMES-HOUSER, or "H-H" CABBAGE**

Noted for its Fine Grain, Smallness of Heart and Keeping Qualities

MARKET GARDENERS' IDEAL. A CABBAGE WHICH HAS WEIGHT AND SIZE

Introduced by Holmes Seed Co. thirteen years ago and has grown into popular favor. No other late variety can approach it in quality, size, productiveness, smallness of heart and good keeping qualities. Our original stock produced heads exactly like the illustration, and it is remarkable what enormous crops are produced from this variety. To keep the seed pure and selection perfect, we entered into a contract several years ago with Mr. Houser to supply us with one pound of seed of his own selection at a cost of \$50. This seed is then sent to Long Island to one of the best cabbage growers, where it undergoes a second selection. Our agreement with the grower is that we take the entire crop, and not a single ounce of this seed is to go to any other seedsmen. Consequently, the pure and genuine stock can only be had direct from us, or from some of our regular wholesale dealers to whom we sell the seed.

To protect the public this year from unscrupulous dealers who claim to have the originator's stock, we will sell this seed only in sealed packages. Look for the seal on every package, and make your dealer show you our seal with our name on it.

A WARNING.—It is absolutely necessary to plant out the Holmes-Houser Cabbage two weeks earlier than any other late sort, as it requires this much longer to mature than the flat Dutch types or any other late variety.

NOTE.—The crop of Cabbage this year was very short, owing to the climatic conditions. We would warn you against seed offered as Holmes-Houser by many unscrupulous dealers.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
		Crop failed		

SPECIALTY**COPENHAGEN MARKET**

Offered for the First Time in 1911. It Proved to be the Best Early Cabbage from Denmark. Remember, as Early as the Charleston Wakefield

A valuable new, early Cabbage, producing round, hard heads very early in the season. As early as the Charleston Wakefield. It is the most popular early Cabbage in the markets of Copenhagen. Market gardeners here who tried it for the first time last season are simply crazy about it on account of its extreme earliness and solid, 10-pound heads, with a small core and always of excellent quality. The plants are short-stemmed, producing heads almost on the ground. The light green leaves are medium

in size, saucer shaped, and are always tightly folded; the plants may therefore be set closer than most other early varieties. It is a vigorous grower and yielder, as are all Cabbages from Denmark, and an excellent keeper. Our stock of Copenhagen Market comes to us direct from the originator. By mail postpaid.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.20	1.25		

EXTRA-EARLY VARIETIES

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD.—This famous Cabbage still retains its lead. The heads of pyramidal shape, with blunt peaks, and are remarkably solid. The outside leaves are small, though of great substance, enabling the plants to stand severe weather. Our seed is from highly bred, selected stock and is unequalled.

EARLY CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD.—This is the largest Early Cabbage, which we bred from the Early "Jersey" Wakefield, to meet a demand for a larger heading sort. It possesses all the valuable characteristics of the parent, with the advantage of the heads being 50 percent larger, though a few days later. Our strain of seed is very superior.

Prices of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.10	.85		

Extra Early Express.—Earliest of French Cabbage; small, pointed head.

Early York.—Very early, producing small, oval-shaped heads.

Early Winingstadt.—An old, popular, medium early variety, with large, pyramidal heads of excellent quality; good to succeed the extra earlies.

ALLHEAD EARLY.—A flat head, coming in with Early Summer; much larger.

Early Flat Dutch.—We offer a remarkably fine strain; a sure header, the head weighing from ten to twelve pounds; most valuable for forcing or for general crop.

Prices of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.10	.85		

SECOND-EARLY, or SUMMER VARIETIES

Early Summer.—This peerless variety; it makes a large, solid, round flat head, coming about ten days later than Wakefield.

Succession, Henderson's. Universally conceded to be the grandest Cabbage in existence for either summer or winter use; heads hard and uniform, ten to twelve pounds in weight; quality extra fine and a good keeper.

ALL SEASONS (VANDERGAW).—One of the finest; growing to a large size quickly. Will stand hot sun and dry weather.

Fottler's Improved Flat Brunswick.—Large, solid heads; fine for early or late. Considered by many gardeners as second to none of the second-early varieties.

LIMITED MAIL.—A superb second early variety. Produces hard, pointed heads of good size. Often sold as Lightning, Express and several other fancy names.

Stein Early Flat Dutch.—An excellent variety for winter use and valuable for market-gardening.

Prices of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.10	.85		

LATE, or WINTER VARIETIES

Autumn King, Henderson's.—The acknowledged "King" of all Winter Cabbages, excepting only Holmes-Houser, producing enormous solid heads, weighing 25 to 30 pounds; interior crisp, fine-grained, white; splendid keeper.

HOLMES' PERFECTION LATE FLAT DUTCH.—Our improved highly bred strain of this old favorite Winter Cabbage will be found very superior.

Short-Stem Drumhead.—Selected strain; ripens early.

Red Dutch.—For pickling.

Surehead.—Fine large solid heads, with few outside leaves.

SAFE CROP.—(Same as Houseman's Late Flat Dutch.) A good strain.

Perfection Drumhead Savoy.—The largest heading Savoy; a general favorite for both home use and marketing.

Prices of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.10	.85		

PRICES ON LARGER QUANTITIES QUOTED BY MAIL

CELERIAC**TURNIP-ROOTED
CELERY****Knoll-Sellerie****Sedano-rapa****Brukiana**

Large, turnip-like roots which keep well for winter use. Fine cooked, for flavoring soup or sliced and used as a salad.

Large Smooth Prague.—Almost round, uniform, smooth-skinned; free from side roots.

Price of the above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	
	.10	.30	1.00	by mail, postpaid

CHICORY**Cichorienwurz**
Cicoria selvatica Cukorya

Large-Rooted or Coffee.—Largely used as an adulterant or substitute for coffee.

Price of the above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.15	.35	1.00 by mail, postpaid

COLLARDS

Georgia.—A substitute for cabbage, grown in the South. Leaves, when cooked, are tender and delicate.

Price of the above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.15	.35	1.00 by mail, postpaid

CORN SALAD**Feldsalat**
Valeriana

Large-Leaved Feticus, or Lamb Lettuce.—For late fall, winter and spring. Used as a substitute for lettuce.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.10	.25	.75 by mail, postpaid

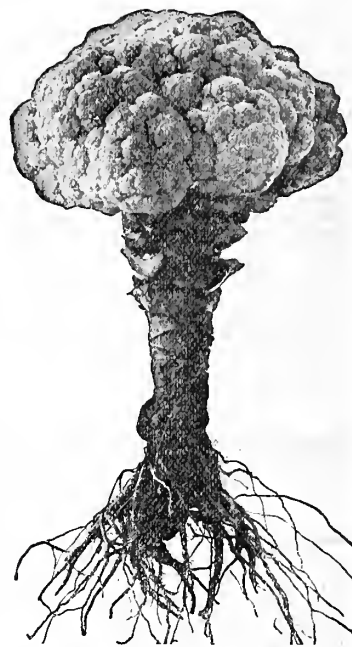
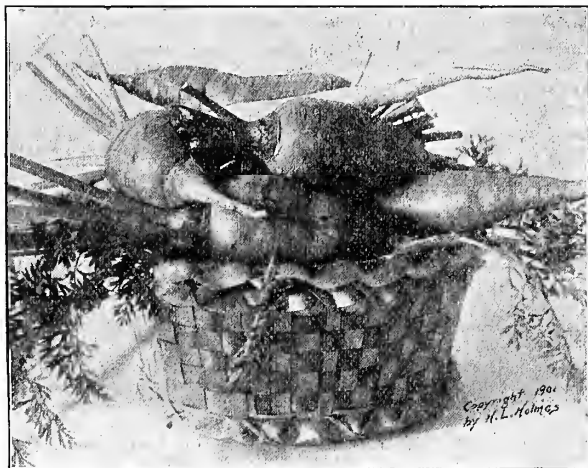
CRESS**Gartenkresse**
Rzerzucha Agretto

Fine Curled (Pepper Grass).—Quick-growing, crisp, pungent, refreshing.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.10	.20	.50 by mail, postpaid

Water Cress.—Seed may be started in pans or boxes of very moist earth, and the young plants transplanted to shallow water along banks of ponds or running streams.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.10	.40	1.25	3.50 by mail, postpaid

**Holmes' Dry Weather****CARROTS****Mohren**
Caroto
Marchew

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drills; three pounds an acre

Culture.—A good, light, well-enriched sandy loam is the best for this crop. Market gardeners sow in drills about 18 inches apart, and cultivate by hand. For field culture, sow in drills from 3 to 5 feet apart, so as to cultivate by horse. For early crops, over ½ inch deep, thin to 6 inches apart. For late, cover ¾ of an inch.

Please remember to deduct 10 cents per pound from these prices if ordered by express or freight at purchaser's expense

PRICES, DELIVERED FREE IN THE UNITED STATES, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED

Early Half-Long Scarlet.—A distinct, slender, cylindrical variety, with few and small leaves; skin glossy and smooth; flesh red and without core; extra fine. Fine for forcing and frame.

CHANTENAY HALF-LONG SCARLET.—A stump-rooted variety of handsome shape, medium early, very productive and of fine quality.

DANVERS HALF-LONG.—A handsome, smooth, cylindrical stump-rooted variety of rich, dark orange color; flesh of close texture, good quality, with but little core.

Early French Forcing.—The earliest, and largely grown for forcing. Small, almost globular; roots orange-red in color.

Early Scarlet Horn.—A popular early variety, 3 to 4 inches long and blunt-rooted; it is a favorite for bunching for market and is sometimes forced. A fine table Carrot, and when pulled young is excellent for soup.

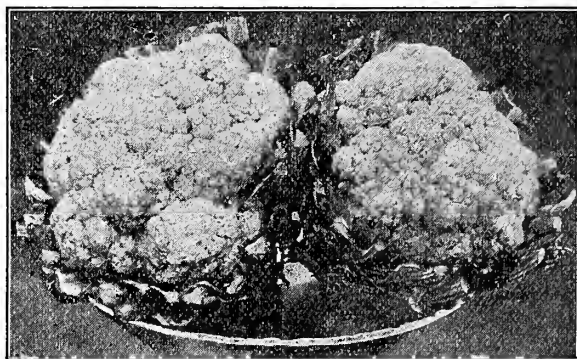
Long Red Altringham.—A shapely stump-rooted variety of medium size and the best for private gardens, for summer use; medium early.

Long Orange Improved.—An improved strain of this popular variety for either garden or field culture, roots averaging 12 inches in length and 3 inches in diameter at the top; an enormous yield and a good keeper.

OXHEART, OR GUERANDE.—Very distinct and desirable Carrot. Smooth, handsome, very thick and blunt-rooted; about 6 inches long, rapid grower and of fine quality; color orange-red; good all-season Carrot.

White and Yellow Belgian.—Used principally for stock.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.20	.70	2 00

**Holmes' Improved Early Snowball Cauliflower****CAULIFLOWER****Blumenkohl**
Cavolfiore
Kalafiori

Culture.—For spring and early summer crop sow in March or early in April in hotbed; transplant to coldframe when sufficiently large, and to open ground as soon as danger of frost is over. For late crop sow at the same time as for late cabbage. One ounce of seed will produce 1,000 plants.

HOLMES' DRY WEATHER CAULIFLOWER.—Reaches Perfection when Ordinary Sorts fail. This new strain originated in Denmark, but has been fully tested in America with the most happy results. We offered it in 1907 for the first time and are well satisfied with its behavior. It produces a large, solid, pure white head, maturing a little later than Snowball. It is in all respects a first-class Cauliflower, but is especially and peculiarly adapted to dry situations and to resisting the effects of droughts. It will not thrive in poor soil or under bad treatment, as, like all other Cauliflowers, it requires manure and culture, but it will succeed with less rainfall than any other variety within our knowledge. It will also do well in moist or wet seasons, making heads equal to the best; but it is in dry seasons that its merits appear to best advantage, and we are confident that it will extend the culture of this delicious vegetable into locations in which it is practically unknown. See illustration.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	¼ Oz.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.20	.85	3.00	8.00	30.00

Extra-Early Dwarf Erfurt.—Good-sized heads; fine for open ground fall crop.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
	.15	2.50	7.00

HOLMES' IMPROVED EARLY SNOWBALL.—A grand Cauliflower. For forcing, coldframe or open ground. See illustration.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
	.15	2.50	7.00

Veitch's Autumn Giant.—A large-growing, late variety, splendid white heads.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
	.05	.60	2.00

NEW CELERY, EASY BLANCHING



The quickest and easiest to blanch

**Superb quality,
stringless and fine flavor**

A new variety of Celery with remarkable easy-blanching characteristics, so much so that even those who have never been successful in growing good Celery may plant it with the assurance that the crop will equal in quality and appearance any Celery grown by the professional growers, and it will be found useful both for early use and for keeping during the winter months, characteristics which are extremely valuable in a Celery to be grown in the home garden.

The plants make a quick, healthy growth and the stalks are thick, very tender and brittle, with a rich flavor which will quickly appeal to all who eat it, and the ease with which it may be blanched, together with its long season for use, will strongly recommend it both to the amateur gardener as well as the commercial Celery grower. Pkt., 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., \$1.00; oz., \$1.75; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$5.00.

CELERY

Sellerie Sedano
Sellery

Culture.—Sow in a finely prepared seed-bed, and keep the bed moist. In setting, prepare shallow trenches, 6 inches deep and 4 to 6 feet apart, the plants 6 inches apart, cutting off the outer leaves and pressing the soil firmly about the roots. Good plants may be set out as late as the middle of August. One ounce of seed will produce 4,000 plants; one pound will produce sufficient plants for an acre.

These grow quickly, blanch easily and are especially adapted for fall and early winter use.



Early Varieties

HOLMES' IMPROVED GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING CELERY

(FRENCH GROWTH) THE BEST EARLY CELERY

Critical Market Gardeners Say Ours is the Finest They Ever Had

For some time past we have been carefully selecting the stock of this well-known Celery from the original strain. We believe now we have so far perfected it that when once grown you will have no other. The stalks are much broader than the White Plume and greatly superior in quality, and is ready for market almost as soon, producing dwarfer and much larger bunches of fine, heavy stalks, which are crisp, tender and of nut-like flavor. We can recommend this particular strain to our customers. Price of above, **French Grown Seed.** Pkt. ½ Oz. Oz. ¼ Lb. Lb.

.15 .75 1.50 4.00 15.00

IMPROVED SNOWWHITE CELERY

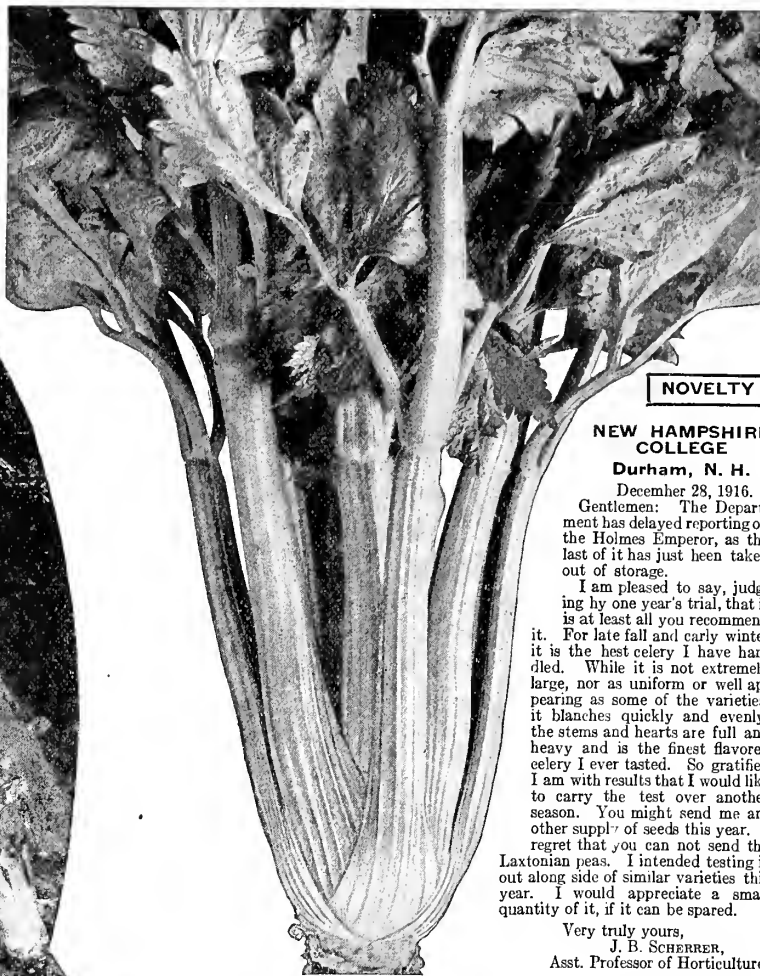
The new Snowwhite is a pure white, self-blanching Celery, introduced in 1902, after five years of careful selection and improvement. It is without a rival in purity of color.

Holmes' Scarlet Plume.—Practically identical with White Plume; solid, stringless, flavor delicious, crisp and nutty.

Price of above Pkt. Oz. ¼ Lb. Lb.
By mail, postpaid .05 .20 .50 1.75

HOLMES' SELECTED WHITE PLUME.—Earliest variety grown; can be blanched for the table in September.

Price of above Pkt. Oz. ¼ Lb. Lb.
.05 .35 1.00 3.50



NOVELTY

NEW HAMPSHIRE COLLEGE

Durham, N. H.

December 28, 1916.

Gentlemen: The Department has delayed reporting on the Holmes Emperor, as the last of it has just been taken out of storage.

I am pleased to say, judging by one year's trial, that it is at least all you recommend it. For late fall and early winter it is the best celery I have handled. While it is not extremely large, nor as uniform or well appearing as some of the varieties, it blanches quickly and evenly, the stems and hearts are full and heavy and is the finest flavored celery I ever tasted. So gratified I am with results that I would like to carry the test over another season. You might send me another supply of seeds this year. I regret that you can not send the Laxtonian peas. I intended testing it out along side of similar varieties this year. I would appreciate a small quantity of it, if it can be spared.

Very truly yours,
J. B. SCHERRER,
Asst. Professor of Horticulture.

Holmes' Emperor Celery

Second-Early, Long-Keeping and Winter Varieties

HOLMES' NEW GREEN CELERY, EMPEROR

INTRODUCED BY US IN 1912

The finest-flavored, most brittle Celery ever grown

One of the largest seedsmen of the country said: "It is the greatest novelty that has been introduced since the introduction of the Burpee's Bush Lima Beans."

For seven years we have been selecting this seed, and growing from individual specimens to firmly establish the good qualities as given below:

First: To retain the flavor, which, in the green state, is as fine as when bleached.

Second: Solidity, free from the hollowiness so often found in many Celeries.

Third: The stems, instead of being moon-shaped, we have been breeding to as near round as is possible, and are found only in "Holmes' Emperor," a distinguishing characteristic not found in other sorts, and is fully established. When we say it **surpasses every Celery known, you can rest assured we know.** The market-gardener who grows Holmes' Emperor will find a ready sale for it.

Price of seed, originator's own stock, sealed Pkt. 2 Pkts. ½ Oz. Oz. ¼ Lb. Lb.
.15 .25 .75 1.25 4.50 15.00
Seed as sold by other dealers .10 .15 .25 .40 1.25 4.00

NEW COLUMBIA CELERY

A very early-maturing sort, unsurpassed in shape and quality, very stocky and heavy. The stalks are thick, almost round, resembling those of the Giant Pascal. The color has more of the rich yellow tint of the Golden Yellow Self-Blanching, which it resembles when trimmed and bunched for the market. Its quality is certainly fine, some connoisseurs considering it superior to any other variety.

Price of above Pkt. Oz. ¼ Lb. Lb.
.05 .50 1.50 5.00

Dwarf Golden Heart.—Large heart; solid stalks, blanching golden yellow.

GIANT PASCAL.—Desirable green winter Celery. Long-keeping; robust, healthy, stocky, 2 feet high.

Giant White Solid.—Sold as large-ribbed Kalamazoo. Compact-growing variety.

Perfection Heartwell.—Splendid for late use; excellent keeper; fine flavor.

WINTER QUEEN.—Best late or winter keeper; ribs thick; very solid. Price of above Pkt. Oz. ¼ Lb. Lb.
.05 .25 .75 2.50

Giant Pascal, our own growing05 .30 .90 3.00
Soup Celery. (Old seed.) Excellent for flavoring. Lb. 50 cents.

"VICTORY" CORN

Ready for Market in Seventy Days

**The Sweetest, Largest Eared and
Most Prolific Sweet Corn
Ever Introduced**

"VICTORY" SWEET CORN can be planted as early as the Premo, when weather conditions are right. This corn will come in from seventy to seventy-five days, from ten to fifteen days later than the Premo, which is considered the earliest sweet corn grown today. The ears contain twelve rows of deep grains, which are protected by a heavy husk and two fine ears are frequently produced on one stalk.

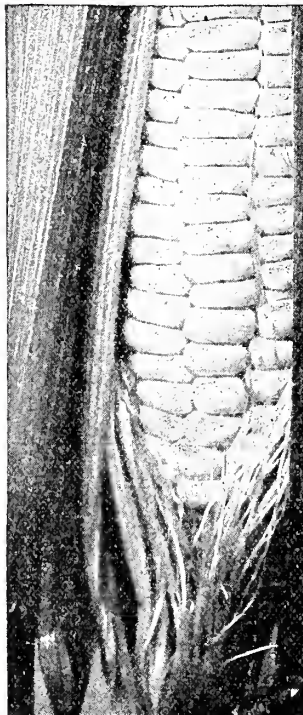
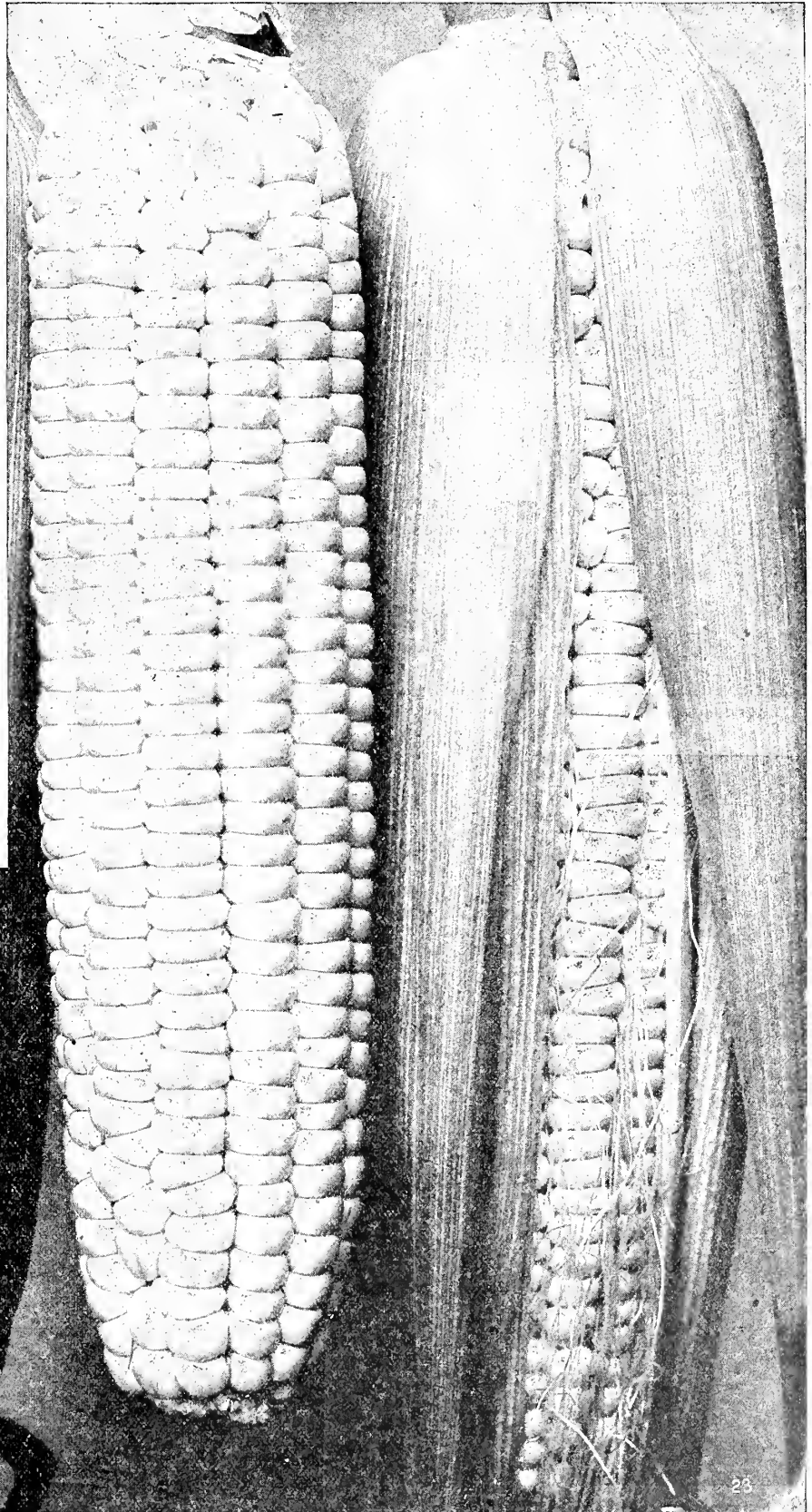
C. S. CLARK, the noted Corn Grower of Ohio, says:

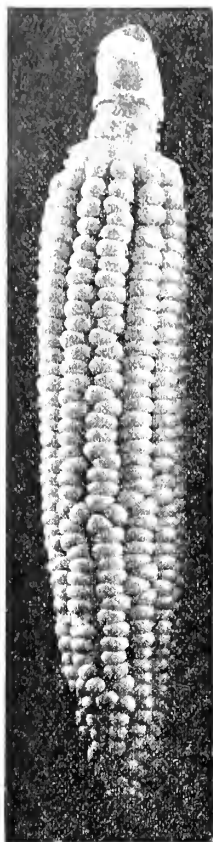
In regard to the Victory Corn will say that it is a splendid grower, very sweet and tender, fodder grows same height as Stowell's Evergreen, full of red cast fodder making it very pretty to look at. The corn is itself pure and clean, free from smut, is well bred. You cannot say too much in its favor. It is a splendid shaped table ear, being eight to twelve rowed and is about the same season as Stowell's.

It retains its whiteness when put up in the can, as distinct from the yellow tinge of the still popular original Stowell's Evergreen. Price,

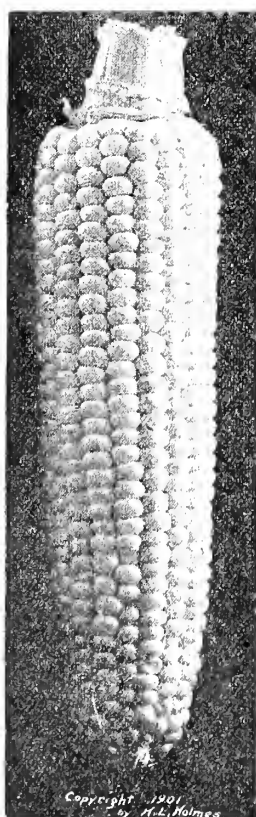
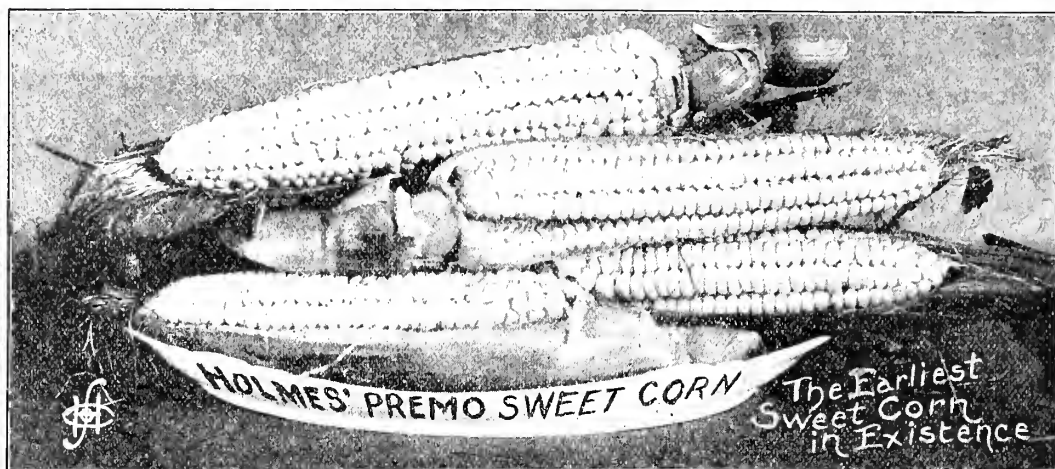
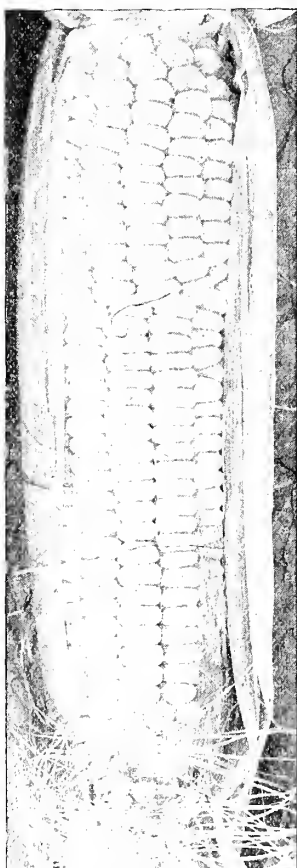
Per pkt.	1½ lb.	1b.	2 lbs.
15c	35c	60c	1.00

15 to 25 pounds...at 40c per lb.
100 pounds.....\$35.00

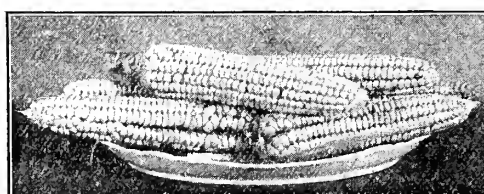
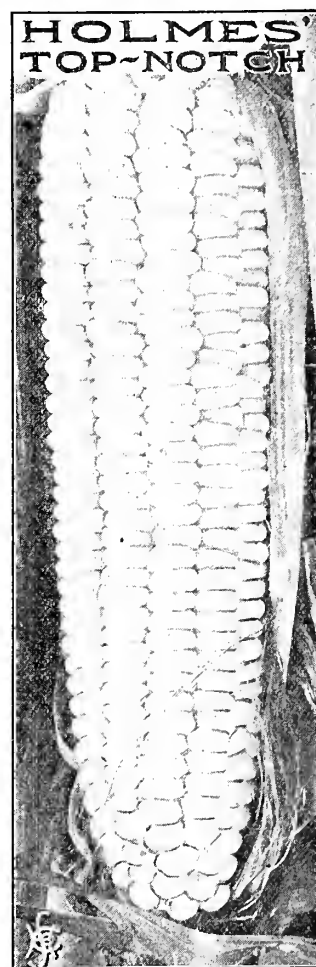
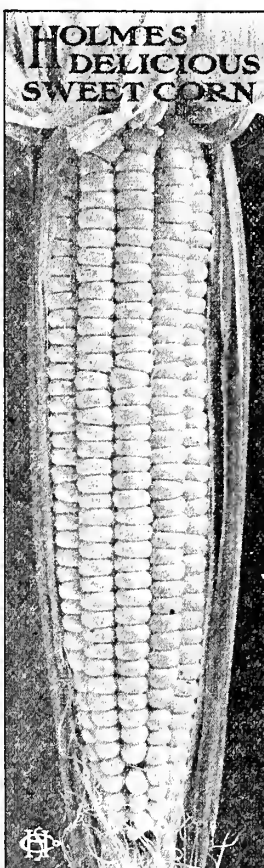




Kendall's Giant

Holmes' Gold Coin
Evergreen

Howling Mob



Golden Bantam

SWEET, or SUGAR CORN

 Mais
Kukurudza

 These prices are subject
to change without notice

Culture.—Sugar Corn requires a good soil and a warm situation. Begin for first early by planting the early varieties about May 1, and, for a continuous supply all summer, make plantings about two weeks apart, from May 1 until late July, first planting early varieties, then later ones. Plant in rows 3 feet apart each way. One quart for 200 hills, 8 to 10 quarts in hills for an acre.

SPECIALTY

HOLMES' PREMO

Ready for the Table 60 days after Planting. We originated and introduced this variety in 1900

One of the earliest and best Sweet Corns in existence. The best seed can be had only from the introducers. Market gardeners will make no mistake in planting this Corn for a money crop. It is a success, not an experiment.

Holmes' Premo is of the best quality. It is tender, sweet, deliciously flavored, and the ears are well filled to the very tip. It is so early that there is a full crop at the time of the very highest price. The stalks, which grow very strong and stiff, about 5 feet high, are free from smut and will grow in any soil, as well as resist drought and bad seasons generally to a very marked extent. See illustration.

NOVELTY

HOLMES' SWEETHEART

Delicious Flavor; Ears 8 to 10 inches; Twelve Rows

This new sweet corn, now for the first time introduced by us, is one of the most valuable sweet corns offered in many years. The ears measure 8 to 10 inches in length, symmetrical shape with twelve even rows of broad and very deep grains covering the small white cob from heel to tip. The cobs range in diameter from three-fourths to one inch. The grains do not shrink so much when rightly cured and dried as some of the other types, such as Country Gentleman and Evergreen. "Holmes' Sweetheart" is the outcome of a selection from both the Evergreen and Country Gentleman, and then crossed again with a variety which was obtained from a garden specialist, which he named "French Honey," retaining the sweetness of the latter and the depth and breadth of the grain from the former varieties. It is a main crop, coming in two weeks earlier than the Evergreen. The grains are a silvery gray, semi-transparent. The stalks average in size from 7 to 9 feet. This depends greatly on the soil where planted. It is a full cropper, thrifty, hardy and prolific. Frequently, there has been as many as four well formed ears on one stalk, two on each side. It can be planted in this locality about May 1 to 10, afterwards in regular succession of ten days. See illustration, back cover.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.35	.60 postpaid.	25.00

SPECIALTY

HOLMES' TOP-NOTCH

Delicious Flavor. Ears from 10 to 12 inches Long

For several years we have been growing this variety. The **Top-Notch** strongly favors the Early Mammoth, but is much longer in the ears, measuring 11 inches. The grains are rather deep, and, as one gardener pronounces it, "the most delicious Corn for a late variety I ever used." It comes in about the same season as early Evergreen and is the largest and best Sweet Corn grown. Anyone desiring Sugar Corn producing ears of immense size, delicious flavor and earlier than the Evergreen, will do well to give the **Top-Notch** a trial. It comes in at the time when Sweet Corn brings its best price. See illustration on cover.

Prices of above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.35	.60 postpaid.	25.00

SPECIALTY

HOLMES' GOLD COIN EVERGREEN

Every gardener in the world knows the Evergreen Corn. Our **Gold Coin** is a selected strain of the old Stowell's Evergreen, being more even and coming in even throughout the crop. We can recommend it as being far superior to the old strain and will test 90 percent of vitality. See illustration.

Prices of above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.30	.60 postpaid.	22.00

SPECIALTY

MORSE'S GOLDEN CREAM SWEET CORN

GOLDEN YELLOW COUNTRY GENTLEMAN
FLAVOR DELICIOUS

The verdict has been unanimous in its praise. Everywhere it has proved a much better Sweet Corn than we ourselves had anticipated, and we feel that it is worthy of first place among vegetable attractions this season. The kernels are long and pointed and are borne on a very slender cob in irregular rows. In its green state the kernels are light yellow, but they cook to a bright golden yellow. The stalks grow about 4 to 5 feet high and bear from two to four ears. The shucks are tinged with brown and the tip of the silk is also slightly brown. The ears vary in size, but average about 5 inches in length—rather smaller than the old-fashioned Sweet Corn, but easily handled in eating. The flavor is delicious and in sweetness and tenderness resembles both parents, **Golden Bantam** and **Country**

Gentleman. It is as early as the former, being one of the first of the main-crop varieties. We hope every one of our customers who has a spot in his garden will try it.

SPECIALTY

GOLDEN BANTAM SWEET CORN

This corn is extra early, very sweet and of a delicious flavor. As indicated in its name, the grain, when ready for use, is a rich, creamy yellow, deepening to an orange-yellow as it ripens. We do not recommend it as a market sort, as its color gives it the appearance of being old; but when once used it will be popular on account of its rich flavor.

Prices of above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.40	.75 postpaid.	30.00

SPECIALTY

HOWLING MOB, NEW

The finest large-eared second-early Corn, of delicious flavor. In the vicinity of Pittsburgh the gardeners plant this extensively, as they claim it is far ahead of any other second-early Corn and sells on sight.

FIRST-EARLY VARIETIES

Early Adams, or Burlington.—Robust; early; productive; handsome ears for marketing, but of inferior quality.

Early Metropolitan.—Ears 9 inches long; 10 to 12-rowed, filled with luscious white milky kernels.

EARLY MINNESOTA.—Standard early of dwarf growth, coming in between Cory and Crosby's; ears fair size, good quality.

Extra-Early Dwarf Adams.—Not Sugar Corn, but sweet and tender. Small ears.

KENDEL'S EARLY GIANT.—Large handsome ears; ready in 70 days.

PEEP O'DAY. New. Good early variety.

White Cob Cory.—Extremely early, usually fit to use in from 50 to 60 days; ears 6 to 7 inches; milky white kernels; sweet, tender. Plants dwarf.

Prices of above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.25	.45 postpaid.	22.00

MEDIUM-EARLY VARIETIES

Black Mexican.—Medium early, 8-inch ears, well filled with large kernels which, though black when ripe, are white when green and then exceptionally sweet.

CLARK'S NONESUCH.—Best large-eared, second-early Sweet Corn.

Crosby's Early. Second early, of fine quality.

Early Mammoth, or Asylum.—Much earlier than Late Mammoth.

NEW EARLY EVERGREEN.—Ears as large as Stowell's; 10 days earlier.

Perry's Hybrid.—Second early; large, white kernels; sweet; tender.

Shaker's Early.—Very large, white grain; early; productive.

Stabler's Early.—Large eared; second early; sweet.

Holmes' Delicious.—Very sweet, large and tender.

Prices of above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.25	.45 postpaid.	22.00

LATE, or MAIN-CROP SWEET CORN

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN (Shoe-Peg, or Ne Plus Ultra).—Ears 8 to 9 inches long; cob small and irregularly crowded with pearly white kernels of great depth; surpassingly sweet and tender.

Egyptian, or Washington Market.—Fine for market; ears large.

HENDERSON SUGAR.—An ideal midseason Sweet Corn.

Hickox.—Earlier than Stowell's Evergreen; good for drying.

Mammoth.—Very late; ears 14 inches; broad, white kernels; superb quality.

Moore's Concord.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN.—The standard late, for home, market and canning; kernels long, tender and sugary.

WHITE EVERGREEN.—A high bred, ideal type of Stowell's Evergreen, with all its points of merit.

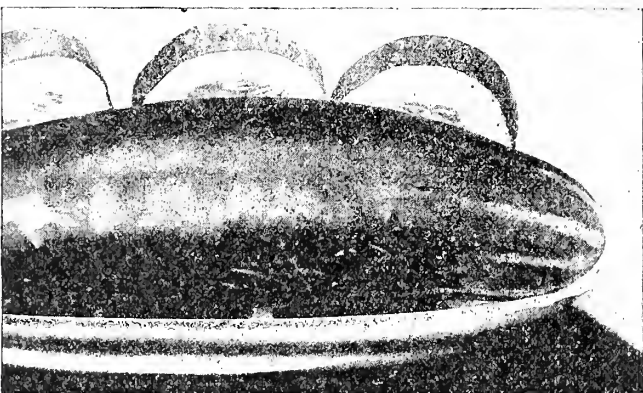
Zig-Zag Evergreen.—Good-sized ear; deliciously sweet.

Pop Corn: Golden Queen and Silver Lace.

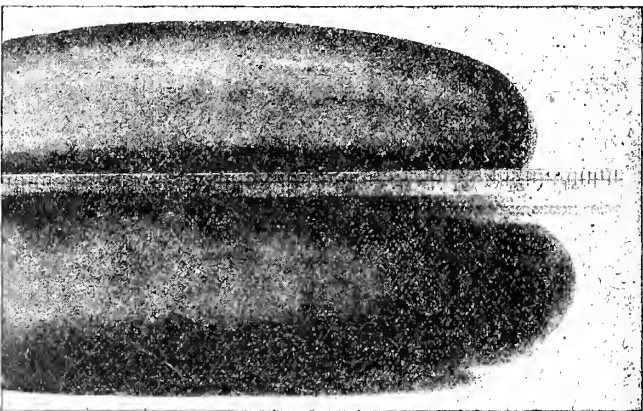
Prices of above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.25	.45 postpaid.	22.00



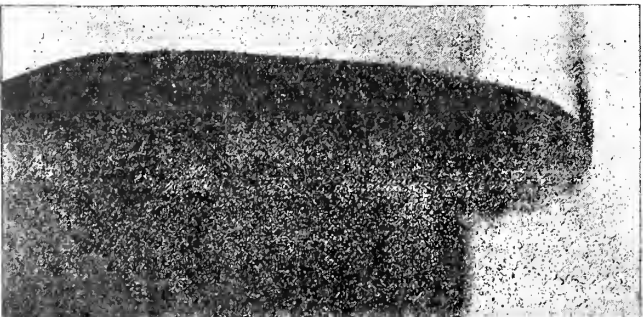
Improved White Spine Cucumber



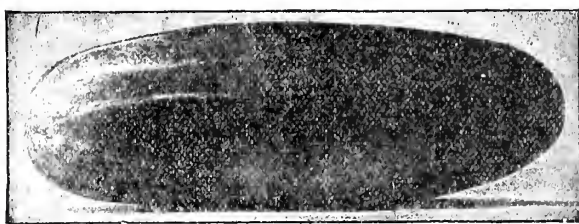
Holmes' Special White Spine Cucumber



Holmes' Improved Long Green Cucumber



Davis Perfect Cucumber



Holmes' Perfect



The Davis Perfect Cucumber

CUCUMBERS

Gurken Cetriolo
Ogorek

One ounce will plant about 50 hills; one to two pounds to the acre

Culture.—An ounce will plant about 50-hills. Sow about first of May in turned-over sods or small pots, which can be bedded in the soil in the frames, and use little bottom heat. Transplant to open ground in three or four weeks; plants 3 or 4 feet apart each way, four strong plants to each hill. Two to three pounds per acre.

SPECIALTY

HOLMES' SPECIAL WHITE SPINE

This Cucumber can not be praised too highly. It is nothing more or less than an extra-fine type of what is unquestionably the best and most widely grown Cucumber in America. It is unsurpassed as a table and market sort, and is also used for pickling. No other kind exceeds it in productiveness, and it is equally good for forcing under glass or growth in the open air. We have a record of where a single hill of three vines produced over 500 Cucumbers during the season. The fruit is from 5 to 7 inches long and 2 to 3 inches in diameter. Color, a beautiful dark green; straight, and does not turn yellow. The illustration shows most accurately the fine shape this Cucumber attains.

Cool and Crisp.—Extra early, tender and crisp, and a grand pickler.

DAVIS PERFECT.—A forcing variety of excellent quality, shape and productiveness. See illustration.

Early Cluster.—An early, prolific, prickly, short green Cucumber.

Early Frame, or Short Green.—For slicing or pickling; productive; early.

Everbearing.—Form perfect; rich, deep green; desirable for pickling.

Extra-Early Green Prolific.—Ideal for pickling.

Extra-Early Long Green.—Very early and prolific.

Fordhook Famous.—Smooth, dark green fruits measuring 12 to 18 inches.

HOLMES' IMPROVED ARLINGTON WHITE SPINE.—Early; very productive; fruit good size, straight and well formed.

HOLMES' JERSEY PICKLE.—Produces more dark green pickles than any other variety we ever tested.

HOLMES' IMPROVED LONG GREEN.—Fruits 12 to 14 inches long; firm; crisp; excellent.

Klondyke.—An exceedingly productive variety; dark green in color.

Livingston's Emerald.—Large, smooth; deep green.

Cumberland.—Very prolific; fine for pickling or slicing.

Nichol's Medium Green.—Very productive; unsurpassed for pickling.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.20	.60	1.75

NOVELTY

HOLMES' PERFECT

Its good qualities are its extreme earliness and prolificness. Very hardy, resisting unfavorable weather conditions; very dark green; attractive shape, and is a good size for slicing. A most profitable sort for shipping to distant markets.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
	.10	.20	.75	2.75

West India Gherkin, or Burr.—Small, prickly fruits; best for pickles.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.25	.60	2.00

DANDELION

Loewenzahn Dente di leone
Papawa

A useful salad plant, especially when Endive and Lettuce are scarce in winter. The roots are grown in a similar manner to Chicory, and large quantities of the blanched leaves are sold in the market for this esculent.

Improved Large.—Leaves broad and fleshy; very tender.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
	.10	.20	.60

French.—Leaves finely cut; mild and tender.

Price of the above.....	Pkt.	¼ Oz.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
	.10	.15	.35	1.00

ENDIVE

Endivien Indivia
Endiven

The Cultivation of Endive.—Sow for early crops in middle of April, and for succession to beginning of August; thin out to about 10 in. apart. A simple method of blanching is to put an inverted pot over each plant and cover it with leaves or straw. 1 oz. of seed will sow 150 ft. of drill.

Holmes' Winter Golden Heart.—The most beautiful and perfect form of Curled Endive yet introduced. It is exceedingly ornamental, of a distinct color, and bleaches admirably. Holmes' Winter Golden Heart Endive is greatly admired by all who grow it.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.10	.20	.60	2.00

Holmes' White Endive.—Superbly curled and laciniated; easily blanchd, very tender.

HOLMES' OVAL, or PLAIN-LEAVED ENDIVE

Round-Leaved Batavian.—Very compact and hardy; forms good heart.

Green Batavian or Escarolle.—Tender broad leaves, crisp; good flavor.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.15	.45	1.50

Holmes' Green Curled.—Dwarf, and beautifully curled.

EGG PLANT

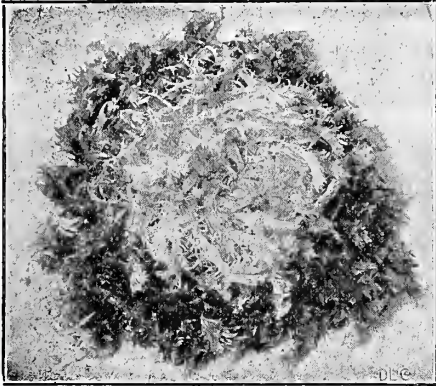
Eirpfanze Petronciano
Jajokowa

The Cultivation of Egg Plant.—Sow in gentle heat early in April, transplant towards the middle of June, setting the plants 3 feet apart each way. 1 oz. of seed produces about 1,500 plants.

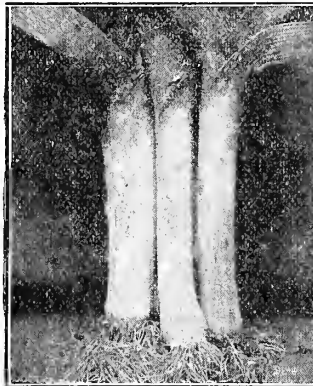
Black Beauty.—Fruit jet black; good form and solid.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
	.10	.75	2.25

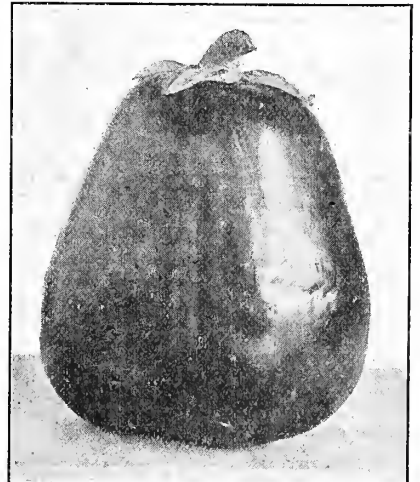
N. Y. Improved.—A splendid market variety; fruit large.



Holmes' Winter Golden Heart Endive



Monstrous Carentan Leek



Black Beauty Eggplant

KALE, or BORECOLE

Blaetterkohl
Cavolo verde

Kale is more hardy than cabbage, and will endure considerable frost without injury. Cultivate like cabbage. One ounce will sow a drill about 200 feet. Three pounds will sow an acre.

Dwarf Green-Curled Scotch.—Beautifully curled; bright green; very hardy.

HOLMES' IMPROVED DWARF GERMAN.—(American-grown). Like the above except in color. This has a bluish tinge.

Siberian.—Grows vigorously; green foliage with bluish tinge or bloom.

Tall Scotch.—Same as the dwarf green, except that it grows taller.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.15	.45	1.75

KOHL RABI, or KNOL KOHL

Knollkohl Cavoio rapa
Kolorapa

A useful vegetable, not nearly so much cultivated in this country in gardens as it would be were its merits known. Used as a substitute for Turnips, especially in hot dry seasons. The bulb grows entirely out of the ground.

The Cultivation of Kohl Rabi.—Prepare a breadth of good, well-manured soil. Drill the seeds in rows, about 15 in. apart in May, and thin out to about 9 in. apart. They are ready for use when they attain the size of a small Turnip. 1 oz. of seed will sow 150 ft. of drill.

Varieties.—There are two varieties in general cultivation, the white and the purple.

Earliest White.—Garden Kohl Rabi.

Earliest Purple.—Garden Kohl Rabi.

Price of the above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.10	.25	.75	2.50

LEEK

Peree, oder Lauch
Porro

The Cultivation of Leek.—Sow early in April, and transplant early in July into trenches of well-manured soil, say 1 ft. in depth, and 1 ft. 8 in. between the plants. In warm weather liberal dressings of liquid manure will be of service, and the plants should be afterwards carefully earthed up to blanch the stems. For exhibition, sow in January in boxes under glass, and transplant as early as the ground can be worked into rich soil. 1 oz. of seed will sow 100 ft. of drill.

BROAD LONDON FLAG.—Hardy; whole plant is edible; quick-growing for early use.

Monstrous Carentan, or Scotch Champion.—Grows rapidly and is very hardy; grows to large size, and is highly recommended. See illustration.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.20	.50	1.50



LETTUCE

Lattich, oder Kopfsalat
Lattuga Salata

Cultivation of Lettuce.—Sow the seed in hotbeds during February or early March. As the seedlings appear prick them into flats or cold frames, leaving several inches between the plants for growth. As soon as a nice, rich warm spot can be worked in the open, transplant the sturdiest plants in rows 1 foot apart and leaving 8 to 12 inches between the plants in the rows. For a succession of growths sow the seeds very lightly in open ground and thin the plants to 6 inches or more apart. Do this as often as one bed is rid of its result. Some varieties will do very well during the winter in a cool forcing house. 1 ounce of seed will produce 3,000 plants.

CABBAGE-HEADED VARIETIES

NOVELTY

HOLMES' ZERO LETTUCE

Resists Heat in Summer and Stands Longer Than Any Other Lettuce Without Going to Seed

As hardy in winter as the winter Lettuce, Nansen, introduced a few years ago. Produces large, solid heads of a yellowish green color, being very crisp and of the most delicious flavor. Great value for market. See illustration.

SPECIALTY

HOLMES' PERFECT LETTUCE

A fine all-around Lettuce. It is an exceedingly quick grower with handsome buttery head, and can be used for both early and late sowings. Under glass it is the finest heat-resisting variety we know of outside of, probably, Holmes' Zero. The inner leaves (practically the entire head) blanch to a rich golden yellow, and have a fine, rich buttery flavor. It is an excellent shipper and a good keeper. See illustration.

NOVELTY

HOLMES' IMPROVED BIG BOSTON LETTUCE

(FRENCH GROWN)

Quality Superb. Tender, free from any Bitterness. Absolutely will not turn Red

Similar to the old Big Boston, only runs much more even and larger in head; leaves lay close and form a compact, buttery head. It is praised by all users, and is a distinct strain, far superior to any other strain we have ever seen growing. We have given it the name "Holmes' Improved" so as to distinguish it from any other strain on the market. Sold only under seal. See illustration.

For ordinary Big Boston Lettuce as usually sold by other seedsmen, see general list.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.10	.25	.75	2.50

Boston Market.—(Private Stock.) Ideal for forcing; fine quality; tender, sweet, crisp.

California Cream Butter.—Produces large, solid heads in cool weather.

Deacon.—Large, firm heading; fine buttery quality.

Denver Market.—Large, solid heads; leaves crimped.

Holmes' Giant Crystal Head.—Exceeds every other variety in size and productiveness. Fine flavor, crisp, tender.

Big Boston.—Plants large; very vigorous; broad, comparatively smooth, hard, light green leaves.

Holmes' Rapid Forcing.—Solid, golden-yellow heads; crisp, tender.

Improved Hanson.—A large, flat head, resembling that of cabbage; very tender and sweet.

Mammoth Black Seeded Butter.—Enormous head; tender, sweet and crisp.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.20	.60	2.00

May King.—Heads of globular shape, firm and close; color light green; ribs delicate and waved center is of a light yellow and very tender.

Iceberg.—A large solid-headed very crisp kind, the hearts of which under moderate cultivation weigh from 2 to 3 pounds.

NEW YORK, or WONDERFUL.—Immense heads; solid, crisp, tender, delicious.

Philadelphia Dutch Speckled Butter.—Large heads; excellent quality.

Philadelphia Early Dutch Butter.—Heads very compact; for forcing.

Philadelphia White Cabbage.—Large-headed summer variety.

Salamander.—Good-sized, compact and tender heads, creamy white inside; rich, buttery flavor.

Tennisball, Black-Seeded.—Very early, small, hard-heading variety.

THICK HEAD YELLOW.—Extra fine, large, summer variety.

Yellow-Seeded Butter.—Large, dense, yellow head; crisp, tender; fine flavor.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.20	.60	2.00

SPECIALTY

HOLMES' IMPROVED GRAND RAPIDS LETTUCE

Improved by Years of Selection; Grows Larger and Absolutely Free from "Rogues"

Almost Lettuce perfection, being free from the rogues found in almost every stock grown. Does not form heads, but makes large, compact bunches of light golden foliage, the leaves having finely curled or fringed edges. Delicious quality and handsome appearance make it most popular in many markets. See illustration.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.10	.25	.75	2.50

CURLED, or CUTTING LETTUCE

This type does not form compact heads, but large masses of curly, crisp leaves, which are practically everbearing, as they keep growing after picking. The best are:

Black-Seeded Simpson.—Large, loose heads; curly, yellow leaves.

Early Curled Silesia.—One of the best cutting varieties.

Early Curled Simpson.—Yellowish green; curly; earlier than head Lettuces.

Early Prize-Head.—Large, loose heads, stained red; curled.

THE MORSE.—Light green; hardy. Superior to all.

Tomhannock.—An upright Lettuce; tinged brown.

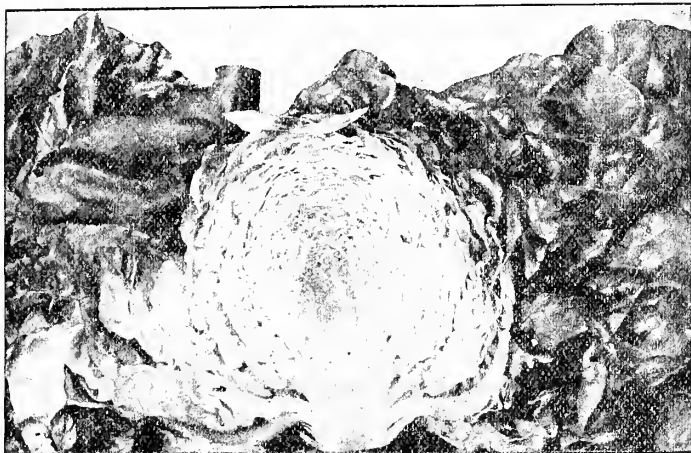
Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.20	.60	2.00

COS OR ROMAINE VARIETIES

Holmes' Paris White Cos.—This remarkably fine Lettuce becomes more popular every season, and is without doubt the best and finest flavored Cos Lettuce in cultivation. Owing to the self-folding habit it possesses, no

tying is required. The heads are very solid and crisp eating. It does not run to seed as quickly as other Cos varieties.

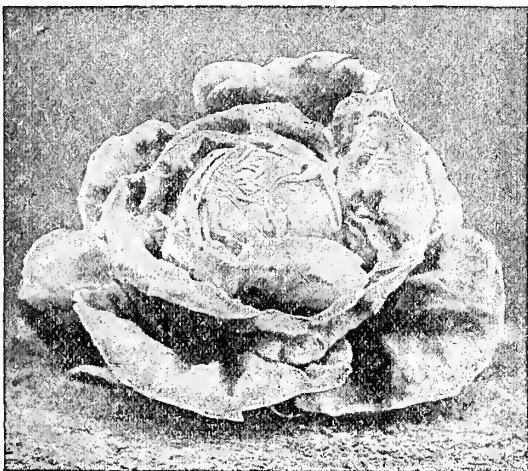
Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.10	.20	.75	2.00



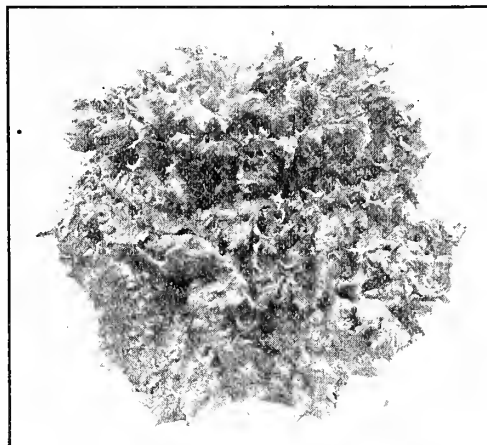
A cut head of Holmes' Improved Big Boston Lettuce, French Grown



A field of Holmes' Improved Big Boston



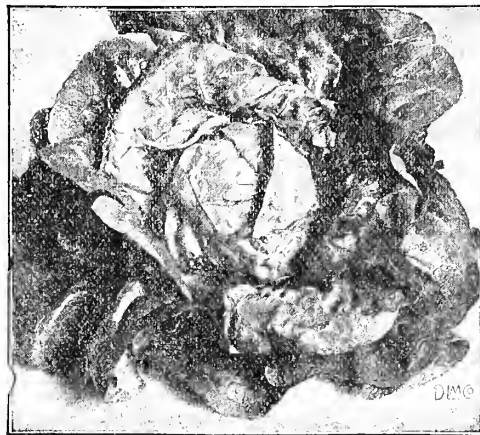
Holmes' Zero



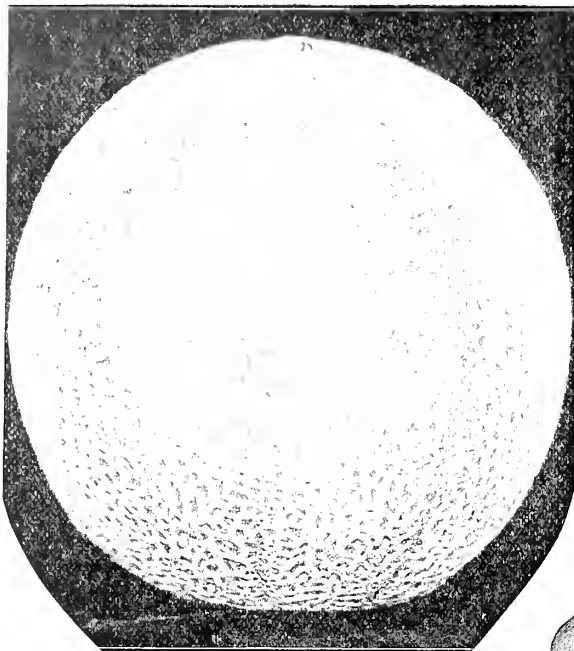
Early Prize Head



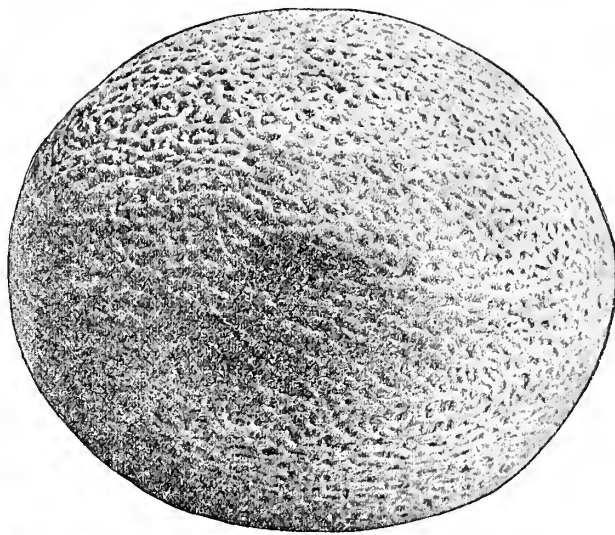
Holmes' Perfect



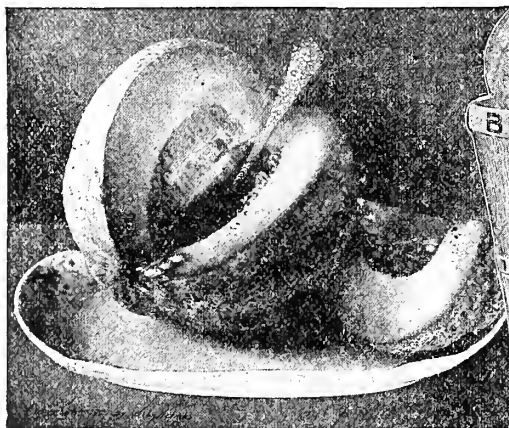
Salamander



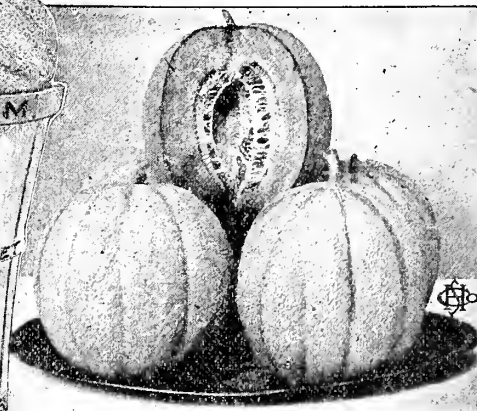
Pink Meat or Pollock No. 25



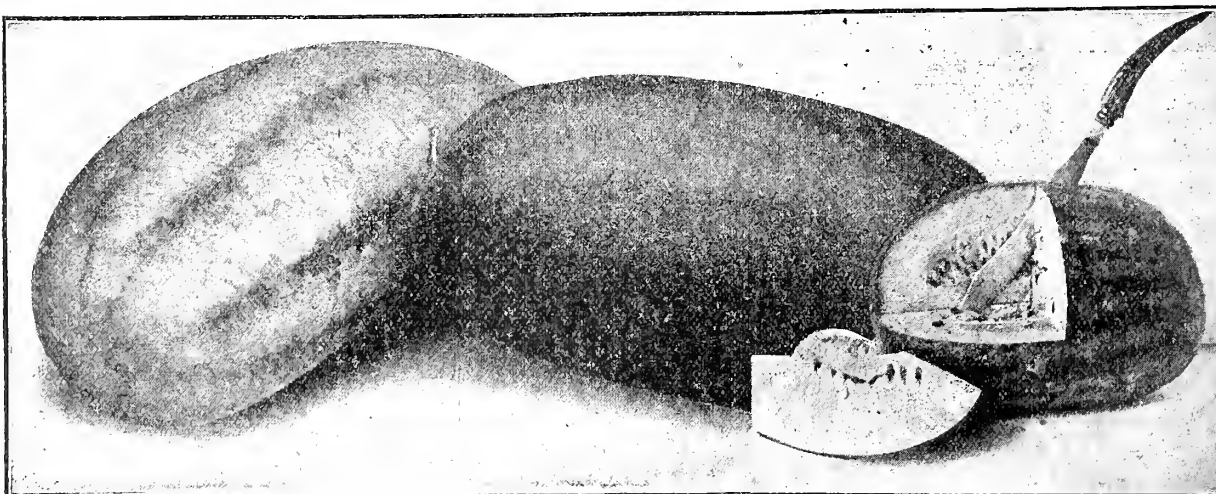
Robinson's Delicious Gold-Lined Cantaloupes



Delicious Gold-Lined Cantaloupe



Honey Dew Muskmelon



Kleckley Sweets

Tom Watson

Harris' Earliest Watermelon

MUSKMELONS

Melone Popone
Melon

One ounce for 60 hills; 2 to 3 pounds in hills for an acre

Culture.—Melons thrive best in a moderately enriched, light soil; the hills should be 3 to 6 feet apart each way, according to the richness of the soil. Previous to planting, mix well with the soil in each hill a couple of shovelfuls of thoroughly rotted manure; plant 8 or 10 seeds in each hill early in May for latitude of Harrisburg (for south earlier, for farther north later), and when well up thin out to 3 or 4 plants to the hill. One ounce for 60 hills; 2 to 3 pounds for an acre.

NOVELTY

ROBINSON'S DELICIOUS GOLD-LINED CANTALOUPE

We have said so much at different times about our select stock of this splendid strain of Rocky Ford, that our friends hardly need a further introductory. It is the acme of perfection in the green-fleshed strains, and we are keeping it right up to date.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.10	.20	.60	2.00

NOVELTY

PINK MEAT, or POLLOCK No. 25

This variety was first introduced at Rocky Ford, Colo., in 1914, and met with instant favor. It is very similar to Delicious Gold-Lined in appearance, growth and breeding, differing principally in the color of the flesh. As the name signifies, it has a distinct pink flesh, very delicate in color and flavor. Good shipper, uniform in size and shape. Being completely overcast with fine netting, it has a most attractive appearance.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.10	.25	.75	2.50

NOVELTY

HONEY DEW

The originator says: The original seed came from Africa and after crossing twice with the Rocky Ford and Cassaba, the Honey Dew was developed. The originator says:

I named the melon "Honey Dew." It is as sweet as honey and has the mingling of several flavors—pineapple, banana and vanilla predominating.

The average size of the melon is six inches in diameter and seven to eight inches in length, weighs five to six pounds. The skin is smooth, with an occasional net, is a creamy yellow when ripe. The flesh is an emerald green, very thick, melting and very fine grained; can be eaten to the extreme rind. The seed cavity is very small, the rind is impervious to water, the melon does not shrink in weight, is not easily bruised and is a splendid shipper.

It matures about ten days later than the Rocky Ford strains and is very prolific. Yields at the rate of 8,000 to 10,000 melons per acre. The melon slips from the vine when ripe and will keep for several weeks; the late maturing ones may be kept until Christmas. Will grow where Rocky Ford varieties will thrive.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.10	.25	.85	3.00

SPECIALTY

BURRELL'S GEM

Two facts about this Rocky Ford Melon will indicate its great value. Mr. Burrell, the introducer, from whom we get our seeds direct, sold \$6,000 worth from 12 acres in 1909. The Fred Harvey eating houses, dining cars and hotels always specify it as their first choice. Its value is proved by those things. The golden colored netting is similar to that of Rocky Ford Melon, making it very fine in appearance. The Melon is smooth and very solid and will ship across the continent, as it is possibly the best keeper grown. The flavors of Rocky Ford and Osage are blended in the spicy, sweet and golden flesh. An abundant crop is produced—often 20 to 30 Melons from a hill, and each one weighing 2 or 2½ pounds. See illustration.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.10	.20	.50	1.50

WATERMELONS

Culture.—Select rich, deep sandy loam, well worked and highly manured. Scatter a dozen seeds to a hill, thin to three or four plants. When they have four or five rough leaves, pinch off the ends of the main shoots. One ounce to 30 hills. Four pounds per acre.

Colorado Preserving Citron.—Green seed. Also called Apple Pie.

DARK ICING.—Early, round, solid; thin, dark green skin; superior quality.

Dixie.—Large; dark green; fine shipper; solid red flesh; popular South.

Florida Favorite.—Superior; large; oblong; striped; luscious red flesh.

GRAY MONARCH, or LONG WHITE ICING.—Very large; long; crimson flesh.

Ice Cream, or Peerless.—Very early; red flesh; fine quality.

Jones' Jumbo.—Round; large size; dark green skin; good quality.

Light Icing, or Ice Rind.—Round in form; flesh of fine quality.

Mammoth Ironclad.—Long; striped; late; red flesh; good shipper.

McIVER SUGAR.—Large; fine quality; oval; flesh pale pink, sweet, melting.

MUSHROOM SPAWN

Schwamm
Fungo Pratajola

The culture of Mushrooms is easy if you plant fresh and thoroughly reliable spawn. They can be grown in a cellar, in sheds, hotbeds or the open air. New beds must be made at each planting.

Price of above, English...	Brick	Doz.	25 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
American Pure-Culture Spawn.....	Brick	5 Bricks	10 Bricks	
	.25 (.35 postpaid)	1.10	2.00	

MUSTARD

Black, or Brown.—Large, succulent leaves, pleasantly pungent.

Giant Southern Curled.—A favorite in the South.

White London.—Leaves used in salads and for garnishing.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.10	.20	.60

PAUL ROSE, or PETOSKEY

In this variety, which has gained great popularity, are combined all the good qualities of the Netted Gem and Osage, of which it is a cross. It is finely netted like the Gem and averages about the same size; will weigh a Netted Gem of equal size by at least a third. Flesh salmon-colored.

ROCKY FORD

This is one of the most popular of small or basket Melons and is shipped in large quantities from Colorado and Arizona. The fruit is oval, slightly ribbed, densely covered with fine netting and very uniform in shape and quality. Flesh thick, green, very sweet and highly flavored.

EMERALD GEM

A splendid Melon. Fruit conveniently small or medium-sized, globular, or slightly flattened at the ends, only slightly netted and ribbed; skin green, tinged with yellow; flesh deep salmon-yellow, thick, ripening close to the rind and exceedingly high flavored.

NEW FORDHOOK

This Melon originated in South Jersey and is a cross between Emerald Gem and Improved Jenny Lind. It is the shape of the large-sized type of Jenny Lind but has very thick, deep salmon-colored flesh, surpassingly sweet to the very rind.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.15	.50	1.75

GREEN-FLESHED MUSKMELONS

Anne Arundel.—Oval; heavily netted; green fleshed; solid; grand shipper.

EXTRA-EARLY HACKENSACK.—Hardy; prolific; round; deeply ribbed, coarsely netted; green flesh; delicious.

Hackensack, or Turk's Cap.—Large with round and flattened ends; thickly netted; productive; extra quality.

HOLMES' IMPROVED NUTMEG.—Popular; skin deep green, finely netted; flesh greenish-yellow, rich and sugary.

Jenny Lind.—Small, round, flat-ended, deeply ribbed; flesh yellowish; flavor fine; very productive over long season.

Long Island Beauty.—Hackensack type; very early; luscious, green flesh, thick and sweet; netting heavy.

NEW GREEN-FLESHED OSAGE.—Hardy; prolific; handsomely netted and colored; firm, luscious flesh.

RED, or SALMON-FLESHED MUSKMELONS

Banana.—An old variety; very long.

MILLER'S CREAM, or OSAGE.—Medium to large, oval, netted; flesh rich salmon; deep, firm, sweet and melting.

PERFECTION, or PRINCESS.—Early, round, beautifully netted; best red-fleshed.

Tip-Top Nutmeg.—Slightly oval; good size; sweet, juicy; yellow flesh.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.15	.45	1.50

Wassermelone Meloni d'acqua
Melon Wodny

Plant when all danger of frost is over, in hills 5 to 6 feet apart each way. Four or five rough leaves, pinch off the ends of the main shoots. One ounce to 30 hills.

Mountain Sweet.—Flesh red; extra-fine quality.

Sweetheart.—Large; oval; heavy; flesh bright red; crisp, melting, sweet.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.10	.25	.85

HARRIS EARLIEST.—Oval; fine quality; bright red flesh; sweet, tender and delicious.

KLECKLEY SWEETS.—Flesh bright scarlet; crisp, sugary and melting. See illustration.

TOM WATSON.—New. Large variety; 18 to 24 inches long; weight 40 to 50 pounds; flesh deep red; good shipper. See illustration, page 21.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.10	.35	1.25

NASTURTIUM, or Indian Cress

The seed pods, gathered green, are delicious; pickled and used for seasoning like capers.

Dwarf.—Mixed varieties. A trailer requiring no support.

Tall, or Large.—Climber 10 feet high; ornamental flowers. In many varieties mixed.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.15	.40	1.50

OKRA, or GUMBO

Ochre Ocra

Dwarf Prolific.—Of dwarf, stocky growth; very early and prolific.

Lady Finger.—Long, slender, pale green pods; very tender.

White Velvet.—Large, round, smooth pods; never ridged; prolific.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.10	.20	.60

CHOICE ONIONS

Tested and of the Strongest Vitality
The Finest Selected Strains

One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill; five pounds will sow an acre.

We pride ourselves on selling the **very best Onion Seed** that can be produced, and are now supplying some of the largest Onion growers of the country. By sowing our seed, large Onions may be produced direct from the seed. See testimonial below.

Culture.—Sow in early spring, in moist soil, as soon as the weather will permit, in rows 12 inches apart, and cover half an inch deep. If the Onions grow too thick, thin to about an inch apart, or only a few small Onions will be the result. Manure highly (20 loads to the acre being used by market-gardeners with profit), and if manure is not plenty, some good phosphate, at the rate of 400 to 800 pounds per acre, will give splendid crops. A top dressing of wood ashes, applied after the second weeding, is very beneficial.

CAUTION.—Beware of cheap Onion seed. Fresh new seed, such as we sell, will test 90 to 95 percent. If you are led by low prices to purchase Onion seed from doubtful sources, test it before planting. Our prices are as low as reliable seeds can be bought. **The lowest priced Onion seed is not always the cheapest.**

SPECIALTY

HOLMES' OHIO YELLOW GLOBE

GUARANTEED OHIO GROWN

A selected strain, uniform shape, attractive color, mild flavor, and produces enormous crops of large Globe Onions. Grown in Ohio for us by one of the best growers who has been selecting this strain for a number of years. Note the shape in the illustration.

Our strain of this particular Onion has the finest shape, best color, and yields the largest crop of any yellow Onion. The heaviest yield of Onions is always obtained from rich, black lands. On such soils a globe-shaped Onion, with a somewhat flattened base, gives largest returns; the bulbs are large and uniformly spherical, with very small necks, the largest diameter below the center of the bulb; of a rich orange-yellow; enormous yielders and splendid keepers. See illustration.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Postpaid	.15	.35	1.25	4.00

YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS (as usually sold).—Of uniform size; bright yellow; immensely productive; mild, tender, of fine flavor.

ROUND, or FLAT YELLOW DANVERS

As grown by us, this is a fine, selected strain, combining extreme reliability in ripening with large yield. It is grown extensively for market, ripening more surely in moist locations than do globe-shaped varieties, as well as earlier. It is becoming most popular also for growing Yellow Onion sets. Our strain produces thin-necked, flattened bulbs which are quite thick through, yielding well in bulk.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Postpaid	.05	.20	.65	2.25

MARKET GARDENERS AND THOSE WHO USE ONION SEED IN
LARGE QUANTITIES SHOULD WRITE US FOR SPECIAL PRICES

WHITE PORTUGAL, or AMERICAN SILVERSKIN

A medium-sized Onion of mild flavor; it is a good keeper and fine for fall and early winter use.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Postpaid	.10	.30	1.00	3.50

YELLOW STRASBURG, or DUTCH

The large Onions are flat, round, thick through. Skin yellow; flesh pure white, mild flavored; productive; best for sets.

SOUTHPORT RED GLOBE ONION

The Onions from Southport, Conn., generally command an extra price in New York markets because of their beautiful shape and color, due partly to the variety grown and partly to the favorable soil and the extra care taken in handling the crop. The Southport Red Globe is of medium size, spherical, with small neck, very deep, rich red in color, and of superior quality.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Postpaid	.05	.20	.75	2.50

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE

Yields abundantly, producing handsome and uniformly globe-shaped bulbs. The flesh is firm, fine grained and of mild flavor. See illustration.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Postpaid	.10	.35	1.00	3.75

SOUTHPORT YELLOW GLOBE

This is of the same general character as the Southport White and Red Globes, except that the skin is a rich yellow; flesh pure white and of a mild and delicious flavor. It is one of the most popular of the Yellow Globe Onions. These three varieties of Southport Globe Onions we have carefully bred up for years. All three Southport Onions ripen very evenly and on this account particularly are wonderful keepers.

EXTRA-EARLY RED

A medium sized, flat variety of deep red; an abundant yielder. It is very uniform in shape and size, moderate in flavor; ten days to two weeks earlier than Wethersfield. Especially good for a cool climate where other varieties fail to produce full-sized Onions.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Postpaid	.10	.20	.75	2.50

PRIZETAKER (AMERICAN-GROWN)

The true American-grown Prizetaker is larger and more uniform in growth than any other yellow variety. It is of beautiful appearance, with outside skin of a rich straw color, while the flesh is white, sweet, mild and tender. The average size is 12 to 16 inches in circumference; the weight sometimes reaches 5 pounds.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Postpaid	.10	.30	1.00	3.50

LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD

A Leading Variety. Produces Enormous Crops of Solid, Heavy and Perfect Onions

This is a grand red variety and a general favorite. With the exception of the Yellow Globe Danvers, there is no variety so largely grown. Our stock is excellent, being saved from only carefully selected bulbs; will be found quite free from necky and misshapen bulbs, and will invariably grow to a large size under proper conditions. The surface color is a rich, dark red. It is an early variety to mature and a fine keeper. The flavor is good and mild, and is an admirable Onion for boiling.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Postpaid	.05	.20	.65	2.00

ONION SETS

White and Yellow Onion Sets.—Grown from our select strains. The price per bushel is subject to change with the market. Write for quotations. Per qt., postpaid, 35 cts.

ITALIAN AND PICKLING ONIONS

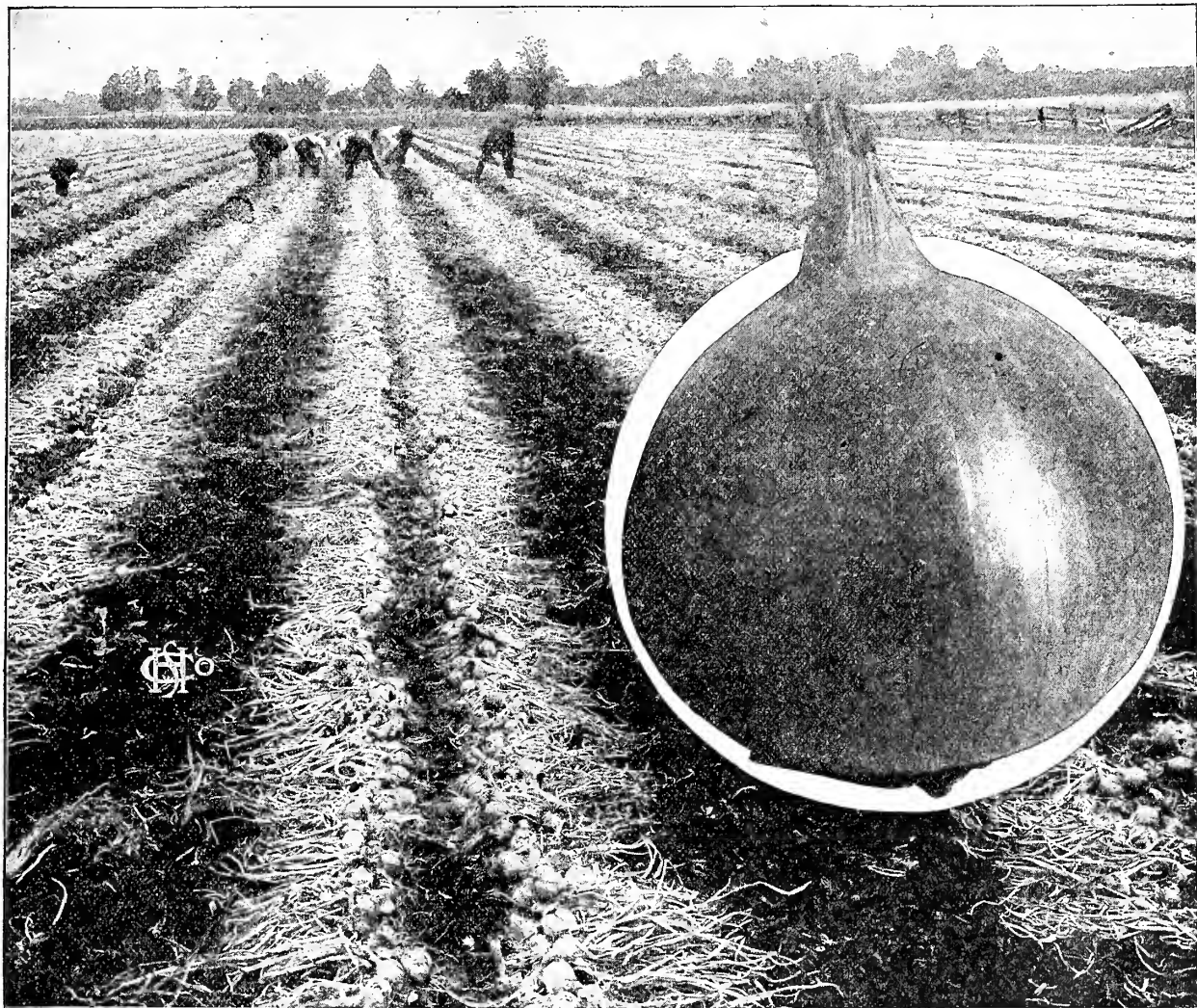
Adriatic Barletta.—Very early; small; pure white with silver skin; flesh mild, but firm; fine for pickling.

Queen.—Very early; small; flat; white and mild pickling Onion.

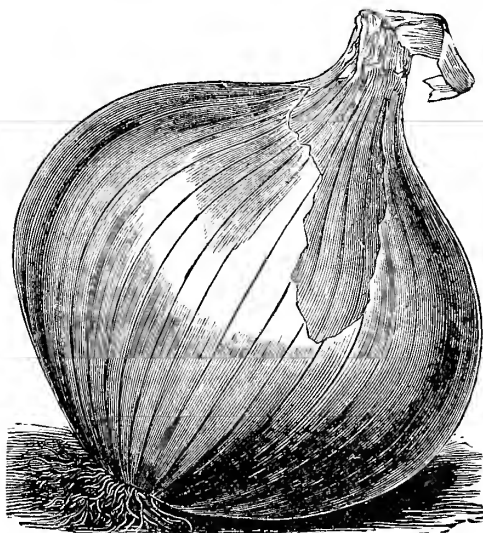
Silver King.—White-skinned Onion; immense size.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Postpaid	.10	.35	1.25	4.00

These prices are subject to change without notice



Holmes' Improved Ohio Yellow Globe Danvers Onion Seed Ohio Grown



Prizetaker Onion

Ontario, N. Y.
September 16, 1918.

Holmes Seed Co.,
Harrisburg, Pa.

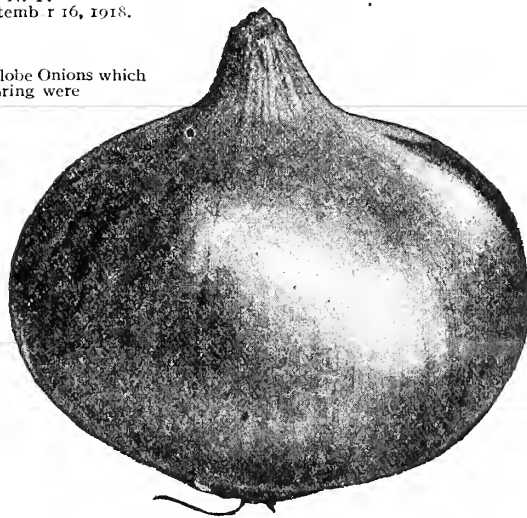
Gentlemen:

The Ohio Yellow Globe Onions which I purchased from you this spring were entirely satisfactory, both as to germination and to strain, and I expect to average at the least 700 bu. to the acre.

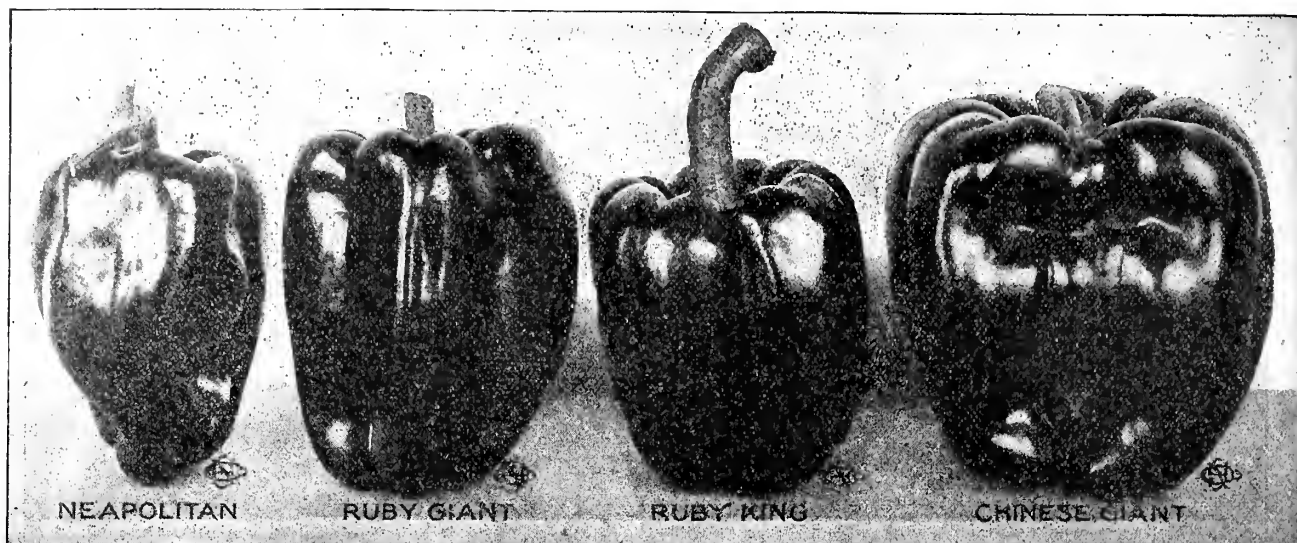
Inclosed find my order for 1919.

Yours Resp.

John P. Sheahan.



Round or Flat Danvers Onion



PEPPER

Pfeffer Peperone
Pieprz

Culture.—Sow in hotbed in April, and in warm, settled weather transplant outdoors 18 inches apart in rows 3 feet apart, or, when all danger of frost is past, sow in open ground and thin. One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants.

NOVELTY

HOLMES' PROLIFIC SWEET PEPPER

• One-third natural size. Fully as large as Crimson Giant, but differing in shape.
The most prolific Pepper grown and absolutely sweet.

Not only is it productive for so large a Pepper, but its size and appearance make it sell on sight. Fruits may be gathered early in July. The meat is thick and can be eaten like an apple. We have counted 43 full-sized Peppers on a single plant, and the crop will yield 18 to 30 fruits on each plant.

SPECIALTY

NEW CHINESE GIANT.—Strong; stocky growth; bushy; erect; growing 18 inches to 2 feet high. Very prolific. Peppers very large in size; flesh thick, very mild. See illustration.

SPECIALTY

NEW RUBY GIANT.—Extra large; vigorous in growth; mild and sweet as an apple makes fine salad with tomatoes. See illustration.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.15	.75	2.50	9.00

EATLY NEAPOLITAN.—Fruits may be gathered the last of June. Thick-meated, usually mild and sweet; bright red. Plants frequently carry 30 to 40 handsome fruits. See illustration.

Golden Queen.—Golden yellow; sweet and delicate flavor.

Large Bell, or Bull Nose.—Large; early; bright red; mild.

Long Red Cayenne.—Late; small, bright scarlet; cone-shaped; pungent pods.

Red Cluster.—Dwarf, compact; small, thin, red pods.

Ruby King.—Prolific; early; ruby-crimson; flesh thick, mild, sweet. See illustration.

Sweet Mountain, or Mammoth.—Very mild flavor.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.40	1.50	7.00

PARSNIPS

Pastinake
Pastinaca

Culture.—Sow early in spring, in drills 15 inches apart and half an inch deep in a rich soil; thin out to 6 inches apart in the rows. One ounce will sow 200 feet of drill.

GUERNSEY.—A half-long Parsnip. Flesh fine-grained; much sought for by market gardeners because of its fine appearance.

HOLMES' HOLLOW CROWN.—Uniformly large and handsome roots of stocky form. Flesh white; fine texture; free from core and stringiness; fine flavored. Frost improves their quality. See illustration.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.10	.35	1.25

PARSLEY

Petersile
Peitroszka
Prezemolo

Culture.—Soak seeds in water 24 hours before planting. Sow thickly early in rows one foot apart; cover half an inch deep; finally thin to 5 or 6 inches apart, or transplant and cut back frequently. Five pounds to the acre.

Champion Moss Curled.—Densely crimped, dark leaves.

Extra Curled Emerald.—Dwarf habit; productive.

Extra Double Curled.—A popular fine dwarf.

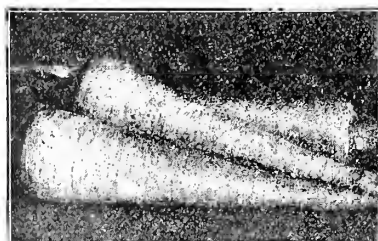
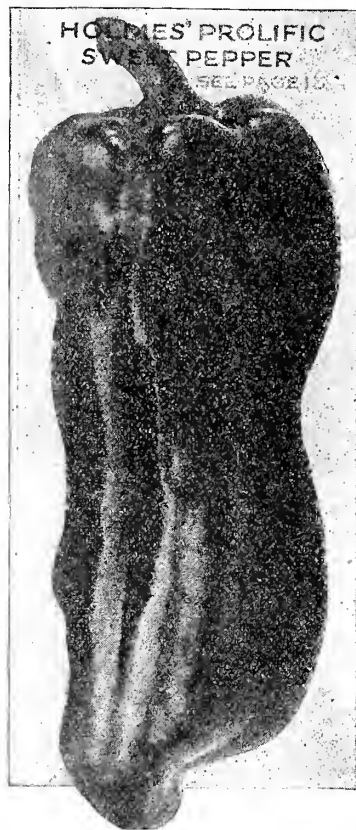
Hamburg, or Turnip-Rooted.—Fine for flavoring.

HOLMES' IDEAL.—Leaves ornamentally crimped; growth compressed and thick, almost a half-globe. Very robust, greatly improved by severe cutting. Stands heat, drought and cold; yields finely. Color and taste ideal.

Plain.—The leaves are not curled; plant very hardy.

Italian Long Smooth.—New. Much sought for by German truckers; true.

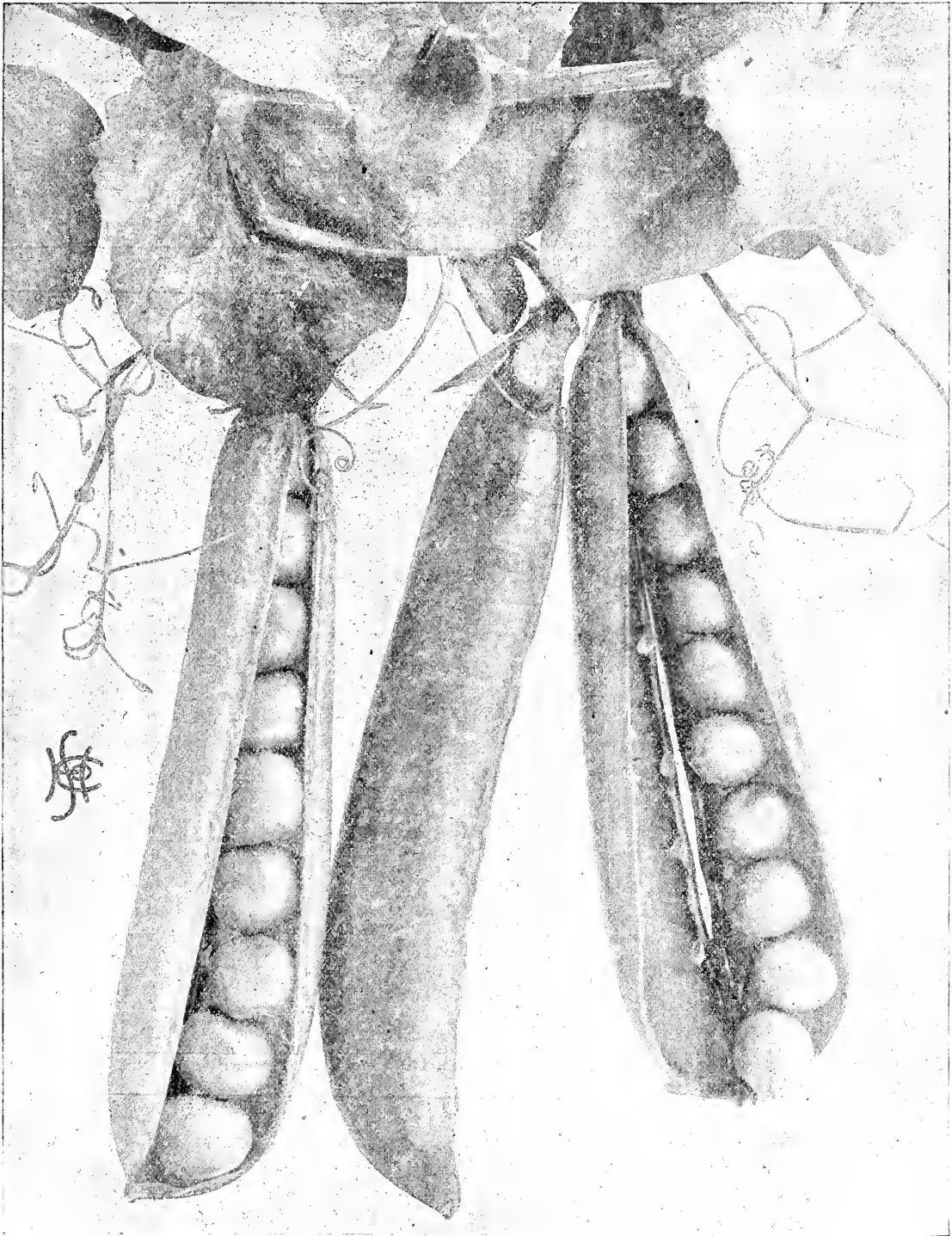
Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.15	.40	1.25



Holmes' Hollow Crown Parsnips

"VICTORY" PEAS

The Favorite for a Large, Late Pea. Illustration Accurately Engraved from Photograph



THIS marvelous, sweet, wrinkled pea grows one-half larger than The Duke of Albany, or Alderman. The pods are produced in pairs and contain from eight to twelve peas of exceptionally rich flavor to a single pod. Haulm is sturdy and this pea grows to a height of $3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ feet, according to the season, fertilizer used, etc. It is one of the largest croppers that we know of and the quality is exquisite. The "VICTORY" is a main crop variety and we believe that anyone who gives this pea a fair trial will be more than satisfied with the results obtained, be he an amateur or a regular market gardener.

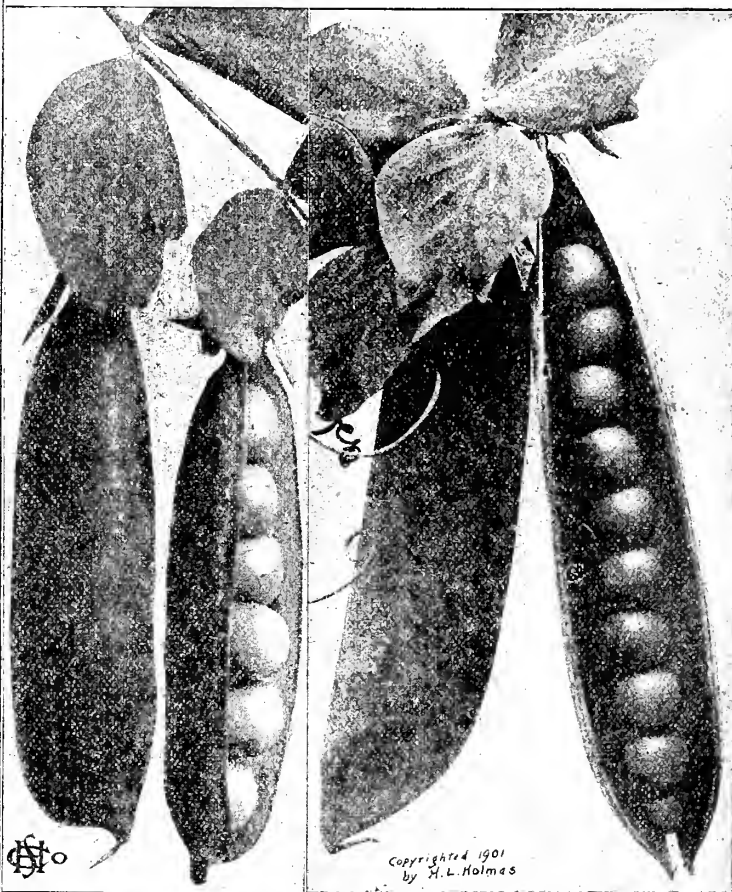
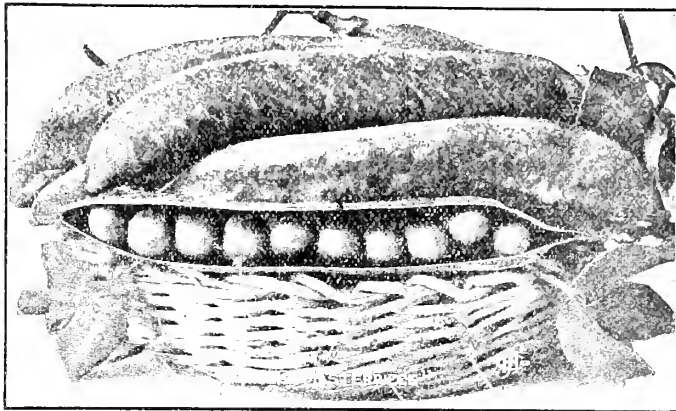
Prices of above.....	Pkt.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Lb.	Lb.	2 Lb.	100 lbs.
	.15	.35	.60	1.00	40.00



New English
Pea,
Sutton's Excelsior
VERY PROLIFIC
AND SWEET

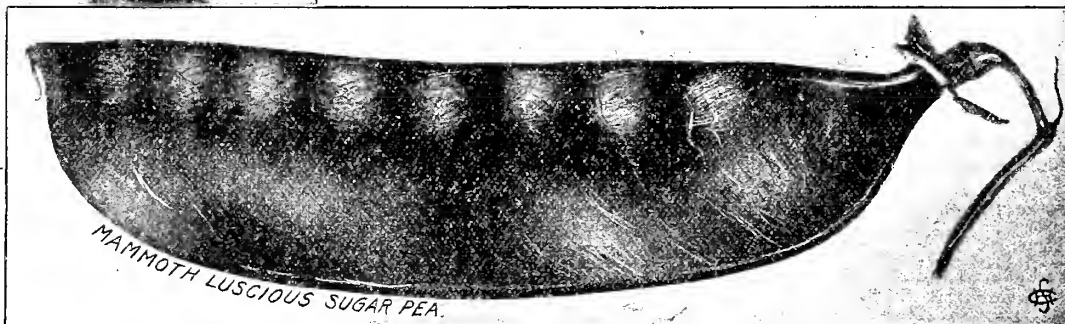


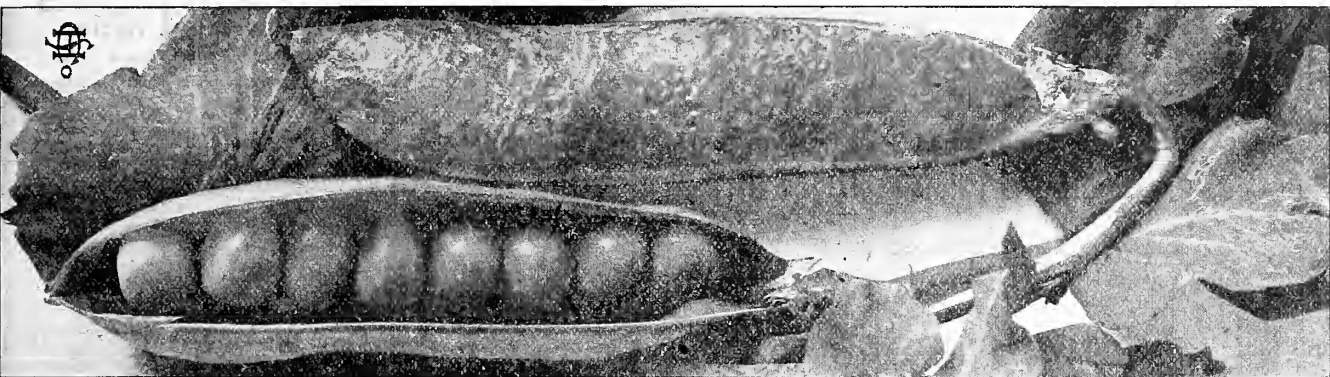
Holmes'
Peas



New English Pea, Little Marvel

Gradus Pea. (3/4 actual size; from photo.)





The best late Pea grown—ALDERMAN

PEAS

Erbsen Groch Pisello

NORTHERN-GROWN

**These prices are subject to
change without notice**

Again, for the sixth year, the Pea crop is short; in fact, at this writing, there is no telling just the damage done, but we are assured that many varieties of Peas have been cut very short by reason of the frosts and snow. So beware of cheap seed.

Culture.—To grow for market sow in single rows 1 inch apart and 2 to 3 inches deep, the rows from 2 to 4 feet apart. When grown in garden sow in double rows 6 to 8 inches apart; tall sorts require brush. Begin sowing the extra-early varieties as soon as the ground can be worked in March; continue for a succession, every two weeks until June. One quart will plant 100 feet of drill; 1½ bushels to the acre.

NOVELTY

NEW ENGLISH PEA, LITTLE MARVEL

Still another year's experience makes us hold this distinct, new, dwarf first-early in even higher esteem. We are sure that as soon as American gardeners, whether for pleasure or profit, become acquainted with Little Marvel, they will drop both Little Gem and Nott's Excelsior, popular as these two varieties are today. The vines of dwarf, even growth, average 15 inches in height and are heavily set with fine pods, frequently borne in pairs. The pods average 2½ inches in length, are square at the bottom and well filled with six to seven quite large, deep green Peas. The Peas are ready for the table fully as early as American Wonder or Nott's Excelsior, while the pods are larger and the vines produce a much heavier crop. All who desire a fine early crop of the choicest quality wrinkled Peas will be delighted with Little Marvel. See illustration.

NOVELTY

NEW ENGLISH PEA, SUTTON'S EXCELSIOR

Its great merit is that it is an early, dwarf, wrinkled Pea in the front rank for earliness, yet with much larger, handsomer pods than any other dwarf wrinkled. Similar in habit of growth to Nott's Excelsior, which is one of the most popular. It holds the place in the extra-early class that is now so acceptably filled by Stratagem and Telephone in the later sorts. The height is about 12 to 14 inches, showing a great abundance of long, broad, straight pods of pale green.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.35	.60 postpaid.	30.00

GRAND NEW GARDEN PEA, QUITE CONTENT

A sensational novelty of England which is, without doubt, the largest podded Pea in existence. At all the principal shows in England Carter's "Quite Content" is now preeminent.

It is ready for picking at the same time as the well-known Alderman, which it closely resembles, but has considerably larger pods. The vines attain the height of 5 to 6 feet; pods enormous, dark green, measuring 5 to 6 inches and contain 8 to 12 Peas of delicious flavor. We have seen pods of this new Pea 7 to 8 inches long and fairly crowded from tip to tip with fine large tender Peas.

NEW LATE PEA, ALDERMAN

This fine second-early, wrinkled Pea has proven in our trials to be a very valuable acquisition. We predict for it a place in every catalog, and, once in the hands of the gardener, the old Telephone and Duke of Albany will be forgotten. Vines vigorous, growing about 3½ feet high, with coarse, dark-colored leaves and producing an abundance of very large, dark green pods, filled with immense Peas of delicious flavor. A splendid shipper and we recommend this to all large Pea growers.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.35	.60 postpaid.	25.00

DWARF EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES

Require no staking or brush

American Wonder.—10 to 12 inches. Extra early; of dwarf, compact growth, wrinkled; of the finest quality.

Little Gem.—16 to 18 inches. A dwarf, green, wrinkled Pea, prolific and of excellent flavor. A few days later than above.

Nott's Excelsior.—14 inches. A superior dwarf, wrinkled early; ready for the table in about 45 days; vigorous constitution and wonderfully productive; quality extra fine.

Premium Gem.—15 inches. A fine dwarf Pea of the "Little Gem" type, on which it is a great improvement.

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES OF MEDIUM HEIGHT

Alaska.—2 feet. A wonderfully early, smooth, blue Pea; vines slender; pods very dark green, about 3 inches long, well filled with small, smooth, blue-green Peas. The earliness, uniformity in ripening and deep color render it a desirable market and canning Pea.

Holmes' Pedigree Extra Early.—2½ feet. An extra early round, smooth white Pea unequalled in earliness, uniformity in ripening, size, yield and flavor. The universally popular extra early Pea for both market and private gardens.

Holmes' Market-Gardeners Extra Early.—A superior strain of the Extra Early Peas, ripening even throughout the crop. 2 feet.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.35	.60 postpaid.	25.00

NOVELTY

NEW PEA, HOLMES' MASTERPIECE Extra-Early Large Podded

We have watched the behavior of this splendid Pea with much interest, for it always seemed to us that it would outrank, as a large early Pea, the justly famous Gradus, or Prosperity, and it has. We believe this to be one of the finest and most prolific large-podded Peas ever introduced. The pods contain 8 to 10 perfectly formed Peas, and are of such large size and excellent flavor that they sell on sight at market. In quality and flavor the Peas are all that can be desired. See illustration, back cover.

NOVELTY

NEW ENGLISH PEA, LAXTONIAN

This is the Largest Podded of All Early Dwarf Peas

A new sort of decided merit. The vines are vigorous, growing about 16 inches high and produce a large crop of good-sized pods, averaging from 9 to 10 Peas to the pod. The Peas are of exquisite flavor and mature early. Many people who have tried Laxtonian consider it superior to either Gradus or Thomas Laxton and claim it to be the best of all the early dwarf sorts. It is certainly worth a trial. See illustration.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	1 lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.35	.60 postpaid.	28.00

SPECIALTY

NEW PEA, GRADUS

ALSO CALLED EARLY TELEPHONE

Earliest Large-Podded Pea ever Introduced—Height 3 feet;
Plant Thickly

In the Gradus we have one of those long strides of progress not often found in the ordinary advancement of vegetables. The variety is an imported one, having been raised by Thomas Laxton in England. The vine has very heavy stems and produces uniformly large pods, measuring 4 to 4½ inches long, nearly round, and well filled with 8 to 10 large handsome Peas. **In flavor and quality Gradus is of the highest "marrow" type;** melting and sugary, retaining, when served, its bright, vivid green.

SPECIALTY

NEW PEA, THOMAS LAXTON

A new variety, producing large pods in abundance. Delicious; matures as early as the extra-early smooth Peas and, being a wrinkled sort, is much sweeter.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	1 lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.35	.60 postpaid.	28.00

SECOND OR MEDIUM EARLY VARIETIES

Advancer.—2½ feet. A great favorite and popularly known as the Dwarf Champion; green, wrinkled peas of fine flavor.

Abundance.—3 feet. A deservedly popular variety, branching from the bottom and bearing abundantly roundish pods 3 to 3½ inches long, well filled with 6 to 8 large wrinkled Peas of excellent quality.

Everbearing.—3 feet. A prolific and continuous-bearing Pea, giving it especial value for both summer and autumn use; pods 3 to 4 inches long, containing 6 to 8 large wrinkled peas, ½ inch in diameter.

Horford's Market Garden.—2 feet. A grand wrinkled Pea, noted for its uniform growth and prodigious yield. The pods, though of medium size, are packed with peas of sweet flavor.

Carter's Daisy, or Dwarf Telephone.—Cross of Stratagem on Telephone. Very productive. Pods long and well filled.

NEW DWARF CHAMPION.—A hardy, robust and vigorous grower of handsome green pods and the quality is unsurpassed. Height of vine 26 inches, 68 days from planting. For a reliable, staple market variety we believe it will fill a long-felt want.

MAIN CROP OR LATER VARIETIES

Long Island Mammoth, or Telegraph.—Large pods and peas. 3½ feet. **Pride of the Market.**—(Imp.) Large pods; popular for market. 1½ feet.

Yorkshire Hero.—A spreading variety; very productive. 3 feet.

Duke of Albany, or American Champion.—4½ feet. A grand, large-podded, wrinkled Pea, each pod containing from 9 to 12 immense peas; the largest of all varieties, while the quality is superlatively fine, tender, rich and sweet; very productive.

Champion of England.—5 feet. A superior selection of this well-known favorite, noted for the rich, marrow-like quality of its large, wrinkled Peas.

Junco.—2 feet. A dwarf main crop, green, wrinkled, marrow Pea of superb flavor and vigorous constitution.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.35	.60 postpaid.	25.00

PEAS—Concluded

These prices are subject to change without notice

***Stratagem.**—2 feet. A dwarf, blue, Wrinkled Pea; a heavy cropper, producing large pods well filled with large marrow Peas of excellent flavor.
***Telephone, Special Strain.**—4½ feet. Strong-growing; exceedingly productive pods of largest size, containing 6 to 7 large, wrinkled marrow Peas of rich, sugary flavor.
Black-Eyed Marrowfat.—5½ feet. An old favorite; prolific market Pea.
White Marrowfat.—5½ feet. Similar to above, but of better quality.
Price of above..... Pkt. Lb. 2 Lbs. 100 Lbs.
.10 .35 .65 25.00

SUGAR, or EDIBLE-PODDED PEAS

The pods are cooked like string beans; if used when about half-grown they are deliciously tender and sweet.

***Dwarf Sugar.**—1½ feet. Extra-fine quality; productive and early.
Melting Sugar.—5 feet. Mammoth variety; pods "snap" without string; very sweet; tender.

MAMMOTH LUSCIOUS.—Excels in size, productiveness and quality. Vines average 36 inches; pods gigantic in size; broad, sweet and tender; extremely fleshy; equal best snap beans for cooking pods and all. See illustration.

***Tall Gray Sugar.**—4 feet. Immense pods; snap; 78 days.

Price of above..... Pkt. Lb. 2 Lbs. 100 Lbs.
.10 .35 .65 25.00

Cowpeas and Field Peas.—See Farm Seed Department.

PUMPKINS

Melonen Kurbis
Zucca Bania

Culture.—Sow in good soil in May, in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way; or in fields of corn about every fourth hill. Avoid planting near other vines. One ounce will plant 15 hills; one pound for an acre.

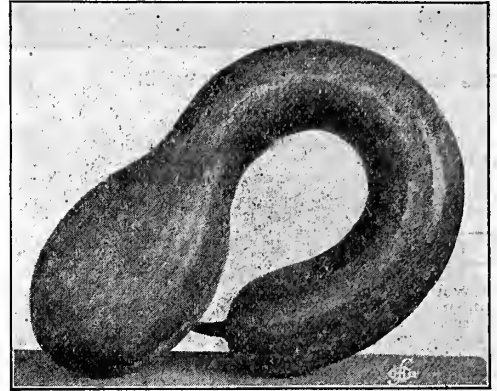
MAMMOTH GOLDEN CASHAW, or CROOKNECK

This splendid variety is of a rich golden-orange color, and grows to a large size. In its early stages it is dark green, ripening to a warm and rich color. The flesh is much thicker, sweeter and finer grained than in any other Pumpkin, and a deep rich yellow. For making pies this variety is superior, while for stock-feeding and keeping purposes it has no equal.

JUMBO, or MAMMOTH POTIRON

No other Pumpkin ever introduced has reached such enormous weights, and been awarded so many prizes. Hundreds of our customers have raised specimens weighing over one hundred and fifty pounds each. It frequently attains a diameter of over 4 feet. The flesh and skin are golden yellow, and, notwithstanding its enormous size, it makes a good table Pumpkin.

Price of above..... Pkt. Oz. ¼ Lb. Lb.
.05 .20 .40 1.50



Mammoth Golden Cashaw Pumpkin



Jumbo, or Mammoth Potiron Pumpkin

Cheese.—The most popular for pies and table use; large, flat-round; creamy yellow skin; thick, orange flesh of fine quality.

Small Sugar.—A handsome and productive small Pumpkin; 10 to 12 inches in diameter; round-flattened; skin orange, flesh deep yellow, fine-grained and very sweet.

Winter Luxury.—A superior pie Pumpkin, small, but enormously productive, and an excellent keeper; shape rounding-oblong, about 10 inches in diameter; golden-russet, finely netted; flesh deep golden, sweet and tender.

Improved Green Striped Cashaw.—Improvement on White Cashaw, green and white striped; flesh rich yellow, solid, fine-grained, thick and sweet.

Quaker Pie.—Shape nearly oval. Cream-colored skin and flesh; fine quality.

Tennessee Sweet Potato.—Bell-shaped, white flesh, very thick and sweet.

Japanese.—Surpasses all others in flavor. Flesh thick, salmon-colored, fine-grained, sweet.

Price of above..... Pkt. Oz. ¼ Lb. Lb.
.05 .10 .35 1.25

Connecticut Field.—A productive, large, orange-colored field Pumpkin, usually grown for stock feeding, but it also makes good pies.

Price of above..... Pkt. Oz. ¼ Lb. Lb.
.05 .10 .30 1.00

PURE NORTHERN-GROWN SEED POTATOES

SPECIAL NOTICE.—This year Seed Potatoes are very scarce and **FIRST-CLASS** stock will be hard to get. Our stock will be the same as in former years—pure and of the finest selection.

Standard varieties of Seed Potatoes weigh 165 pounds to the bag. Plant 10 bushels to the acre. Finest select stock.

Holmes' Improved Early Ohio.—This grand strain of the old reliable Early Ohio is, without doubt, the earliest and most productive variety.

Irish Cobbler.—One of the best extra-early varieties. Very large, white and heavy cropper; of excellent quality. Earlier than the Ohio.

Vermont Gold Coin.—Excellent flavor; small shallow eyes, thin skin, fine-grained flesh; shape slightly oblong, rather broad and thick through. The strong-growing quality and exceptional productiveness make it the best Potato for general crop.

AS THESE PRICES ARE MADE EARLY, THEY ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

Improved Early Rose.—Pure and genuine.
Maine Rose.—The best variety of the rose type.
Early Harvest.—An unusually heavy yielder.
Early Fortune.—Is very productive and early.
Quick Crop.—Very early vigorous grower.
Sir Walter Raleigh.—New, valuable variety, late.
Rural New-Yorker.—The tubers are large, late.
Carman No. 1.—Finest second early Potato, late.
Carman No. 3.—Best late sort; yields heavily, late.
White Elephant.—Very large and late; excellent variety.

WRITE FOR PRICES



SEED POTATOES



IRISH COBBLER

The most popular early variety grown at the present time. We sold more bushels of them last spring than ever before and more than any other early variety. Our customers are more than pleased with them and report having harvested large, handsome, white tubers, very early. They cook dry and the flavor is fine. Will keep good until late in spring. One of our contract growers reported 267 bushels per acre on his farm last season.

The above photograph was taken from a field of Irish Cobblers grown on Mr. Robt. Waltons' East End Truck farm. Note how even the entire crop grows.

Holmes Seed Co.,
Harrisburg, Pa.

Brooklyn, N. Y.,
July 29th, 1918.

Gentlemen:

The Holmes Emperor Celery which I purchased from you, I consider the finest celery ever introduced. The beauty of this celery is that you can eat the green at the top of the stalk just as well as the blanched stem and it is just as sweet and nutty at one end as the other. Any private or market gardener who wants a good celery will do well to give this a trial.

Yours very truly,
A. F. Bucher.

RADISHES

Radies Rovenello
Rzodkiew

Our stock of Radishes is French-grown. Being sown in beds and transplanted, we are positive of having straight sorts.

Culture.—Radishes delight in light, rich, mellow soil, and to be crisp and tender must make rapid growth. For very early use, sow in a gentle hotbed in January, and continue sowing every two weeks until September, in drills 10 inches apart, thinning plants to 2 inches apart. Sow winter Radishes in midsummer and take up before severe frosts and store in sand or earth in a cool cellar. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 10 pounds in drills will sow an acre.

WHITE STRASBURG SUMMER

This variety is now the most popular summer Radish. Both skin and flesh are pure white, almost transparent, and of a delightful, pungent taste. It can be pulled five weeks from time of sowing, yet it will continue to grow without losing its fine quality and remains tender longer than any other summer sort. See illustration.

SPECIALTY

VICK'S EARLY SCARLET GLOBE

The roots of this Radish are slightly olive shaped; a rich, bright scarlet in color; flesh tender and white. It is fit to pull among the very earliest and is much larger than most of the extra-early Radishes. We especially recommend this to gardeners whose market demands a large, first-early, forcing Radish.

EARLY LONG SCARLET SHORT TOP IMPROVED

This variety is a standard and excellent sort for private gardens or the market. The roots grow half out of the ground, are very uniform in shape, smooth and very bright red in color, and continue crisp and tender until fully matured, when they are about 6 inches long. This is the variety grown so extensively in Petite Cote, Ontario, where the finest Radishes in America are produced.

SPECIALTY

EARLY SCARLET TURNIP WHITE-TIPPED

Or Coopers Sparkler

Handsome; a little later than the extra-early forcing Radishes, but will give entire satisfaction where extreme earliness and small top are not the chief consideration. Roots slightly flattened on the under side; color very deep scarlet with a distinct white tip; flesh white and of the best quality; fine flavored, crisp, juicy, solid, and with never a hint of pithiness. This is an excellent variety, both for home and market purposes.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Postpaid	.05	.20	.60	2.50

SPECIALTY

NEW WHITE ICICLE

The finest flavored quick-growing Radish now in cultivation

We have no hesitancy in saying it is one of the finest long, white, forcing radishes known. The name is derived from the almost transparent whiteness of the root, which has no comparison among all existing Radishes. Leaves are short; taste is exceedingly fine. If well cultivated, Icicle produces its 3½ to 4-inch cylindrical roots within 22 days from date of sowing. This means the acme of crispness. We find that for successive planting Icicle succeeds as well in midsummer as when sown early; even in an advanced state it retains its fine flavor, never becoming woody. See illustration.

SPECIALTY

HOLMES' ROYAL RED FORCING

Best for forcing in or out doors; quick grower; makes Radishes in three weeks. Globe-shaped; deep red; crisp and tender; tops small. The beautiful color and shape of this Radish make it a very attractive table relish.

SPECIALTY

GIANT FORCING

For Forcing or Open-Ground Culture
A Variety for Market Gardeners

CRIMSON RADISH

A new Early Turnip Radish, double the size of any of the early turnip-shaped type. This variety develops to 6 and often 7 inches in circumference, weighing up to an ounce per bulb, or about four times the weight of similar sorts; but notwithstanding its immense size, does not get hollow or pithy, the flesh remaining sparkly white, solid, crisp and juicy, and of the mildest flavor. The shape of the bulb varies between round and almost oval, but the bright, deep crimson color of the skin remains quite constant. Excellent, both for forcing and open-ground culture.

FELTON'S MODEL WHITE BOX RADISH

Felton's Model possesses all the excellent qualities of the old Philadelphia White Box, but is superior in being much handsomer and earlier, with fewer and shorter leaves; hence it can be sown more thickly in the row, enabling the grower to raise at least one-third more Radishes in the same space under glass, in boxes or open ground.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Postpaid	.10	.20	.60	2.25

EARLY ROUND, or TURNIP-SHAPED RADISHES

Early Round Dark Red.—Rich, dark red; medium; uniform.

Early Scarlet Turnip.—Medium; bright scarlet; mild flavor.

SCARLET BUTTON.—Small; round; bright scarlet, white tip.

EARLY OLIVE AND OVAL-SHAPED

French Breakfast.—Oval; bright scarlet; white tip; dainty on the table.

HOLMES' DAINTY FORCING.—Three weeks; sweet, tender and crisp; olive shaped.

Scarlet Olive Shaped.—Half long; bright scarlet; flesh white; excellent for market.

Surprise.—Earliest yellow; fine for early or summer.

White Olive Shaped.—Similar to Scarlet olive shaped.

Yellow Olive Shaped.—Second early; skin golden yellow; tender.

EARLY LONG

Cincinnati Market, or Glass.—Long, scarlet, straight; small top.

Long Brightest Scarlet.—Scarlet; tipped white; mild flavor.

Long White Vienna, or Lady Finger.—Mild and tender.

PEARL FORCING.—Skin pure white; very early; resembles Vienna.

Wood's Early Frame.—A favorite for frame culture.

SUMMER AND AUTUMN

CHARTIER.—Summer Radish; long; large; handsome; flesh white; delicious.

Giant White Stuttgart.—Turnip-shaped summer Radish; tender, mild.

Half-Long Deep Scarlet, or Paris Beauty.—Bright; crisp; flesh.

White Summer Turnip.—A flat, round, early summer Radish.

WINTER

California Mammoth White.—A favorite winter Radish.

Long Black Spanish.—A leading winter variety; excellent keeper.

Rose China Winter.—Skin rosy red; flesh white and firm.

Round Black Spanish.—Roots round; skin black; flesh white.

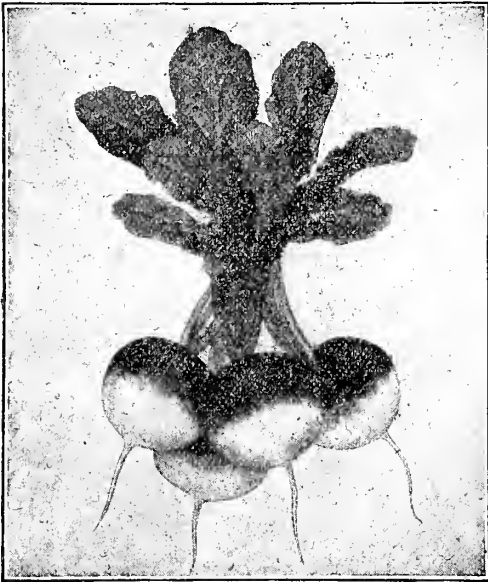
Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Postpaid	.05	.20	.60	2.00

WHITE CHINESE, or CELESTIAL RADISH

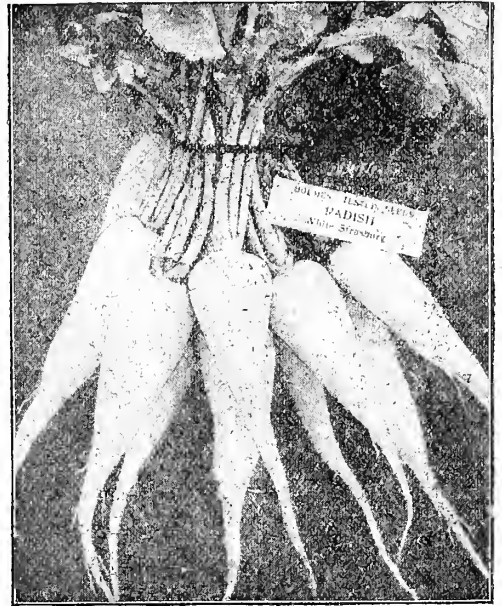
Never has a winter Radish won so much favor, and indeed it is worthy of all the praise given it. Mr. Austin G. Rupp has been growing this variety for some years and gets very high prices in market for the Radishes. So valuable did he consider it that for years he thought it policy not to tell his neighbors the name of the Radish. The true stock of this variety is stump-rooted, as will be seen in the photograph, and although a winter Radish, it can also be grown in late summer, as were those photographed and shown in our illustration. The flesh is firm, solid and pure white. It keeps all winter in prime condition and is of mild flavor.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Postpaid	.10	.25	.65	2.50

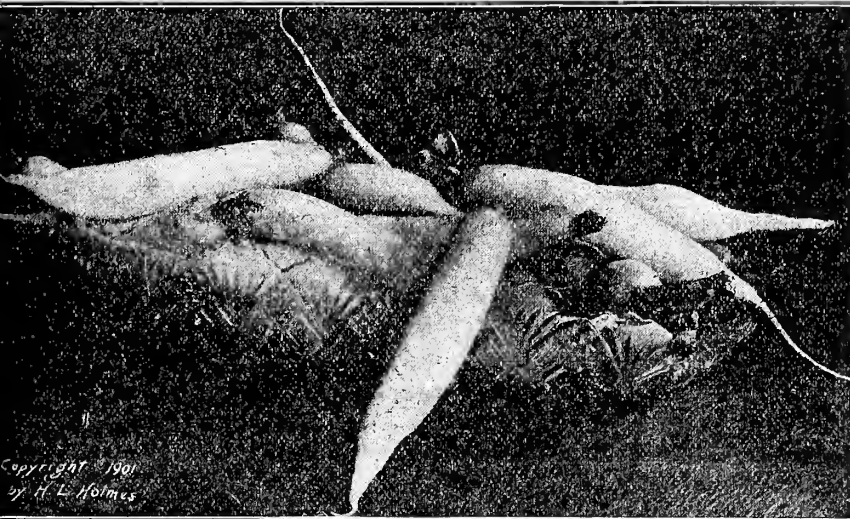
CROP ALMOST AN ENTIRE FAILURE



Sparkler, or White Tip Scarlet Turnip Radish



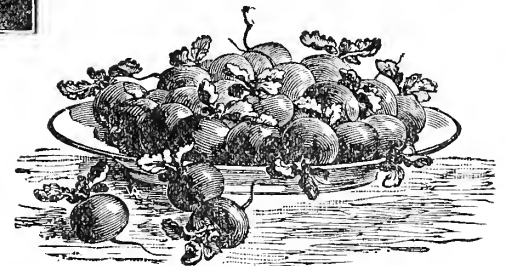
White Strasburg Summer Radishes



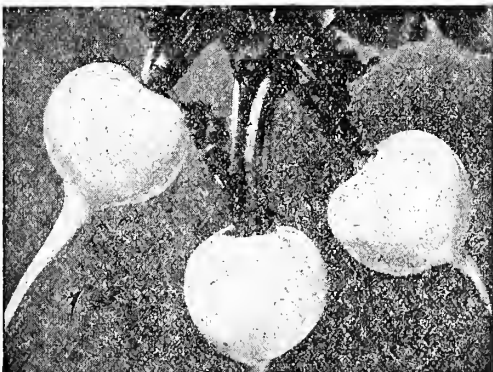
Icicle Radish (from a photograph)



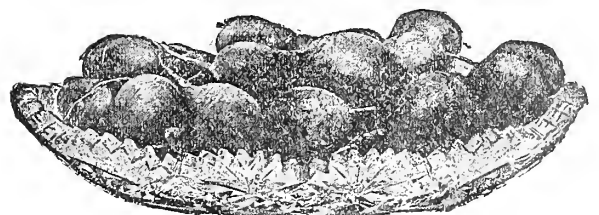
Early Scarlet Turnip Radish



Holmes' Royal Red Forcing Radish



Felton's White Box Radishes



Holmes' Scarlet Globe Radishes

RHUBARB, or PIE PLANTRhubarber
Rababarbo

Rhubarb, also known as Pie Plant, or Wine Plant, is the earliest spring vegetable and is grown for its leaf stalks, which are extensively used for pies and sauce.

Rhubarb succeeds best in deep, somewhat retentive soil and the richer this is and the deeper it is stirred, the better. Sow in drills an inch deep and thin out the plants to six inches apart. In the fall transplant into very highly manured and deeply stirred soil, setting them four to six feet apart each way and give a dressing of coarse manure every spring. The stalks should not be plucked until the second year. When a blossom stalk appears, it should be cut back well into the ground and the plant never allowed to exhaust itself by running to seed. Our seed is saved from selected plants of the Linnaeus, Victoria, Giant and other improved sorts, but like the seeds of fruit trees, rhubarb seed can not be relied upon to reproduce the same varieties.

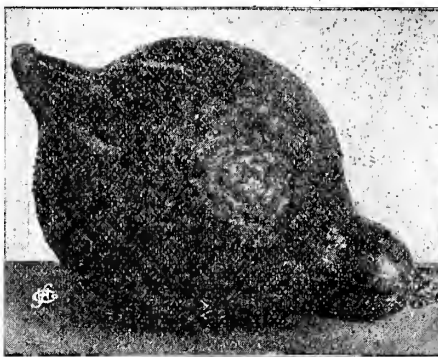
Roots—by mail, prepaid, 15c each; by express or parcel post, not prepaid, \$1.25 per dozen.

Victoria.—A very large, thick, red-stalked late variety of fine quality.

Price of above.....	Pkt. .05	Oz. .20	¼ Lb. .60	Lb. 2.25
Roots.....	Each .15	Doz. 1.00	100 5.00	1,000 38.00



Mammoth White Bush Scallop Squash



Improved Hubbard Squash



Giant Summer Crookneck Squash

SQUASHKurbisz
Zucca
Miekuzr

Culture.—The squash is one of the most nutritious and valuable of garden vegetables. The summer varieties come to the table early in the season, while the fall and winter sorts can be had from August until the following spring. The winter varieties are very well adapted for stock feeding, and we heartily recommend them for that purpose.

Squash plants are very tender and sensitive to cold and so planting must be delayed until settled warm weather. General methods of culture are the same as for cucumbers and melons, but the squash is less sensitive to unfavorable conditions of soil. Summer varieties should be planted four to five feet apart each way, and winter sorts eight to twelve. Three plants are sufficient for a hill. In gathering the winter sorts care should be taken not to bruise or break the stem from the squash, as the slightest injury will increase the liability to decay. Winter squashes should be stored in a moderately warm, dry place and the temperature kept as even as possible. For those who desire very early squashes, seed can be planted in boxes, and transplanted.

Insect pests that attack the vines when small, such as the striped beetle, may be kept off by frequent dustings with air slaked lime, tobacco dust, soot or sifted ashes diluted with fine road earth. For the large squash bug, a good remedy is a kerosene emulsion. Probably the most effective way is to place a small piece of board, about 4 x 12 inches, on the ground near the plant. Towards evening or early in the morning the bugs may be gathered from under the boards and destroyed.

Boston Marrow.—Fall and winter variety; large, oval form; skin thin, bright orange, with netting of light cream-color, flesh rich salmon-yellow, fine grained, excellent flavor.

Fordhook.—Early; sweet; dry; good summer variety; oblong.

Golden Custard, or Yellow Bush (Cymlin).—Mammoth scalloped bush; extra quality.

Golden Hubbard.—A true Hubbard, except in color, which is bright red. Wonderfully productive, fruits weigh six to eight pounds; shell warty and strong; flesh deep orange to shell; cooks very dry; good-flavored.

Improved Hubbard.—One of the best winter Squashes; flesh bright orange-yellow, fine-grained, very dry.

Mammoth White Bush Scallop.—Fruit beautiful, clear waxy white; superior in size and beauty.

Mammoth Yellow Summer Crookneck.—Vine larger and stronger than the old Summer Crookneck, and producing fruit fully twice as large, deeper colored and with rough surface.

Price of above.....	Pkt. .05	Oz. .20	¼ Lb. .60	Lb. 2.00
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AUTUMN AND WINTER

Delicious (Gregory).—Fine quality; excels any in flavor.

Large Warty Hubbard.—Large size; productive; hard, green, warty shell.

Mammoth Chili.—Often weighs 200 pounds; flesh rich, fine flavored.

Price of above.....	Pkt. .05	Oz. .20	¼ Lb. .60	Lb. 2.00
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SALSIFY (Vegetable Oyster)Haferwuzel
Jarzynowa
Sassefrica

Culture.—It succeeds best in light, well-enriched soil. Sow early and quite deep. The roots are perfectly hardy and may remain out all winter, but should be dug early in spring. One ounce for 75 feet of drill. Ten pounds to the acre.

Large White.—Common variety; medium-sized; smooth; flesh white.

Price of above.....	Pkt. .05	Oz. .20	¼ Lb. .75	Lb. 2.25
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MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND.—Larger and less liable to branch than Large White.

Price of above.....	Pkt. .05	Oz. .20	¼ Lb. .75	Lb. 2.25
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SPINACHSpinat
Spinace

Culture.—Sow in early spring in drills a foot apart, every two weeks for a succession, and thin out for use. For fall use sow in August; for winter in September. Cover with straw or leaves in winter. Varieties prefixed (*) may be sown in the fall for spring crop. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill. Twelve pounds to the acre in drills.

***BLOOMSDALE or Norfolk Savoy.**—Fall planting; fleshy; curled; hardy.

Giant Eskimo.—New. A variety we imported from Japan; very large.

LONG SEASON.—Can be grown successfully in hot weather without going quickly to seed. Leaves are very dark green, and grow in a thick, rounded cluster; tender and succulent; remain fresh and crisp for a considerable time after cutting.

Long-Standing.—Excellent; compact; thick, fleshy, dark green leaves.

New Zealand.—Abundant; never cooks stringy.

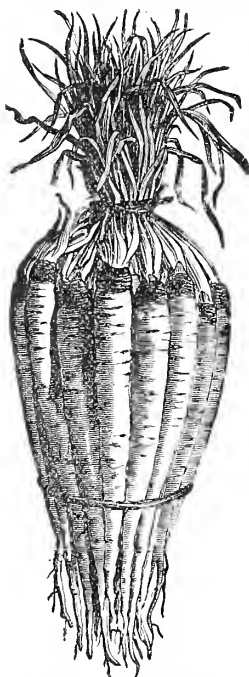
Round-Leaved.—Thick, round, succulent leaves.

***Thick-Leaved.**—Produces large, thick, bright green, crumpled leaves.

Victoria.—Very heavy, broad, deep green leaves, crumpled.

Price of above.....	Pkt. .05	Oz. .15	¼ Lb. .50	Lb. 1.50
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WRITE FOR SPECIAL PRICES OF SPINACH IN QUANTITIES



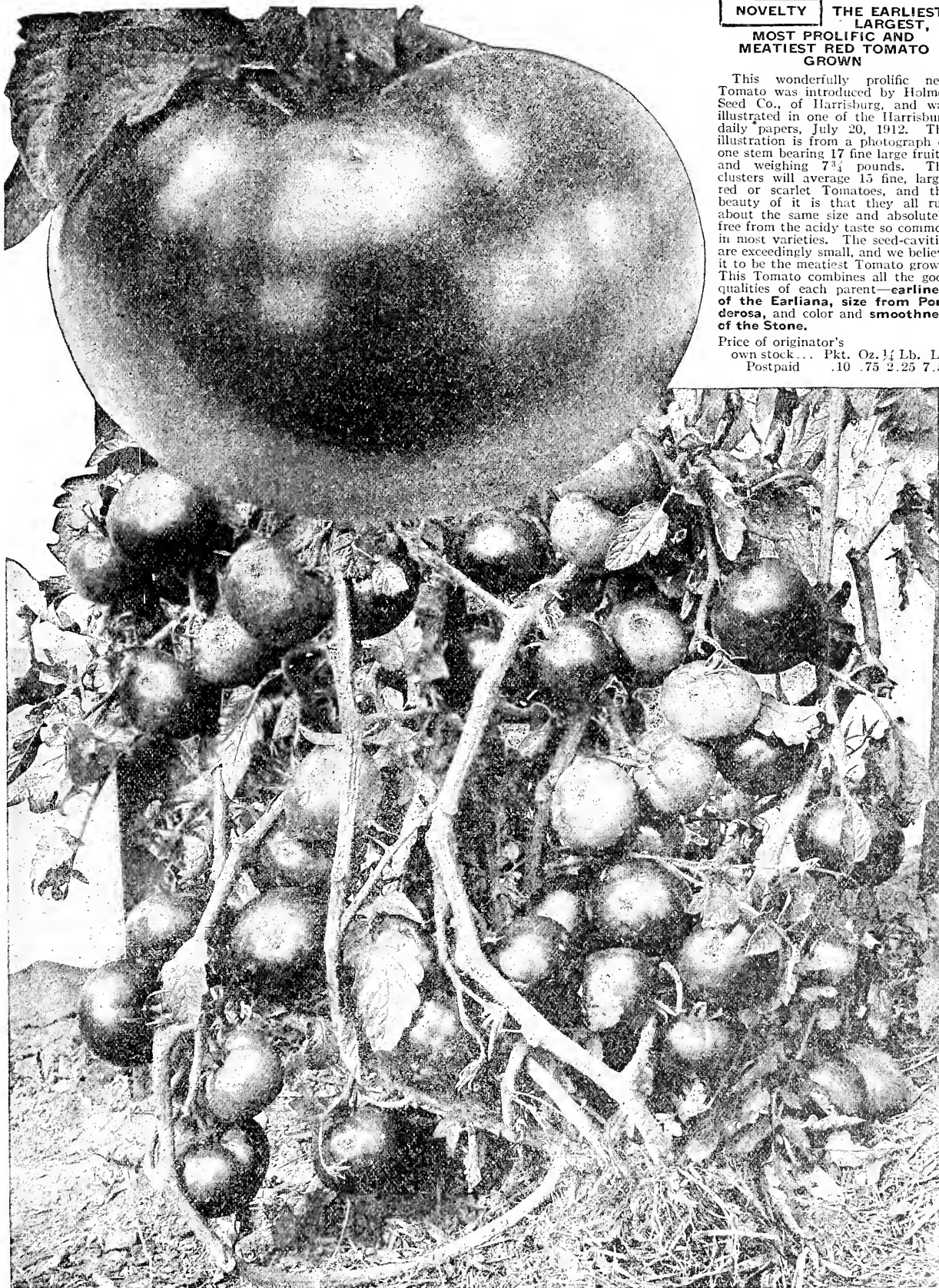
Sandwich Island Salsify

HOLMES' EVERBEARING TOMATO

NOVELTY THE EARLIEST,
LARGEST,
MOST PROLIFIC AND
MEATIER RED TOMATO
GROWN

This wonderfully prolific new Tomato was introduced by Holmes Seed Co., of Harrisburg, and was illustrated in one of the Harrisburg daily papers, July 20, 1912. The illustration is from a photograph of one stem bearing 17 fine large fruits, and weighing 7³/₄ pounds. The clusters will average 15 fine, large, red or scarlet Tomatoes, and the beauty of it is that they all run about the same size and absolutely free from the acidic taste so common in most varieties. The seed-cavities are exceedingly small, and we believe it to be the meatiest Tomato grown. This Tomato combines all the good qualities of each parent—**earliness of the Earliana, size from Ponderosa, and color and smoothness of the Stone.**

Price of originator's
own stock... Pkt. Oz. 1/4 Lb. Lb.
Postpaid .10 .75 2.25 7.50



The above illustration from Photograph of single vine showing 64 fruits and single fruit showing size attained.

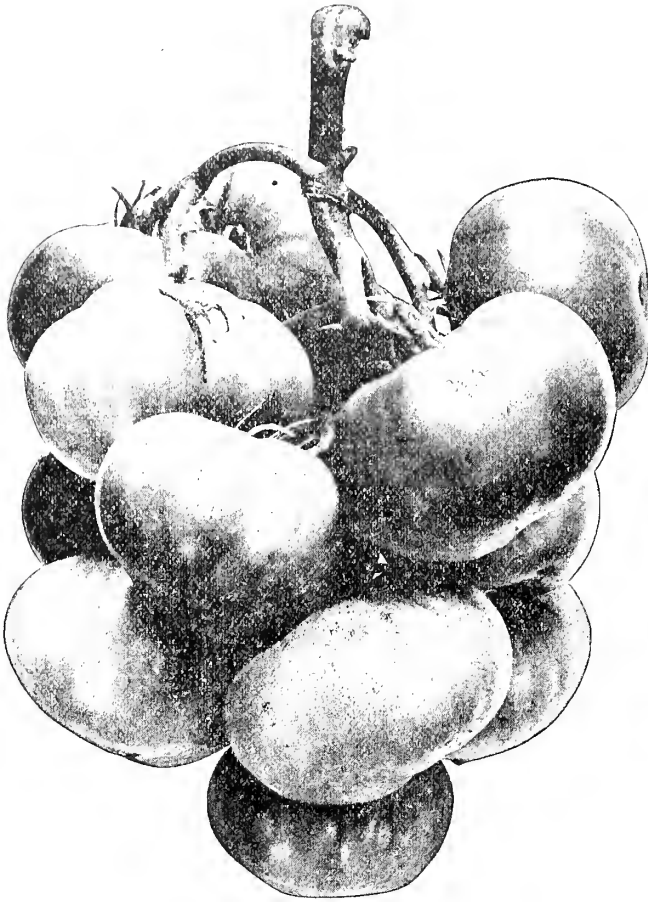
TOMATOES

Liebesapfel Pomo d'oro
Pomidor

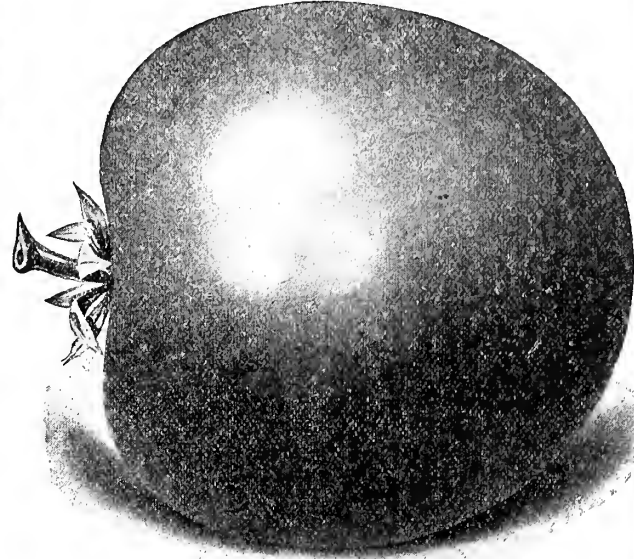
All our Tomato seeds are from seed stocks carefully selected. We challenge comparison with any offered.

Culture.—Tomatoes do best on light, warm, not overrich soil. Sow in hotbeds from six to eight weeks before they can be set out of doors; when the plants have four leaves transplant into shallow boxes or coldframes, setting them 4 to 5 inches apart. Set out of doors as soon as danger from frost is over. The fruit will be better in quality if the vines are tied to trellis or stakes.

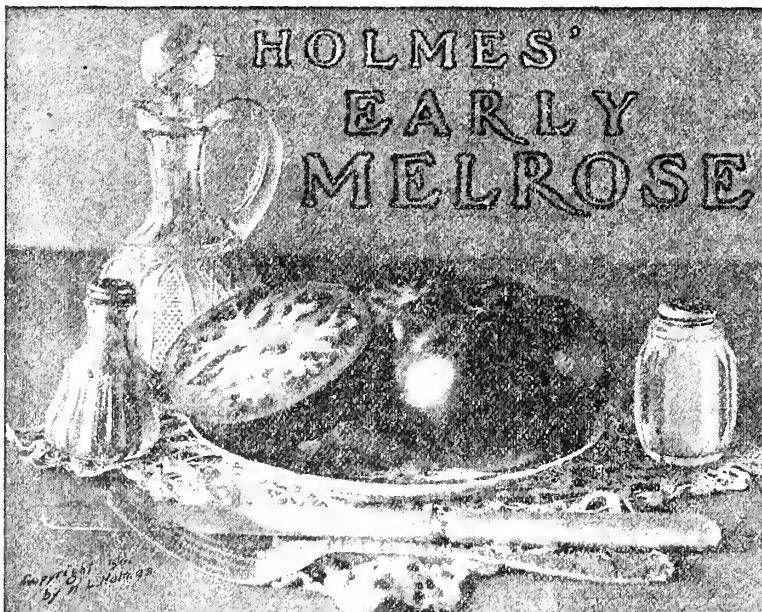
One ounce for 1,500 plants, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. for an acre.



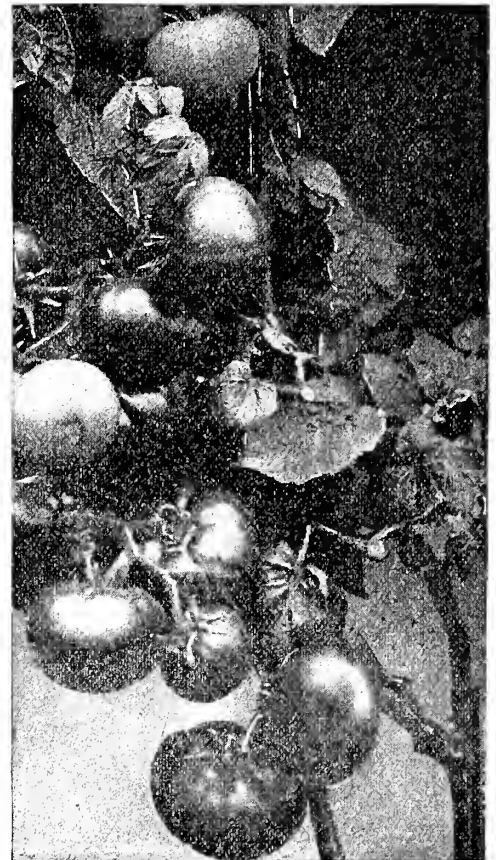
Holmes' Everbearing Tomato. Full description see page 34.



Livingston's Globe Tomato



Beefsteak or Crimson Cushion Tomato



Stone Tomatoes

TOMATOES

SPECIALTY

BEEF STEAK, or CRIMSON CUSHION

THE VERY BEST LARGE-FRUITED BRIGHT CRIMSON TOMATO

The Crimson Cushion is well worthy of its name; in beauty of coloring and symmetry of form, it is indeed without a peer. The vines are of strong, vigorous growth, well set with fruit; the foliage is very rich dark green in color. The fruits are of the largest size, which size is maintained throughout the season.

ENORMOUS.—Most large Tomatoes grow rough and of bad shape for slicing, but these giants are smooth, round, solid and with few seed. A standard main-crop Tomato of great size. "Everybody is buying it."

SPECIALTY

"EARLY BONNY BEST."—Nearly as early as Earliana; color intense scarlet and ripening even up to the stems; round and slightly flattened at the stems. Of good size and uniform. Good for early, medium and late crop.

CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL.—One of the best for main crop. Bright scarlet; very solid; fine flavor.

Crine's June Pink.—Extra early; fruit smooth, about 3 inches in diameter, almost round; flesh solid; finely flavored; free from acidity.

DWARF CHAMPION.—Early; prolific; smooth; medium-sized; pinkish-purple.

Livingston's Coreless.—Bright red; immense clusters; mild acid flavor.

LIVINGSTON'S DWARF STONE.—Resembles Livingston's Stone in color and shape. Specimen fruits weighing 1 pound are common. More productive and as early as New Dwarf Stone.

LIVINGSTON'S NEW GLOBE.—Globe-shaped; early; large size; smooth; firm-fleshed; color glossy rose, tinged purple; very delicate.

MATCHLESS.—Fruit large, smooth, free from core; rich cardinal red.

Ponderosa.—The largest Tomato of all.

SPARK'S EARLIANA.—Remarkable for earliness; large size; handsome shape and bright red color; solid; fine quality.

STONE.—Fruit round, apple-shaped; very large; deep red; heavy.

Trophy.—Extra selected; an old favorite.

Truckers' Favorite.—Reddish-purple; fleshy; vines strong and vigorous.

Yellow Plum, Yellow Pear, Red Pear.—For preserving.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Postpaid	.10	.40	1.25	4.50

NOVELTY

HOLMES' EVERBEARING TOMATO

THE EARLIEST, LARGEST, MOST PROLIFIC AND MEATIEST RED TOMATO GROWN

This wonderfully prolific new Tomato was introduced by Holmes Seed Co., of Harrisburg, and was illustrated in one of the Harrisburg daily papers, July 20, 1912. The illustration is from a photograph of one stem bearing 17 fine large fruits, and weighing 7½ pounds. The clusters will average 15 fine, large, red or scarlet Tomatoes, and the beauty of it is that they all run about the same size and absolutely free from the acidity taste so common in most varieties. The seed-cavities are exceedingly small, and we believe it to be the meatiest Tomato grown. This Tomato combines all the good qualities of each parent—earliness of the Earliana, size from Ponderosa, and color and smoothness of the Stone.

Price of originator's own stock.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Postpaid	.10	.75	2.25	7.50

ACME.—Early; medium sized; smooth; solid; prolific; purplish pink.

BEAUTY.—Early; prolific; medium sized; smooth; solid; purplish red.

Buckeye State.—Large; solid; meaty; deep purple; heavy cropper.

CUMBERLAND RED.—Color bright red; medium early.

Favorite.—Large; solid; smooth; bright scarlet; ripens evenly.

Golden Queen.—Large; handsome form; beautiful clear yellow color.

Early Paragon.—Bright red; standard for market and canning.

Perfection.—Smooth, tough skin of brilliant scarlet; solid, rich flavor.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Postpaid	.05	.30	1.00	3.75

TABLE TURNIPS

One ounce for 100 feet;
2 pounds to the acre

Weisse Rube

Ravane

Rzoper Cruklew

For feeding stock in fall and winter there is nothing superior to Turnips and Rutabagas, as they are much liked by all kinds of stock and serve to keep them in good condition. We can not too earnestly recommend farmers to increase their sowings largely, for we are sure the crop will prove remunerative.

This wholesome and agreeable vegetable is most easily affected in its form and flavor by soil, climate and mode of culture. There are a great many varieties, but our list comprises the best for the garden or farm.

Sow in drills about two feet apart and half an inch deep, or sow broadcast, but in either case be sure to have the ground rich and freshly stirred. Be careful to weed and thin out so the young plants will not be checked and injured. Any overcrowding will result in rough and poorly flavored roots. It is important to get the spring and summer crops started very early so that the Turnips may have time to grow to sufficient size before hot weather causes them to become tough and bitter.

In the Middle and Western States sow for fall and main crop from middle of July to last of August, and in the manner given for spring sowing. In the field, Turnips are often sown broadcast, though in most cases better results are obtained by drill culture.

To preserve Turnips in good order for winter, store in a cool cellar and cover with sand or turf to keep them fresh. Another method is to put them in a pit dug in dry soil where there will be no danger of water standing, and to cover with straw overlaid with earth sufficiently deep to keep out frost. Thus protected, Turnips will keep well till spring.

WHITE-FLESHED VARIETIES

Cow Horn, or Long White.—Carrot-like in form, slightly crooked. Delicate and well flavored; valuable as a market sort for fall and early winter, also for turning under.

EARLY PURPLE-TOP STRAP-LEAVED.—Early; favorite for table use; medium size; flesh white.

Early White Flat Dutch.—Standard early, white flat Turnip.

Extra-Early Purple-Top Milan.—All in all, these Milan Turnips leave little to be desired in the way of an extra-early garden Turnip.

PURPLE-TOP WHITE GLOBE.—Nearly as large as Pomeranian. White Globe; white flesh; excellent, equally desirable for table or stock.

White Egg.—Oval or egg-shaped; firm; mild, sweet and very tender.

White Globe.—Globe-shaped; early, mild and tender.

Price of above.....	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.20	.75	2.50

YELLOW-FLESHED VARIETIES

Golden Ball, or Orange Jelly.—Medium size.

Purple-Top Yellow Aberdeen.—Large, globe-shaped.

YELLOW, or AMBER GLOBE.—Yellow-fleshed; globe-shaped; large.

RUTABAGA

(RUSSIAN, or SWEDISH TURNIP)

Two to three pounds to acre

Improved American Purple Top.—Old popular standard; rich flavor

SWEET, POT AND MEDICINAL HERB SEEDS

No garden is complete without a few Herbs for culinary or medicinal purposes. These should be harvested on a dry day, just before they come into full bloom, then dried quickly and packed closely, excluding the air.

Anise (Grüner Anis). For garnishing, cordials and flavoring.....	Pkt., .05; Oz., .10; ¼ Lb., .25; Lb., .90
Balm (Citronen-Melisse). For tea and balm wine; useful in fevers.....	Pkt., .05; Oz., .20; ¼ Lb., .60; Lb., 2.00
Basil, Sweet (Basilikum). Used for soups, stews and sauces.....	Pkt., .05; Oz., .20; ¼ Lb., .60; Lb., 2.00
Caraway (Feld Kümmel). Used in confectionery, cakes and medicine.....	Pkt., .05; Oz., .10; ¼ Lb., .25; Lb., .90
Coriander . For garnishing; seeds are aromatic, used for flavoring.....	Pkt., .05; Oz., .10; ¼ Lb., .25; Lb., .75
Dill . Aromatic seeds, used in pickles, preserves, soups, sauces.....	Pkt., .05; Oz., .10; ¼ Lb., .25; Lb., .75
Fennel (Fenchel). Leaves used for fish sauces and garnishing; seed in confectionery and for flavoring liquors.....	Pkt., .05; Oz., .10; ¼ Lb., .25; Lb., .75
Horseradish . For tonic and cough.....	Pkt., .05; Oz., .15; ¼ Lb., .40; Lb., 1.50
Lavender (Lavendel). Popular aromatic herb; delightful perfume.....	Pkt., .05; Oz., .35; ¼ Lb., 1.00; Lb., 3.50
Marjoram, Sweet (Marjoram). Used for seasoning.....	Pkt., .05; Oz., .20; ¼ Lb., .75; Lb., 2.50
Sage (Salbei). Leaves used in dressings and sauces.....	Pkt., .05; Oz., .20; ¼ Lb., .60; Lb., 1.60
Savory, Summer . Used for seasoning, flavoring soups and dressings.....	Pkt., .05; Oz., .15; ¼ Lb., .40; Lb., 1.50
Savory, Winter (Bohnenkraut). Leaves used for navoring.....	Pkt., .05; Oz., .25; ¼ Lb., .75; Lb., 2.50
Thyme, Broad Leaved (Thymian). Used for seasoning; also as bee food.....	Pkt., .05; Oz., .40; ¼ Lb., 1.25; Lb., 4.00



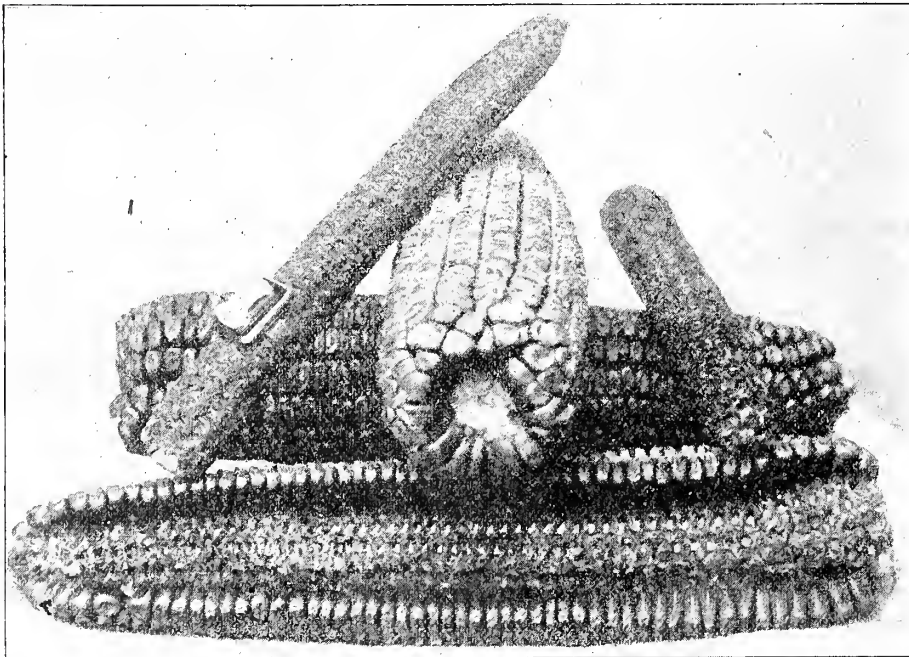
EXTRA SELECTED FARM SEEDS

Fully realizing the great importance of supplying the farmer with the highest quality of **Farm Seeds**, we have given this branch of our business special study, exercising the greatest care in growing and securing seed of the highest standard in purity and quality—fully matured, plump, sound, fresh and clean. The care exercised in selecting our seeds has given Holmes' Field Seeds an enviable reputation and today our house is recognized as headquarters for the most reliable field and grass seeds.

HOLMES' EARLY GOLDEN SURPRISE CORN

90-DAY FIELD CORN

THIS REMARKABLE VARIETY IS INCOMPARABLE IN SOLIDITY, UNIFORMITY, DEVELOPMENT OF THE TIP AND BUTT, EXTRA-ORDINARY YIELD AND SMALLNESS OF COB



Holmes' Early Golden Surprise

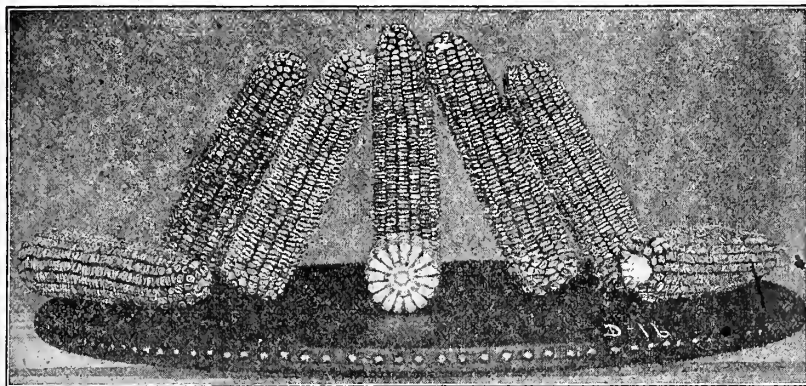
No other Corn has given such universal satisfaction as our Early Golden Surprise. Its prepotency and power of reproduction is so great that neither wet nor dry weather noticeably influences its growth and maturity. Unapproachable as a yielder, it withstands the harshest weather and when shelled this Corn produces a superior quality on account of extreme smallness of cob and depth of grain. The cobs are so small that many may be encased in an ordinary finger ring, as seen by our illustration. The grains are of a rich golden color, very deep, and profitable on account of small percent of waste of cob. The cob is so small that 35 pounds of ears produced 31½ pounds of shelled Corn. The Corn is a vigorous grower, with short, strong stalks and an abundance of deep green foliage, which makes it an excellent fodder Corn. It matures uniformly in 90 days from planting, and all points considered it is the best field Corn in cultivation. Golden Surprise is the greatest money earner yet introduced to the American farmer. There can be nothing of greater importance to him than to increase the yield and feeding value of Corn. Early Golden Surprise will give that result. Lge. Pkt., by mail, post-paid, 10 cts., lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 70 cts., by freight or express, not prepaid, lb. 20 cts., peck \$1.50, ½ bushel \$2.50, bushel \$4.75, 2-bushel sack \$9.00.

The past season when other varieties failed to grow, Golden Surprise gave excellent results. Our customers report that every grain grew.

Special Notice: We are compelled to make prices in advance on Field Seeds given in the following pages

THESE PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

BAGS HOLDING 2½ BUSHELS, EXTRA AT 75c EACH.



Reed's Golden Dent Seed Corn

The stalk is rather light, short and well developed. The foliage is abundant. The well-developed roots and strong, wiry stalks enable it to stand up well, even during windy seasons. When mature, the husks are loose, dropping away from the ear. Considering the size of the ear it is a surprisingly good yielder, due to the fact that a great many of the stalks bear two ears. Its rich golden color and fine quality of grain make it superior for grinding into meal. It is perfect in every respect. Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 25 cts., by mail, postpaid; by freight or express, lb. 20 cts., peck \$1.25, bushel \$4.50.

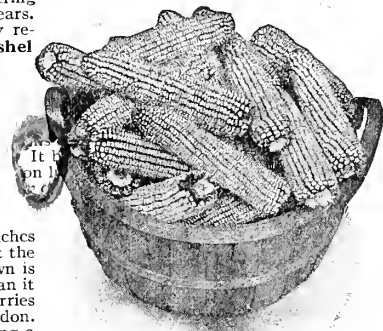
REED'S GOLDEN DENT

A deep, pure yellow Corn, with uniform ears 8 to 10 inches long, 7 to 8 inches in circumference, cylindrical, with well-filled butts and exceedingly well-developed tips. The kernels are rough, deep, $\frac{3}{8}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ inch long, $\frac{3}{8}$ inch wide, broad-wedge and uniform. One of the chief characteristics of Golden Eagle is its large percentage of grain, in which respect it exceeds any other variety. The average is about 90, often above. The very small, light cob, deep kernel and perfect cylindrical shape make this high average possible. Each ear contains 16 to 18 rows of kernels and each row 50 to 60 kernels. Forty bushels of Ear Corn will shell 44 bushels of grain.

This is an early variety, maturing in about 90 days. It grows well on almost any soil. It is used extensively as a replant corn and is especially desirable for fields which for some reason have to be planted late. It stands high with feeders because of the small cob. It is easily broken and readily masticated by cattle. As it matures thoroughly, it is sweet and palatable, making the very best grain fed.

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A Half Bushel of Improved Mastodon

IMPROVED MASTODON

OUR FAMOUS ENSILAGE CORN

Is a yellow Corn with white cap and red cob. The ears attain exceptional size, being from 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 12 inches long and from 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches in circumference. Some of the ears retain a slight taper from butt to tip, but the large majority are very cylindrical. The ears weigh 11 to 18 ounces, having from 16 to 22 rows. The crown is slightly roughened, with rounding corners, the rounding corners giving a smoother appearance to the Corn than it really has. The kernels set very close together and have a fine large development of the germ. This Corn carries a large percent of oil and protein. We have obtained some striking results as to yield with the Improved Mastodon. Under ordinary conditions this Corn yields over 100 bushels an acre. The stalk is large and stiff, producing a great amount of luxuriant foliage, which, when cured, affords a very superior article of fodder. It stands about 10 feet high, the ear appearing 4 feet from the ground. It has come into such favor as an ensilage Corn that there is a great demand for it by dairymen throughout the country. It matures in 120 days and is recommended for any soil. Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., by mail, postpaid. By freight or express, lb. 20 cts., peck \$1.25, bushel \$4.50.

IMPROVED GOLDEN BEAUTY

HAS THE LARGEST GRAIN AND SMALLEST COB OF ANY CORN IN CULTIVATION

The productiveness of the Golden Beauty Corn is due to the economical shape of the ears and the fact that a large proportion of the stalks produce fine ears. It is the largest grained and handsomest golden yellow Corn we have ever seen. The ears are of perfect shape, with 10 to 14 straight rows. Cobs are unusually small; when broken in half the grains will reach across them. The richness of color and fine quality of grain make it superior for grinding into meal. We can guarantee this Corn to give good satisfaction wherever grown. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid; by freight or express, peck \$1.25, bushel \$4.50.

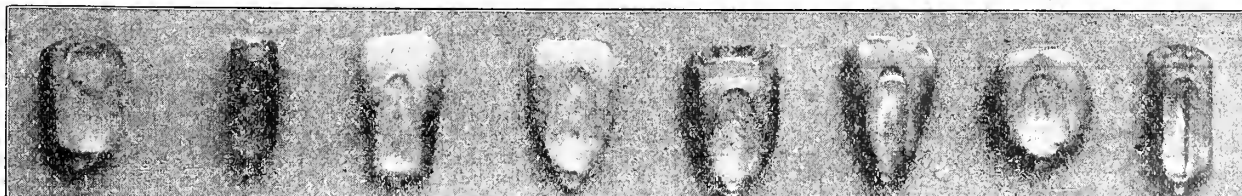
WHITE CAP DENT CORN

This combines the earliness and hardness of the Pride of the North, with ears of very large size. The stalks are stout, growing 6 to 7 feet in height, with abundant foliage. Ears of handsome appearance, 8 to 10 inches in length, well filled, having 16 to 18 rows of deep grains. The cob is small, grains being very deep and quite wide. The outer end of the grain is white, deeply dented, while the inner portion is a clear amber-yellow. The grains are flattened and set squarely on the cob and completely fill the entire surface of the ear. Choicest stock grown by the originator at prices quoted below. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid. By freight or express, peck \$1.25, bushel \$4.50.

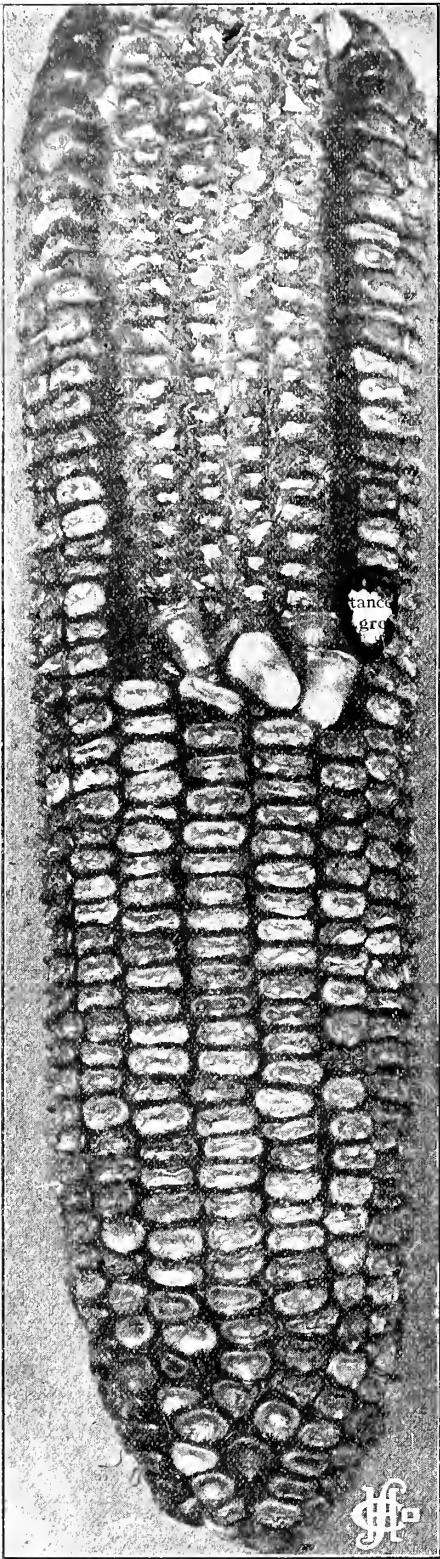
GOLD STANDARD LEAMING CORN

We have increased the size of ears and percentage of grain by breeding from tapering to cylindrical shape. We have also increased depth and roughness of kernel and feeding value by increase of protein and fat. The ears range from 9 to 11 inches long, 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 8 inches in circumference, weighing 12 to 17 ounces. The stalks range from 9 to 12 feet in height, are well developed below the ear and slender above. They are very valuable for ensilage and thrive well on all soils where many other varieties fail. It is an immense yielder, producing, under favorable conditions, 100 bushels or more to the acre.

Prices same as White Cap Dent.



Group of Kernels showing Desirable and Undesirable Shapes. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 are fair to best shapes, while 1, 2, 7 and 8 are to be avoided



From photograph
Above ear $\frac{3}{4}$ natural size



HOLMES' LIBERTY BOND—field of corn growing for seed

CORN IS KING

Holmes' LIBERTY BOND Field Corn

**DECIDEDLY THE LARGEST AND BEST FIELD CORN
IN CULTIVATION. ABSOLUTELY DROUTH PROOF**

Holmes' Liberty Bond originated in Lehigh county and has been grown there by a prosperous farmer for a number of years. Last year we were very fortunate in securing some stock seed of this variety, and succeeded in raising a magnificent crop by the originator. It is the most productive, bears the largest ears of any field Corn that we know of. The stalks grow uniformly, from twelve to fifteen feet high, with ears set rather low for such tall fodder, making it very easy for husking. It matures in about 100 days and the large, handsome ears vary from sixteen to twenty rows each, measuring ten to thirteen inches in length, the majority of them having eighteen rows of deep, broad grains of a rich golden yellow color. It has a red cob, thus denoting its healthy character. The cobs are rather small for such mammoth ears, being only $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches thick. The six points of merit of this magnificent, new field Corn are:

First.—It being an extremely heavy cropper.

Second.—Maturing in 100 days.

Third.—Its evenness in maturing, the ears all being about the same length, and a large proportion having two fully developed ears to each stalk.

Fourth.—It can be used for a silo corn, as the fodder grows very strong, which gives it a double advantage over ordinary field Corn.

Fifth.—It is one of the best yielders that we know of, producing from 125 to 150 bushels to the acre on fair soil.

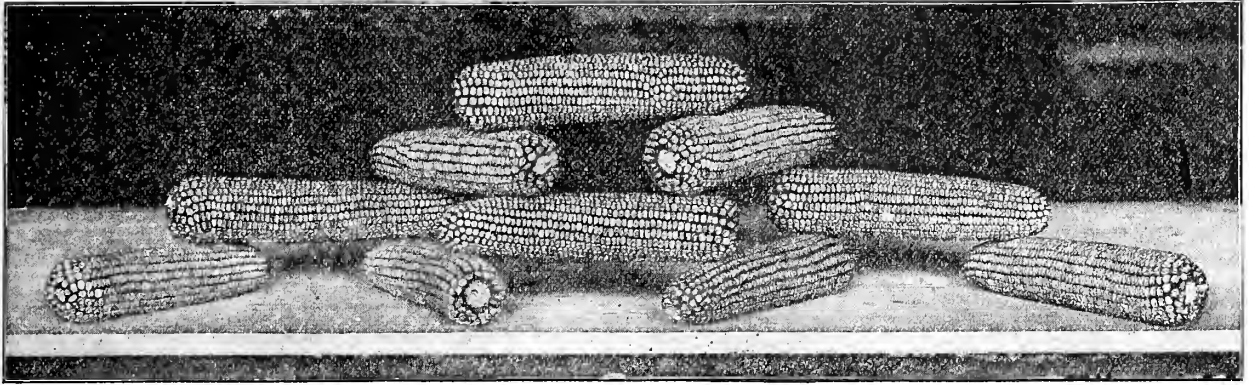
Sixth.—For Seed Corn, it will sell on sight and farmers will make more money from this Corn than any we know of.

The illustrations on this page are exact reproductions from photographs of our field growing for seed, and also an average ear.

This Corn may be ground almost as soon as husked, as it dries rapidly.

This year we offer Holmes' Liberty Bond at the following prices: Per pkt. 10 cts., lb. 25 cts., by mail, postpaid. Per pk. \$1.35, $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$2.50, bu. \$4.75, 2 bus. sack \$9.00, 10 bushel and over at \$4.25 per bushel, sacks extra, holding 2 bu. 75c each.

OUR CROP IS LIMITED AND WE WOULD ADVISE ORDERING EARLY.



Holmes' Emperor Dent

HOLMES' EMPEROR DENT

DECIDEDLY THE LARGEST AND BEST FIELD CORN IN CULTIVATION. ABSOLUTELY DROUGHTPROOF
PENNSYLVANIA GROWN

Holmes' Emperor Dent, grown in Dauphin County, is the most productive of any field Corn that we know of. The stalks grow uniformly, from 10 to 12 feet high, with ears set rather low for such tall fodder, making it very easy for husking. It matures in about 90 days, and the large, handsome ears vary from 16 to 20 rows each, measuring 10 to 12 inches in length, the majority of them having 18 rows of deep, broad grains of a rich golden yellow color. It has a red cob, thus denoting its healthy character. The six points of merit of this magnificent new field Corn are: (1) It being an extremely heavy cropper. (2) Maturing in 90 days. (3) Its evenness in maturing, the ears all being about the same length, and a large proportion having two fully developed ears to each stalk. (4) It can be used for a silo corn, as the fodder grows very strong, which gives it a double advantage over ordinary field Corn. (5) It is one of the best yielders that we know of, producing from 125 to 150 bushels to the acre on fair soil. (6) For seed Corn, it will sell on sight, and farmers will make more money from this Corn than any we know of.

The illustration on this page is an exact reproduction from photograph of average ears. This Corn may be ground almost as soon as husked, as it dries very rapidly. This year we offer Holmes' Emperor Dent at the following prices: Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 25 cts., by mail, postpaid; peck \$1.25, $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel \$2.50, bushel, \$4.50, 2-bushel sack, \$8.50, 10 bushels and over at \$3.85 per bushel, sacks included.

Cuban Giant Mammoth Ensilage. Has produced 70 tons of fodder to the acre and is one of the very best and most popular for Ensilage. The fodder is sweet, tender, juicy; grows 13 to 14 feet in height. Peck \$1.25, bushel, \$4.75.

Red Cob Ensilage.

Peck, \$1.25, bushel, \$4.75.

Sugar Corn for Green Fodder.

Best for early fall green feed. Very profitable for cattle. A favorite with dairy farmers, also excellent for siloing. Peck \$1.50, bushel, \$5.25.

New Keystone Mammoth Pride Corn

Absolutely droughtproof. The most productive; bears largest ears and is absolutely droughtproof. The stalks grow uniformly about 10 to 12 feet high, with ears set rather low for such tall fodder, making it very easy for husking. It matures in about 115 days, and the large, handsome ears vary from 10 to 18 rows each, the most of them having 16 rows of deep grains, which are of a rich golden yellow color. It has a red cob, thus denoting its healthy character; cobs are remarkably small for such mammoth ears, being only $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches thick. This grand new Corn can only be obtained from us. By express or freight, at purchaser's expense, peck \$1.25, $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel \$2.50, bushel \$4.50.

IOWA GOLD MINE

Ears of good size and symmetrical; a bright golden yellow; grain very deep; cob small, drying out quickly when ripe. From 70 pounds of ears, 60 to 62 pounds of shelled corn may be obtained. Early, and of the highest market value. Peck \$1.00, bushel \$3.00, bag of two bushels \$5.75.

PRIDE OF THE NORTH. Used in northern latitudes. Stalks short-jointed and leafy. Kernels are very deep, closely set on the ear. Qt. 25 cts., peck \$1.25, bushel \$4.50.

VIRGINIA EUREKA ENSILAGE CORN

Has a record of 70 tons and 800 pounds of Corn grown on one acre. Enough to feed seven head of cattle for one year and enough left over for 261 days, feeding at the rate of 50 pounds per day.

This Corn was originated in Virginia about 25 years ago and has been grown on the same farms there for us ever since. It is the result of careful selection for many years from the old southern prolific Corn which often has five to eight ears on a stalk. This selection was made with the view of getting a larger ear and more foliage. It has been grown entirely away from other kinds and it is a distinct variety and a great improvement over any other Southern White Dent Corn.

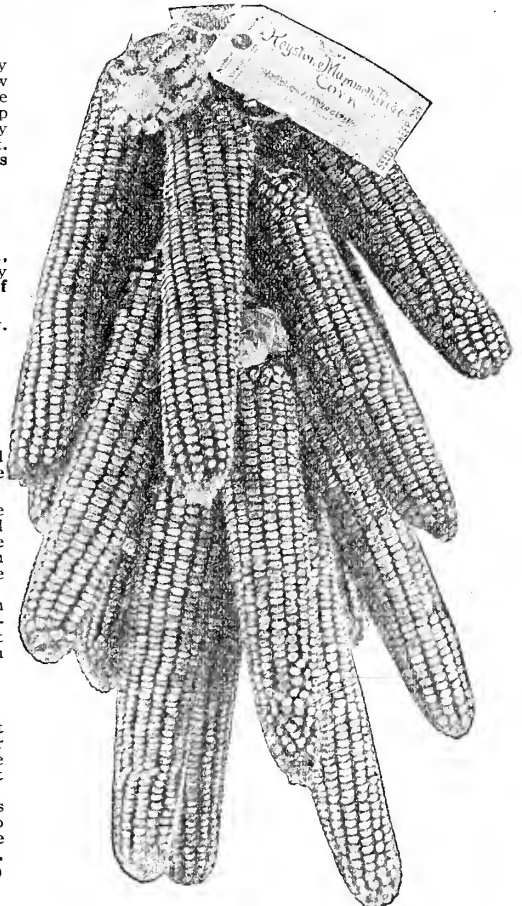
Corn has been offered by others under the name of Eureka, but it is simply the common Southern White that they are offering and at the time of cutting there will be as much difference as there is between Crosby and Stowell's Evergreen. Eureka is a Smooth White Dent Corn with short kernels, while many of the southern white varieties have the horse tooth kernels. Be sure and get the genuine.

WHEN IS THE PROPER TIME TO CUT ENSILAGE?

As Corn is simply overgrown grass and everyone knows that grass should be cut when it is in the blossom, then Corn should be cut when it is in that same condition. Don't look for the ear; simply watch the tassel. It is better to cut Corn too early than too late. Mature ears should never be put in the silo. The grain bin is a much better place. The silo was not invented as a substitute.

Eureka Corn has a record of 70 tons and 800 pounds of green corn from one acre. This record was made by weighing one square rod taken from an acre which was first divided into four equal parts, and the weighing was done by three reliable disinterested parties. We have several estimates of even more than this and we believe that this record can be broken. Price, $\frac{1}{2}$ peck 75 cts., peck \$1.50, $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel \$2.75, bushel \$5.25, 2-bushel bag \$10.00, 10 bushels and over \$4.85 per bushel.

NOTE—Our stock is the genuine, being grown by one of the best growers in Virginia.





For many years we have made the growing of Seed Oats a specialty, importing our seed stock for our own use, from which we grew much of our seed, but in the progress of time we find many progressive farmers who want the best the world can produce, and as good as any seedman or seedhouse in America uses for growing their own stock.

of all kinds, all of which has been done by breeding. But it seems that oats, one of the most important crops and easiest to grow, has been left out until the last two or three years.

Of all the crops that grow on the great American continent nothing is so easily grown and as reasonably sure as a good crop of oats, if the right kind of methods are pursued. You can't raise good oats from poor, inbred seed any more than you can raise good cattle or pigs or good corn, unless you select the best. It is an absolute impossibility.

THE NEW ALBERTA

The cut bordering this page is a fine illustration of the head of the New Alberta Oats, except these were photographed below the average size and only shows the head $\frac{1}{3}$ natural size.

These new Oats were introduced into the Alberta country only four years ago by emigrants who took their seed from Iowa, and were known at that time as the **Regenerated Swedish Select Oats**, but owing to the great success and results made and given they soon thereafter took the name of **New Alberta**, often yielding 125 to 140 bushels per acre and weighing out from 45 to as high as 52 pounds per measured bushel. Since their first introduction into Alberta they have been continually grown on new, clean virgin land, free from weeds, located in the **greatest Oats producing country in the world**, which produces these vigorous hardy Oats—Seed Oats that is full of life and vigor that will easily make you a yield of **three times as much** as common ordinary varieties.

The New Alberta is of strong, stiff straw; stands up well on rich ground, as near rustproof as any Oats in existence; ripens medium early, two or three weeks ahead of late varieties, and is the all-round best variety and quality of Oats to be found anywhere.

Price, at purchaser's expense, by express or freight, peck 75 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel \$1.40, 1 bushel \$2.75, 2 to 4 bushels \$2.60, 10 bushels and over \$2.50.

NOTE—Our Oats are direct from the Alberta country. You can rely on securing the genuine seed if purchased from us.

Long's Improved White Tartar

Direct from the new importation. Outyields nearly all others and is the very best for all-round purposes. Earliest variety grown, with long straw, usually averaging 4 to 5 feet, and rustproof. Succeeds well on all soils. Golden-yellow color. Grains white with golden cast. Withstands stormy weather without lodging or falling off of grains. A measured bushel weighs 42 pounds. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 65 cts., postpaid. By freight or express, peck 75 cts., bushel of 32 lbs. \$2.50, 2 bushels \$2.40, 10 bushels \$2.30 per bushel, 20 bushels and over \$2.25 per bushel. Bags holding 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ bushels 75 cts. each, extra.

Long's Storm King

Mr. Isaac Long, a successful, scientific and widely known farmer, imported this remarkable Oats from Tartary. We have named it Long's Storm King because it stood up completely and perfectly during very heavy storms the month preceding oats harvest. It was then 4 to 6 feet tall. It yielded over 100 bushels to the acre, and weighed 45 pounds to the measured bushel—clean and bright, no smut. There were 100 to 250 grains to each head. Greatest drought-resister known, and Mr. Long's crop shows it is the greatest yielder ever brought here. The illustration shows Mr. Long holding a small sheaf. Note the wonderful length of the straw and heaviness of head. Lb. 35 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts., postpaid.



Long's Storm King Oats

By express or freight, peck 75 cts., bushel of 32 lbs. \$2.75, 2-bushel sack \$5.00, 10 to 20 bushels \$2.40 per bushel, 21 to 50 bushels \$2.25 per bushel. Bags holding 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ bushels 25 cts. each, extra.

Remember, we have the originator's stock and offer this from the original importation. Send for sample.

Mrs. J. M. IRVINE, Loysville, Pa., writes: "We have been selecting seed from your seed book for several years and always were well pleased with the seed bought of you and found them the cheapest in the end, because they always grow and prove to be just as you represent them."

BENJ. G. WENGER, Murrell, Pa., writes: "Enclosed find our order for seeds. We have ordered seeds from you for several years and have always found them very satisfactory."

Holmes' Superior Recleaned Clover Seeds



Alfalfa, or Lucerne

Note. The prices of some varieties of Clover, Grass and Field Seeds may change as the season advances. Prices now given are those prevailing when this catalog was published. It will be to advantage of intending purchasers to write for samples and special prices before ordering in large quantities.

Alfalfa (*Medicago sativa*), also known as Lucerne and Chili Clover. One of the most valuable forage or pasture grasses, being very nutritious, both as a green feed and as hay. It requires moist land or frequent irrigation and often bears from five to six crops of hay a year. It does well in almost any climate and improves any soil that is sown with it. A good stand of it will choke out and practically kill wild morning-glory. Prepare the land by deep plowing and thorough harrowing, and sow 17 to 25 pounds per acre broadcast and harrow it. Alfalfa seed is graded by the amount of dead matter and the percentage of weed seeds it contains. The very worst weed is dodder, which infests seed grown on low lands. Dodder is a yellow parasitic plant with abundant stems but no leaves; the roots live on the alfalfa plant and quickly kill it. A little thought will show that Alfalfa which contains no dodder is worth several cents a pound more than Alfalfa which contains this weed. Our Alfalfa is grown out of the state on high land, and is dodder-free. **Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts., postpaid. Price per bushel on application.**

RED MEDIUM CLOVER. This is the common Red Clover so largely grown throughout the country. **Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts., postpaid. Price per bushel on application.**

MAMMOTH, or PEA-VINE CLOVER. This grows much taller, with larger, leafier stalk, and large, slightly-pointed leaflets. **Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts., postpaid. Price per bushel on application.**

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER. The best variety for lawns; valuable in permanent pastures. **Lb. 45 cts., postpaid. Price per bushel on application.**

Alsike, or HYBRID CLOVER. The hardest of all, sometimes called Giant White Clover. It is a perennial, therefore adapted for permanent pastures or for hay crop. Never heaves or throws in the winter; thrives equally well on wet or dry soil, through extreme droughts or excessive rains; grows on clover-sick land and yields a heavy bulk of herbage where no other Clover succeeds. Its superior pasturage is much liked by cattle. Blossom-heads round; flesh-colored; sweet and fragrant; much liked by bees. Sow 10 to 20 pounds per acre in spring or fall. **Lb. 35 cts., postpaid. For larger quantities write for prices.**

Crimson, or SCARLET CLOVER. An annual variety providing large crops of green forage, or, if cut while in bloom, will make excellent hay. As a green manuring crop for grain, fruit or trucking crops, it gives the very best results, while for improving poor land it has few equals. It succeeds on every kind of soil, standing southern suns and northern winters, and is now grown largely in Delaware, Maryland, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and has succeeded in every state where tried. Sow 15 pounds to the acre from July to September. **Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid. For larger quantities write for prices.**

Holmes' Superior Recleaned Grass Seed

All prices on Grasses subject to change. Write for special quotations

By Freight or Express
Lb. 100 lbs.

- AWNLESS BROME GRASS** (*Bromus inermis*). Will stand long droughts and produce heavy crops in dry sections. **Es. Bu. 14 lbs. per bu.)**
- CANADA BLUE GRASS** (*Poa compressa*). Useful for sowing on hard clay and poor soils. **(14 lbs. per bu.)**
- CREeping BENT GRASS** (*Agrostis stolonifera*). Excellent for lawns; thrives on moist lands. **(Bu. 20 lbs.)**
- CRESTED DOG'S TAIL** (*Cynosurus cristatus*). An excellent grass for hard, dry soils; valuable for pastures and lawns. **(21 lbs. per bu.)**
- ENGLISH RYE GRASS** (*Lolium perenne*). Nutritious, vigorous; for meadow and pasture. **(Bu. 24 lbs.)**
- HARD FESCUE** (*Festuca duriuscula*). One of the most desirable dwarf grasses, excellent for dry soils and shady places. **(12 lbs. per bu.)**
- ITALIAN RYE GRASS** (*Lolium italicum*). A valuable European variety, adapted to any climate and produces large and nutritive crops. **(18 lbs. per bu.)**
- KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS** (*Poa pratensis*). Well known and extensively grown in all parts of the country; used for lawns. **(14 lbs. per bu.)**
- MEADOW FESCUE** (*Festuca pratensis*). Fine permanent pasture; heavy and nutritious. **(Bu. 22 lbs.)**
- MEADOW FOXTAIL** (*Alopecurus pratensis*). One of the earliest and best pasture grasses; grows rapidly when cut or eaten down by stock. **(7 lbs. per bu.)**
- ORCHARD GRASS** (*Dactylis glomerata*). A valuable pasture grass, adapted for growing in shady, moist places under trees, etc. **(14 lbs. per bu.)**
- PERENNIAL RYE** (*Lolium perenne*). Nutritious; for meadow or permanent pasture. **(Bu. 20 lbs.)**
- RED, or CREEPING FESCUE** (*Festuca rubra*). Valuable for lawns. **(14 lbs. per bu.)**
- RED TOP GRASS** (*Agrostis vulgaris*). Valuable for either pastures or lawns. **(14 lbs. per bu.)**

RHODE ISLAND BENT GRASS (*Agrostis canina*). Valuable for either pastures or lawns. **(14 lbs. per bu.)**

ROUGH-STALK MEADOW GRASS (*Poa trivialis*). Excellent for pastures and meadows, particularly on damp soils. As a lawn grass it forms a fine turf and does well in shaded locations. Sow 20 lbs. per acre.

SHEEP'S FESCUE (*Festuca ovina*). Excellent for sheep pasture; 6 to 10 inches high. **(Bu. 12 lbs.)**

SWEET VERNAL, TRUE PERENNIAL (*Anthoxanthum odoratum*). It should be sown in connection with other grasses for pastures or lawns. **(10 lbs. per bu.)**

TALL MEADOW OATS GRASS (*Avena elatior*). This is a valuable variety for pastures. **(10 lbs. per bu.)**

TALL FESCUE (*Festuca elatior*). Early, nutritive and productive in permanent pastures on wet or clay soils. On moist lands yields a large amount of good hay. Height 3 to 4 feet. Not suitable for lawns. Sow 40 lbs. per acre. **(14 lbs. per bu.)**

TIMOTHY (*Phleum pratense*). A variety producing a profitable hay crop in almost any soil. One-half bushel per acre. Our seed is free from weed seeds and of high germinating power. **(45 lbs. per bu.)**

VARIOUS-LEAVED FESCUE (*Festuca heterophylla*). A perennial grass suitable for cold, moist soils in which it will yield heavily. Valuable in permanent meadows, either for mowing or grazing. Height 2 to 3 feet. As a lawn grass it is valuable, especially for shaded places. Sow 40 lbs. per acre. **(Bu. 12 lbs.)**

WOOD MEADOW GRASS (*Poa nemoralis*). A very productive grass, adapted for lawns or pastures. Thrives well under trees. **(14 lbs. per bu.)**



Timothy

MRS. D. S. KREPS, Canaan, Mo., writes: "I have planted your seeds for about 12 years and have had good results all the time. I am well pleased with your promptness in filling orders."

Prices on Application

SPECIAL NOTICE: Owing to the many changes in the markets, customers are requested to write us for prices ruling at the present time.

MANURIAL CROPS

PRICES OF SEEDS ON THIS PAGE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

Modern agricultural practice proves that it is far more economical and desirable to grow the nitrogen fertilizers for soil than to attempt to produce this in the form of manure, especially on large farms or where much live stock is not kept. The chief thing the soil needs is organic matter, and if the farmer can not afford to give enough of this in the form of manure, he can afford to grow and turn down certain good cover-crops for fertilizing. The clovers of various kinds, such as the Mammoth Clover, Red Clover, Alfalfa, Alsike and the Sweet Clovers are beneficial as soil renewers, and in addition to these there are Cowpeas, Soy Beans and, in fact, Peas and Beans of all kinds, Sand and Spring Vetches, Sainfoin, Kidney Vetch, Yellow Lupine and other Legumes which have the power of catching nitrogen from the atmosphere and transforming it into available form for plant-growth.

Where soil is even too thin or poor in quality to grow Red Clover, Sand Vetch or Alsike can be started, and after growing these crops the Red Clover can then be grown with success. If these cover-crops are grown and turned under, the farmer then can add lime, phosphoric acid in the form of acid phosphate, and potash in the form of Kainit or wood ashes, and will find the soil then to contain fairly well-balanced rations for plant-food and be rich and productive in a few seasons.

COWPEAS

Can be grown in all parts of the country where Dent Corn succeeds. It is one of the best for temporary pastures. As a grazing crop it is valuable for producing milk, growing young stock and fattening all kinds of domestic fowls and animals. Effective fertilizing plant, and can be used as a green manure crop at any time during the summer and in almost every crop rotation. Can be grown on greater variety of soils than any other legume.

LARGE BLACK EYE. Extremely early variety, matures peas in six to eight weeks.

BLACK. Quicker to mature than other varieties and better adapted for late planting or for growing north of Virginia.

CLAY. Tall, erect, large dark green leaves; stems of vigorous growth; pod large and yellow; seeds kidney-shaped, medium size, cream-colored; medium to late in ripening.

NEW ERA. A very regular variety; erect and not inclined to run; matures in 60 or 75 days.

WHIPPOORWILL. Usually an erect grower and rarely climbs; pods gray, long and full; seeds large, nearly spherical, mottled red and white; matures early. One of the best for late planting and growing.

Prices of above, pkt. 10 cts., lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid.

Barley, BEARDLESS. This variety is free from beard. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts.

Rye, WHITE WINTER. It is much harder than wheat and can be grown on a greater variety of soils. It is not only grown for grain, but for straw and soiling purposes. Plowed under when about 6 inches high, it is in condition to add great fertility to the soil. Rye can be cultivated longer on the same land than any other crop. Can be sown at the last working of corn. Sow at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel to the acre. Lb. 20 cts., 3 lbs. 50 cts., postpaid.

SPRING. True stock. Spring Rye is an excellent catch-crop where winter grain has been killed out, or where a fall crop has not been planted. Lb. 20 cts., 3 lbs. 50 cts., postpaid.

Buckwheat, JAPANESE. Is much superior to the common superior flour. It is used as a poultry-food. Sow 1 bushel (48 lbs.) to the acre broadcast. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid.

SILVER HULL. The grains are of a silvery gray color, making a white flour. Prices same as Japanese.

Broom Corn, IMPROVED EVERGREEN. Best variety for general cultivation, on account of color and quality of brush; ripens very early; grows about 8 to 10 feet high; brush of good length, fine and straight, and always of green appearance when ripe. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 65 cts., postpaid.

Spring Emmer. (Incorrectly called Speltz.) A grain especially suited for dry lands. Being semihardy, it can be sown very early in the spring like oats. Emmer grows best in the dry prairie regions with hot summers, and even does well in poor or stony ground. It is a better drought and rust-resister than either oats or barley, and it also yields considerably better. The feeding value is high. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid.

Milo Maize. A variety of sorghum, nonsaccharine, growing stalks 8 to 10 feet high. Useful for the large amount of green feed or cured fodder it produces and for its grain. It stands dry weather and makes its crops when corn would wholly fail. Plant in 3-foot rows and cultivate as corn; 3 to 5 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 20 cts., 3 lbs. 50 cts., postpaid.

Sorghum, or Sugar Cane. Sorghum is a sweet fodder of most luxuriant growth. There is no better feed for horses—very nourishing, fattening and keeps the bowels open, and can be safely fed at any stage of growth. Fed to cows, proves a great milk producer and is a wonderful feed to fatten hogs. Will produce as high as 20 tons per acre, and two or three cuttings in a single season.

EARLY AMBER. Grows from 11 to 12 feet in height and can be planted by the first of May. The seed ripens almost invariably, affording an excellent food for stock and poultry. Lb. 20 cts., 3 lbs. 55 cts., postpaid.

EARLY GEM. This is a strong grower and will outyield any other Sorghum; is highly recommended as a feed for horses and cows. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 65 cts., postpaid.

Kaffir Corn. One of the best forage-plants. If the crop is wanted mainly for fodder, it is recommended to cut down the whole stalk when the first seed heads come into bloom. The second growth springing at once from the roots, will still mature a full crop of grain and a second full crop of forage by October 15. For grain sow in rows 3 feet apart, 5 lbs. to the acre. For fodder, sow 3 pecks broadcast. Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid.

Sunflower, MAMMOTH RUSSIAN. Makes large heads; valuable for poultry. Qt. 30 cts., postpaid. By freight or express, lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$12.

Field Peas, CANADA. "Peas could be made to bring more nitrogen to the soils of this country every year than is now purchased annually by the farmers at the cost of millions of dollars."—Year Book of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Peas are second only to clover in their soil-enriching properties and can be grown under almost any condition. The vines make rich, nutritious hay, or can be grown to turn under. Peck \$1.50, bushel (60 lbs.) \$4.75, 2 bushels \$9.00.

LARGE MARROWFAT. Growth immense. The best of the Field Beans for hay. Peck \$2.50, bushel (60 lbs.) \$9.00.

New Velvet Bean. A very heavy yielding legume belonging to the Soja and Cowpea class. The most rampant growing of all these sorts. Popular in the South—and of value in the North for a cover crop. Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 30 cts., postpaid. For larger lots write for prices.

Giant Spurry. An annual plant extensively cultivated in Europe as a winter pasture for cattle and sheep; grows well on poor, dry, sandy soil; an excellent fertilizer for light soil and valuable for forage. Sow 12 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts., postpaid. For larger lots write for prices.

Teosinte. A valuable continuous-cutting forage plant for the Southern and Southwestern States, furnishing a most nutritious food, green or dry, for horses and cattle. Sow in May or June in drills $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 feet, 2 to 3 lbs. to the acre. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 75 cts., lb. \$2.50, postpaid.

Soja Beans. The Soja Bean is often used to take the place of clover where the soil is not fertile, both for hay and for fertilizing purposes. It is a sure cropper. Ordinary yield of beans 25 to 40 bushels per acre. One of the richest of natural food stocks. Sow about 1 bushel to the acre, either broadcast or drilled.

MAMMOTH YELLOW. Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts. Write for prices in larger lots.

Dwarf Essex Rape. This plant is extensively grown for sheep forage, and for green manure. Farmers who desire to get young cattle, sheep or lambs into favorable condition to be sold advantageously in the fall, can do it most cheaply by growing this. Three pounds of seed to the acre in rows, or broadcast at the rate of 6 pounds to the acre. Our stock is the true Essex Dwarf. Lb. 30 cts., 100 lbs. and over at \$25.00.

Vetch, Spring, or TARES (Vicia sativa). Used for the same purpose as the Sand Vetch, but will not thrive on poor soil or withstand extremes of weather as successfully. Sow with oats, using a bushel of each to the acre. Lge. pkt. 5 cts., lb. 30 cts., postpaid. For larger lots write for prices.

SAND, HAIRY, or WINTER (Vicia villosa). The winter cover-crop. A large yielding and nutritious forage-crop; splendid for grazing and soil improving. It is very hardy, is valuable as a winter cover-crop to prevent leaching. It is an annual, but resows itself and will come up year after year on the same ground. Valuable where clover does not thrive. The Department of Agriculture estimates the value of an acre of this Vetch plowed under equal to commercial fertilizer at the rate of \$16 to \$40 an acre. One to one and one-half bushels of seed required to the acre. Lb. 35 cts., postpaid. For larger lots write for prices.

MILLETS

GERMAN, or GOLDEN MILLET. Matures two weeks later than the common Millet. The seed we offer will produce more than double the quantity of fodder usually got on the same ground. Four to five feet high. Sow 1 bushel to the acre. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid. For larger lots write for prices.

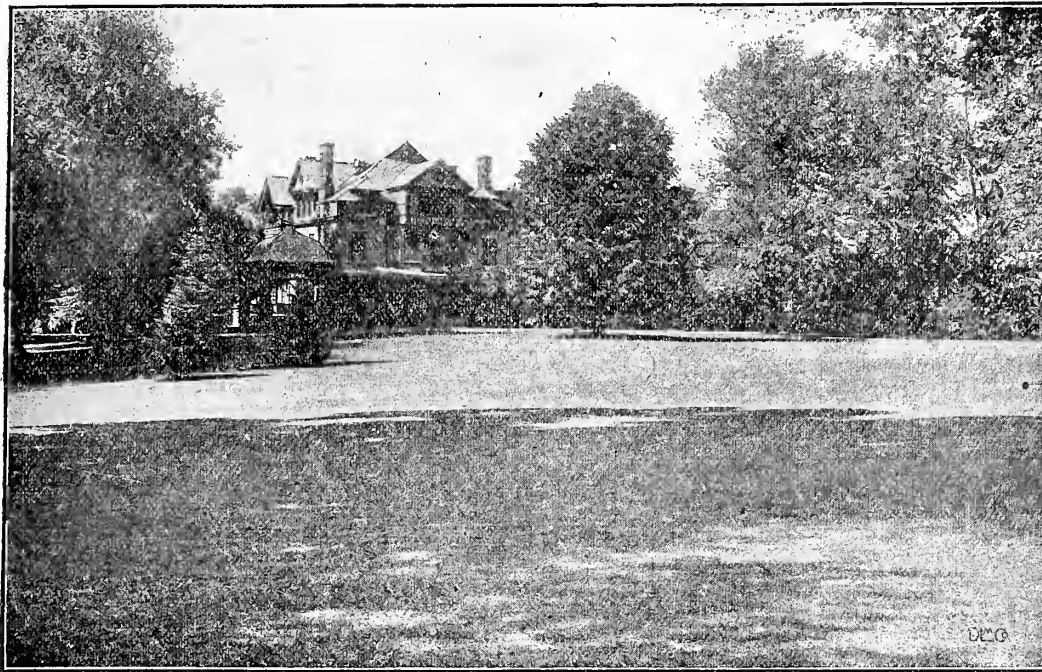
PEARL MILLET, or PENICILLARIA. An immense fodder yielder, attaining a height of 8 to 10 feet. Can be cut several times during a season. Sow 10 pounds to the acre. Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts., postpaid. For larger lots write for prices.

SIBERIAN. Rapidly becoming the most popular of all Millets. Very productive; grows 4 to 5 feet. Withstands drought wonderfully. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid. For larger lots write for prices.

COMMON MILLET. Best quality for feeding. Lb. 20 cts. For larger lots write for prices.

JAPANESE MILLET. Particularly valuable in the Northern States as a quick-growing forage and ensilage crop. Six to eight feet, yields 10 to 18 tons of green fodder to the acre. Two parts of the Millet with one part Soja Beans form a completely balanced ration that may be fed without grain. Sow 10 to 12 pounds to the acre. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts. For larger lots write for prices.

HUNGARIAN. A very valuable forage-plant of the Millet family, but not so coarse. Sown and cultivated same as Millet, and quite a favorite with stockmen. Lb. 20 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts. For larger lots write for prices.



This Lawn was sown with Holmes' Capitol Park Lawn Grass Seed

Choice Lawn Grass Seed Mixtures

A Few Words Here. The seedsman is always censured if weeds come up in the lawn. We invariably purchase the finest grasses we can obtain, either here or abroad. Weed seeds are carried by the thousands by birds and by the manure you put on the soil. Even if you plant nothing, weeds will come. We know of soil which was excavated at a depth of 70 feet and inside one month was covered with a magnificent growth of numerous weeds.

MAKING AND CARING FOR THE LAWN

Preparing and Manuring the Ground. In making a new lawn, all grading, tree planting and laying out of walks and drives should be done first. The ground should be thoroughly dug or plowed to a depth of 10 or 12 inches, after which some good fertilizer—pure ground bone or pulverized sheep manure is especially recommended—should be applied at the rate of 600 to 800 pounds per acre. The ground should be fine and perfectly smooth and even.

Sowing the Seed, Rolling and Weeding. The best time for sowing grass seed is in spring, from February to May, or if in fall, from September to November, using on small plots at the rate of one quart of seed to each 15 square feet, and for large lawns, golf-links, tennis, cricket and croquet-grounds, use at the rate of 80 pounds of seed per acre, and for putting-greens 100 pounds of seed per acre. After the seed has been sown broadcast the ground should be thoroughly rolled; or, on small places, beaten with the back of a spade to "firm" the surface and press the seed into the soil. Annual weeds, natural to the soil, will appear before the young grass becomes established; none of these should be allowed to ripen their seeds.

Renovating Old Lawns. This should be done either in the spring or early fall, by raking the soil where bare spots occur, and sowing seed, taking care that it is not covered too deep, and also to roll or pat the surface smooth with a shovel.

Cutting, Weeding and Watering. When the grass has attained a height of 4 inches it should be mown, care being exercised not to cut it too close. Frequent rolling and mowing will make the turf close and compact, strengthen the grass and render the lawn smooth and attractive. Lawns require frequent watering and feeding to keep up their vigor. We recommend Holmes' Lawn Dressing as the best fertilizer for nourishing lawns.

Top-Dressing in Fall. A coating of wood-ashes and ground bone in the late fall is very beneficial and gives the lawn a good start in the spring. It is also advisable to roll the lawn after the last cutting in the fall; it prevents much of the young growth from freezing out at the roots.

THE AMERICAN LAWN BEAUTIFUL. A booklet brimful of valuable information free for the asking.

Holmes' Capitol Park Lawn Grass Seed

**BOTH FOR FORMING NEW LAWNS AND RENEWING OLD LAWNS. THE KIND THAT GIVES
LASTING RESULTS. FOUR WEEKS FROM SOWING YOU CAN USE YOUR MOWER**

A good lawn once made will last for years if the right material is used and the work properly done. Our Capitol Park Lawn Seed has been thoroughly tested in all parts of the country and gives perfect satisfaction. Its use will insure a beautiful, green, smooth, velvety sward, which is often ready for cutting in from four to six weeks. Composed of fancy, re-cleaned domestic and foreign grasses, best adapted for a perfect and enduring lawn. No more sodding once Capitol Park Lawn Seed is used; for, if directions are followed, you are sure of good results. Lawn seed can be sown at almost any time, from early spring to late in the fall. **Qt. 25 cts., 2 qts. 45 cts. (add 5 cts. per quart extra if sent by mail). Seed in bulk, by freight or express, peck \$1.25, bushel of 20 lbs. \$4.50.**

HARRY W. MILLER, Harrisburg, Pa., writes: "It affords me a great deal of pleasure to express the satisfaction I have experienced in the sowing, on new and heavily weeded ground, of your Capitol Park Lawn Grass Seed Mixture. The grass was above the surface of the ground four days after it had been sowed, and today there is a thick, velvety verdure which is the admiration of the neighborhood. I have never seen its equal anywhere. This goes to prove that seed, if properly sown according to your booklet, The American Lawn Beautiful, which you advised me to read, will give results; and the beauty of it all is no weeds have made their appearance."

HOLMES' TERRACE MIXTURES

A mixture of grasses best adapted for sloping ground and terraces. Has deep, spreading roots that hold embankments and cover terraces with a beautiful green turf. **By freight or express, qt. 30 cts., peck \$1.50, bushel of 20 lbs. \$5.**

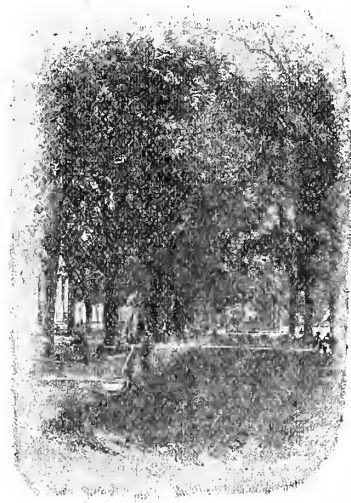
Holmes' Shady Nook Lawn Mixture

The beauty of many lawns today is marred by the unsightly bare spots under trees and shrubbery and close to walks, due to all-day shade. Unfortunately the regular Lawn Grass Seed will not thrive well in shady places, but we have, by long experience in the study of grasses and their growing natures, succeeded in making a special mixture that will produce a velvety green sod in the very shadiest nooks and corners. The special grasses that are used in this mixture are mostly imported and high-priced, and we can recommend this variety to our most critical trade. The grasses are all fancy re-cleaned and we make the prices as low as possible consistent with the quality offered. Ground that is densely shaded is usually covered with moss and clumps of coarse grasses, which should be removed and the ground covered with slaked lime before sowing our special mixture. **Qt. 35 cts., postpaid. By freight or express, qt. 30 cts., 4 qts. \$1, peck \$1.60, bushel of 20 lbs. \$5.50.**

V. GRANT FORRER, Supt. Harrisburg Park Commission, writes: "I desire to say that the grass seed which you furnished of your Shady Nook Mixture for the shady places on Front Street under the trees speaks for itself. The results obtained were more than satisfactory, and I can unhesitatingly recommend your seed, not only the Shady Nook, but also the grass seed you furnished for golf-course and lawns, as being thoroughly reliable."

The above photograph taken on Front Street speaks for itself. The seed was sown early in spring, and on the date the photograph was taken, May 28, there was a beautiful sod.

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE



Holmes' Shady Nook Mixture

Holmes' Golf-Links Mixture

FOR FAIR-GREENS AND PUTTING GREENS

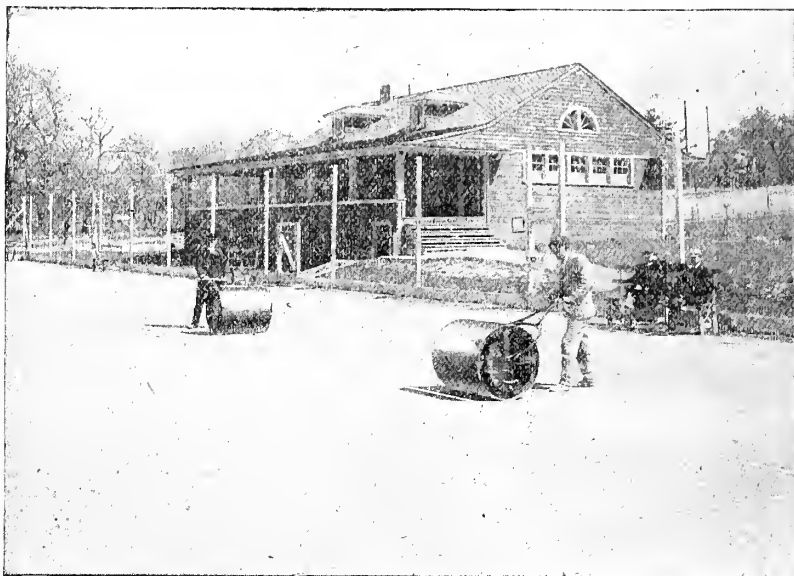
For some years past we have made up a special mixture of Grasses adapted specially for golf courses. This mixture is composed of Grasses that produce in a very short time a permanent, low-growing, tough green sward of beautiful appearance. By the use of our famous mixtures for fair greens and putting greens, a permanent turf can be produced in a very short time.

Holmes' Fair Greens Mixture. Qt. 20 cts., 2 qts. 35 cts., 4 qts. 50 cts., peck 85 cts., bushel of 15 lbs. \$3.25, 5 bushels \$15, 10 bushels \$27.50, 25 bushels \$65.

Holmes' Putting Green Mixture. Qt. 30 cts., 4 qts. 90 cts., peck \$1.50, bushel of 20 lbs. \$6, 5 bushels \$28.75, 10 bushels \$55.

The Fair Green Mixture you supplied to the Colonial Country Club for use on the golf course has answered the purpose exactly. This seed was sown from April 27 to 30. On all parts of the grounds where soil conditions, etc., were good it came up beautifully and in six weeks' time has made a fine sod. On hard, shaly knolls, extreme slopes and ground subject to heavy washes, of course no sod could be expected for years, but even on those spots we have got a foundation that will hold next seeding. With light seeding fall or spring we shall have a fine sod next spring.

As regards the lawn in front of clubhouse, seeded October, 1911, it shows up beautifully and certainly speaks well for Holmes' Capitol Park Mixture—STEWART McEWAN, Professional Greenkeeper.

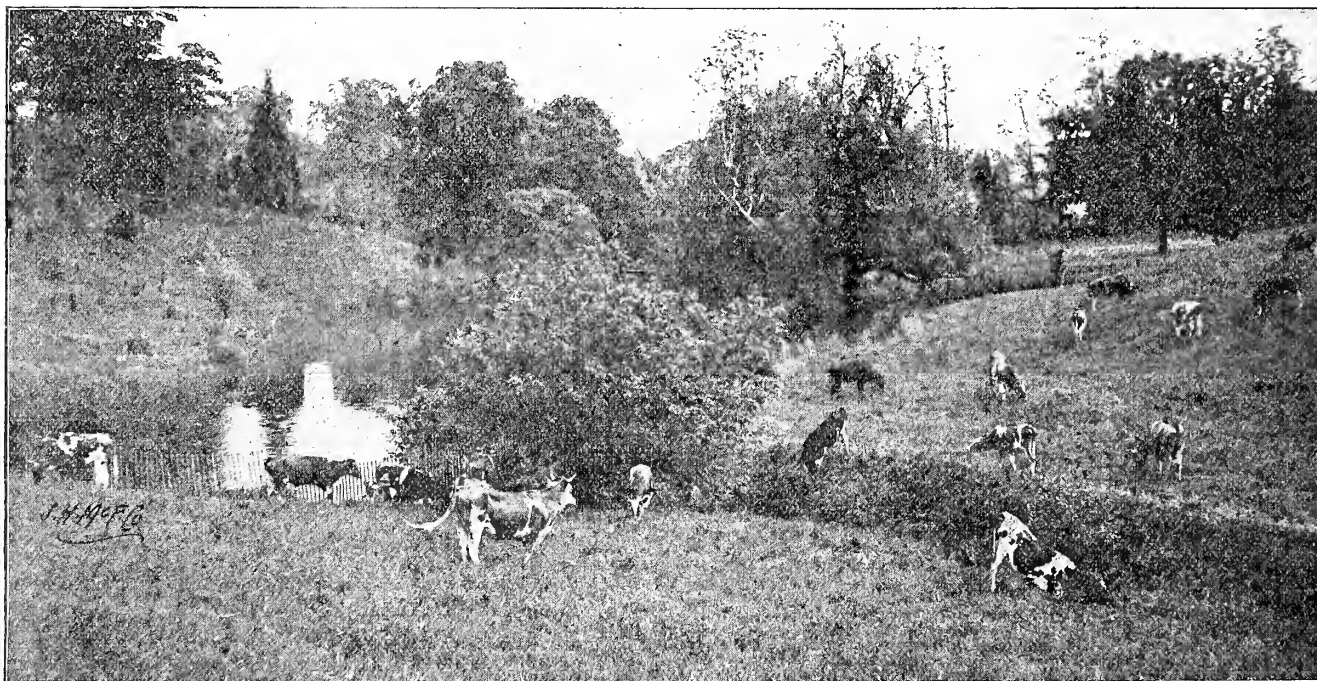


Holmes' "Tough Sod" Grass Mixture

FOR TENNIS-COURTS, CROQUET-GROUNDS, BOWLING-GREENS, BALL-PARKS, ETC.

It quickly forms an indestructible turf, smooth, firm, elastic, standing wear and tear of outdoor games. Under congenial conditions it will be ready for mowing four weeks from sowing, and in six weeks ready for playing.

Holmes' "Tough Sod" Grass Seed is a blend of Grasses especially suited for the making of Grass tennis courts, croquet grounds, bowling greens, etc. The turf required for outdoor sports must be closely interwoven, firm, elastic, smooth, and durable to stand to wear and tear. These requirements are met in Holmes' "Tough Sod" Mixture, which is composed of native and acclimated foreign fine-leaved, fibrous, deep-rooting Grasses that spread and intermingle, the seeds of which are blended in the proper proportions to form and maintain a tough, matted sward, constantly green, even in dry weather. These varieties of Grasses, being low-growing and fine-leaved, require to be sown liberally if a playing turf is desired quickly; not less than one quart should be used for 300 square feet, or 5 bushels per acre; half that quantity will do for renovating. Price, delivered free in the United States, qt. 30 cts., 4 qts. 75 cts., peck \$1.35, bushel of 20 lbs. \$5.



Holmes' Special Grass Mixture

FOR PERMANENT
PASTURE AND HAY

Our famous mixture is becoming more generally used each season by progressive and successful farmers who desire an abundance of hay and permanent pasturage. This mixture is made up of the Grasses best calculated to afford an abundant and nutritious food supply for stock, and its formula is based upon years of successful experience. It thrives well on all soils and is not seriously affected by the different climatic conditions. Will outyield timothy and will thrive in soils where the latter fails. Not only does it produce an abundance of hay, but will give an excellent pasturage after it has been cut. In many cases it will produce two crops a season, whereas from timothy alone you can cut but one. If your fields are old and worn out it will pay you to plow up and seed again, when you will soon be cutting heavy crops from Holmes' Permanent Pasture Mixture. Sow 3 to 4 bushels to the acre, or half this amount in established pasture. In ordering, state whether for light or heavy soil. Should you desire a special mixture for renewing old pasture, etc., write us and we will give information. Lb. 25 cts., by mail 35 cts.; bushel of 15 lbs. \$3, 5 bushels \$13.75, 10 bushels \$26, 25 bushels \$62.50, 50 bushels \$120.

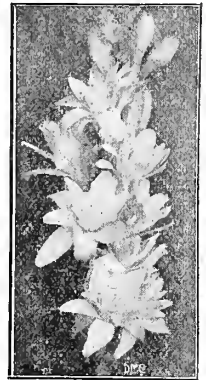
Summer-Flowering Bulbs and Roots

Begonias, Tuberous-Rooted

There is hardly a single garden in which there are not semi- or entirely shaded spots where the average flower will not grow. Such places are ideal for this flower; yet it will make a dazzling show in the open. Enormous wax-like flowers appear uninter- ruptedly from June till frost.

	SINGLE			DOUBLE		
	Each	Doz.	100	Each	Doz.	100
Crimson.....	10	\$1 00	\$6 00	15	\$1 50	\$10 00
Orange.....	10	1 00	6 00	15	1 50	10 00
Pink.....	10	1 00	6 00	15	1 50	10 00
Scarlet.....	10	1 00	6 00	15	1 50	10 00
White.....	10	1 00	6 00	15	1 50	10 00
Yellow.....	10	1 00	6 00	15	1 50	10 00
Mixed.....	07	70	5 00	12	1 20	8 50

Add 10 cts. per dozen for mailing
Single Bulbs mailed free



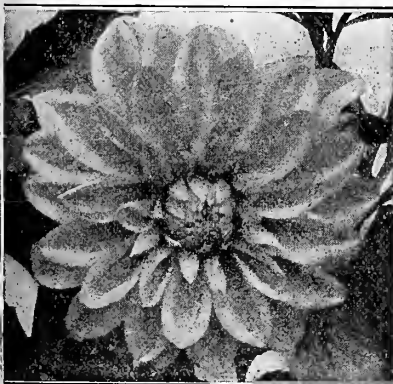
Pearl Tuberose

Caladium Esculentum (Elephant's Ear)

Holmes' Selected Cannas

Name of Canna	Color of Flower	Color of Foliage	Height
Austria.....	Canary yellow.....	Green.....	4 feet
Allemania.....	Scarlet and yellow.....	Green.....	4 feet
America.....	Golden orange.....	Bronze.....	4 feet
Cherokee.....	Dark crimson.....	Green.....	5 feet
Millie Berat.....	Rose carmine.....	Green.....	4 feet
David Harum.....	Vermilion scarlet.....	Bronze.....	3 feet
Black Prince.....	Velvety maroon.....	Green.....	5½ feet
Tarrytown.....	Light crimson.....	Green.....	4 feet
Mephisto.....	Real dark crimson.....	Green.....	5 feet
Egandale.....	Currant red.....	Bronze.....	4 feet
Shenandoah.....	Old rose salmon.....	Bronze.....	5 feet
General Merrell.....	Scarlet, with orange base and edge.....	Green.....	4 feet
Musafolia.....	This canna is used for foliage only.....		
Indiana.....	Golden orange.....	Green.....	5 feet
Kanzleiter.....	Light amber yellow.....	Green.....	5 feet
Richard Wallace.....	Pleasing canary yellow.....	Green.....	5 feet
Wyoming.....	Orange.....	Purple.....	4 feet
Italia.....	Red bordered yellow.....	Green.....	6 feet
Prince Wied.....	Rich deep crimson.....	Green.....	5 feet
Louisiana.....	Vivid scarlet.....	Green.....	7 feet
Pennsylvania.....	Deep orange scarlet.....	Green.....	6 feet
Gladiator.....	Bright yellow spotted crimson.....	Green.....	6 feet
Gladioflora.....	Crimson changing to carmine rose.....	Green.....	5 feet
King Humbert.....	Orange-scarlet-red markings.....	Bronze.....	4 feet

Price of any of the above varieties in strong roots, 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., by mail postpaid; \$6.00 per 100, by express. Mixed Dwarf French, 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz., \$35 per 100; Tall Shorts Mixed, 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz., \$3.50 per 100. After May 1 we supply plants at 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.



Nymphaea Dahlia

Caladium Esculentum

(Elephant's Ear)

As centerpieces or specimens in flowerbeds, Caladiums answer well. They also make an excellent edging for a hardy bed of grass, for ricinus and other tall-growing plants. When planted in a bed alone, a border of scarlet sage removes the one-color effect and makes a beautiful contrast. Do not plant Caladiums outdoors until after May 1, but to get them in early growth, they may be started indoors.

	Each	Doz.	100
Monster Bulbs.....	30	\$3 25	\$20 00
Mammoth Bulbs.....	20	2 20	15 00
First-Size Bulbs.....	10	1 10	8 00
Second-Size Bulbs.....	07	75	5 00

Single Bulbs mailed free. Add for postage to dozen prices as follows: Monster Bulbs 15 cts., Mammoth 10 cts., First-Size 5 cts., Second-Size 3 cts.

Holmes' Prize Dahlias

THE CHOICEST OF THEIR RESPECTIVE CLASSES

Add 10 cts. per clump if wanted by mail

Our Dahlia roots are, in all cases, splendid, large, original specimens, often weighing 10 to 16 ounces each, and containing 6 to 8 tubers. We do not cut the roots into small pieces to save postage, but make our prices by express or freight.

DECORATIVE DAHLIAS

	Each	Doz.
Admiral Dewey. Rich purple; very free.....	15	\$1 50
Madame Van den Dael. Large; white.....	15	1 50
Jack Rose. Rich crimson; large.....	15	1 50
Clifford W. Bruton. Canary-yellow.....	15	1 50
Lyndhurst. Brilliant cardinal-red.....	15	1 50
Sylvia. Deep pink, pure white center.....	15	1 50
Nymphaea. White suffused with pink.....	15	1 50
Maid of Kent. Cherry-red, tipped white.....	15	1 50
Mrs. Roosevelt. Beautiful light pink.....	20	2 00
Mrs. J. Gardner Cassatt. Deep rose-pink; large.....	50	5 00

CACTUS DAHLIAS

	Each	Doz.
Countess of Lonsdale. Salmon-pink and amber.....	20	\$2 00
Volker. Yellow; free-flowering.....	25	2 50
Kriemhilde. Brilliant pink.....	20	2 00
J. H. Jackson. Crimson-maroon; large.....	20	2 00
Eva. Dwarf, white; profuse bloomer.....	20	2 00
Mrs. Edw. Mawley. Soft yellow; large.....	25	2 50
Floradora. Pure garnet; splendid form.....	15	1 50

SHOW AND FANCY DAHLIAS

	Each	Doz.
Arabella. Light sulphur-yellow.....	15	\$1 50
John Walker. Elegant pure white.....	20	2 00
Red Hussar. Pure cardinal-red.....	15	1 50
Emily. White, tipped soft lilac.....	15	1 50
Admiral Schley. Rich crimson.....	15	1 50
A. D. Livoni. Clear soft pink, quilled.....	15	1 50
Dorothy Peacock. Clear soft pink.....	75	7 50
White Swan. Large; pure white.....	20	2 00
SINGLE DAHLIA "Rebecca Mayhew." Pure white.....	50	5 00

NEW "GIANT CENTURY" DAHLIAS. Write for list and prices.

Holmes' Special Dahlia Catalog sent free for the asking

Gloxinias

A gorgeous plant, either for conservatory or garden. The plants prefer a moist soil and a shady situation. Bulbs may be started as early as January, but should not be set outdoors until after May 15. They can be easily made to bloom in the house as pot-plants. Bulbs must be lifted in the fall.

Named Colors.....	By mail, postpaid	Each	Doz.	100
Choicest Mixed Colors.....		15	\$1 50	\$10 00
		10	1 00	6 00

Summer-Flowering Bulbs and Roots—Continued

Holmes' Superb Gladioli



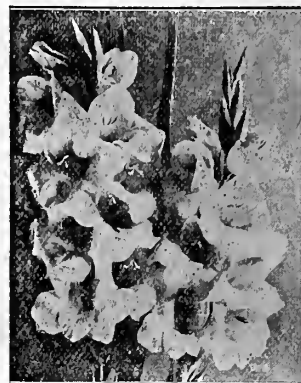
Gladiolus Augusta

The Gladiolus is the most useful of all flowers. Apart from its striking beauty and effectiveness while blooming in the garden, its practical value as a cut-flower is becoming more highly appreciated the better it becomes known.

We name below a few of the latest introductions:

	By Mail	By Exp.
Each	Doz.	100
AMERICA. Soft lavender-pink	05	50
AUGUSTA. Lovely, pure white with blue anthers.	05	50
BARON HULOT. Rich, deep indigo-blue; very rare	06	60
CHILDSEI. Finest mixed varieties. Large size; brilliant colors.	05	35
EUGENE SCRIBE. Rose color, shaded carmine-red.	08	75
GEORGE PAUL. Crimson, stained yellow, spotted purple.	10	85
GROFF'S NEW HYBRIDS, MIXED. Selected from the cream of high-quality Gladioli.	04	30
HOLMES' SUPERB MIXTURE. Every bulb is extra choice; the very largest and finest kind of flowers.	04	35
I. S. HENDRICKSON. Irregular mottling of white and pink.	10	80
KLONDYKE. Clear primrose, blotched crimson.	06	60
KUNDERI "GLORY." Exquisitely ruffled and fluted, cream-pink, crimson stripe.	05	1 00
MAY. Pure white, flaked crimson; extra strong.	10	50
VICTORY. Delicate sulphur-yellow; best yellow.	10	1 00

We can also furnish all other varieties of Gladioli upon application



Gladiolus America

MISCELLANEOUS BULBS AND BULBOUS PLANTS

CINNAMON VINE. A beautiful hardy annual climber, 15 to 30 feet high. Leaves thick and glossy. The white flowers, borne in clusters, emit a delightful cinnamon-like perfume. Strong roots 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz.; extra-strong roots 8 cts. each, 80 cts. per doz., postpaid.
MADEIRA, or MEXICAN VINE (Climbing Mignonette). Thick, glossy leaves, and long, hanging stems of feathery, fragrant, white flowers. Strong roots 5 cts. each, 40 cts. per doz., \$3 per 100, postpaid.
OXALIS, Summer-Blooming. Deppi, white, Lasiandra, pink. Either variety, 2 cts. each, 15 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100.
TUBEROSES. Excelsior Pearl, pure white. 5 cts. each, 35 cts. per doz., \$2.50 per 100. Mammoth Bulbs 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz., \$3 per 100. Add 15 cts. per doz. for mailing.

Ornamental Vines

AMPELOPSIS Veitchii (Boston Ivy). The best climber to cling to walls, trees, etc. Strong plants 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100; extra-strong plants 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$18 per 100.
ARISTOLOCHIA Siphio (Dutchman's Pipe). A strong grower, with large leaves and pipe-like flowers. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
BIGNONIA grandiflora (Trumpet Vine). Large, orange-red flowers. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
Radicans. Dark red; very free-flowering. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
CLEMATIS paniculata (Japanese Virgin's Bower). One of the finest climbers; clouds of small fragrant flowers in August. Strong plants 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100; extra-strong plants 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$15 per 100.
Henry. Creamy white; large. 50 cts. each.
Jackmani. The popular rich purple variety. 50 cts. each.
Ville de Lyon. The nearest approach to a red. 50 cts. each.
WISTARIA Sinensis (Chinese Wistaria). Blue. 50 cts. each.

Peonies

These old-time favorites are being planted more and more than ever before. They are admired in open borders, beds along walks and drives; well suited to intermingling among either shrubs or perennials. Their great flowers are perfectly formed, and some are fragrant and as delicately colored as a rose. Peonies grow best in rich, deep soils and sunny positions. They flower at the close of May and in June.

Named Varieties 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz. Mixed Varieties 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz.

MOUTAN (Tree Peony). These differ from the herbaceous varieties by their growth, which is in the form of a dwarf shrub; they commence blooming about three weeks earlier, and while also perfectly hardy are benefited by slight protection through the winter. We offer strong plants in shades of crimson, pink and white. \$1 each, \$9 per doz.

TENUIFOLIA fl. pl. Interesting on account of their rich crimson, double flowers; and the fine, feathery foliage which makes a handsome ornamental plant. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

OFFICINALIS. This type is the old-fashioned Peony and comes into bloom from ten days to two weeks ahead of the other herbaceous sorts. All are strong growers, with large, full-double, fragrant flowers.

Alba. Blush-white.

Rosea. Bright rose-pink.

Rubra. Deep crimson.

30 cts. each; 1 of each for 75 cts.

HOLMES' HARDY ROSES

Hardy Roses are permanent guests in your garden or about your home. As often as summer comes again they are there with the fragrance and beauty and elegance of old-fashioned places. Put a bed in an empty place, or a row around the outside. The plants we offer are all two-year-old, pot-grown, 2 feet high, many of them in bud when shipped. All are absolutely free from disease and are guaranteed to be satisfactory.

Any of the following large two-year-old plants 50 cts. each, \$5 per dozen, by express, you pay charges; one-year-old plants of the same varieties 35 cts. each, \$3 per dozen, you pay express.

SOUV. DE PIERRE NOTTING. Superb new Tea Rose. A cross of Marechal Niel on Maman Cochet. Color, apricot-yellow tinged with golden. Rim of petals shaded beautiful carmine-rose. Great quantity of bloom.
KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA. Hybrid Tea. Large, strongly fragrant flowers of snowy whiteness, produced in great profusion; a strong, healthy grower with large foliage.
KILLARNEY. A splendid new Hybrid Tea Rose; strong, robust grower; free, continuous bloomer; color is brilliant, sparkling pink; flowers are extra large and the buds long and pointed.
CLOTHILDE SOUPERT. Tea Polyantha. One of the freest flowering Roses in our collection, producing perfectly double flowers of a French-white, deepening to rosy blush in the center.
DUCHESSE DE BRABANT. Tea. One of the most deliciously scented and beautiful in cultivation; silvery pink; free growth.
ETOILE DE LYON. Tea. A splendid rich yellow, beautiful in the bud as well as in the flower.
MAD. FRANCISCA KRUGER. Tea. A fine bedding Rose; color, copper-yellow, shaded with peach; large and full.
HERMOSA. Bourbon-China. The old favorite bright rich pink, which is always in bloom.
MAMAN COCHET. Everblooming Tea. An extra-strong grower, producing large buds and flowers in the greatest profusion; color, deep rose-pink, inner side of petals silvery rose; borne on long, stiff stems; very double and exquisite when in bud.
WHITE MAMAN COCHET. Everblooming Tea. Identical with Maman Cochet, except in color, which is pure white.
FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI. Hybrid Perpetual. This is an ideal hardy white Rose, pure in color, perfect in form, strong grower and remarkably free-flowering; superb in every way.

HELEN GOULD, or BALDUIN. Tea. An excellent bedding variety, with large full flowers of fine form; bright, glowing carmine; a free and continuous bloomer.
GENERAL JACQUEMINOT. Hybrid Perpetual. Brilliant scarlet-crimson.
LA FRANCE. Hybrid Tea. An old favorite and probably the most popular Rose the world over. Flowers clear, satiny pink; large; very full and of perfect form.
GLOIRE LYONNAISE. Hybrid Perpetual. White, tinted with yellow; large, full and of good shape; very distinct.
MAGNA CHARTA. Hybrid Perpetual. Bright pink, suffused with carmine; a beautiful Rose; strong, vigorous grower.
MRS. JOHN LAING. Hybrid Perpetual. Soft pink of beautiful form; exceedingly fragrant and remarkably free flowering.
PAUL NEYRON. Hybrid Perpetual. The largest Rose; smoky rose color. An old favorite.

Climbing Roses

CRIMSON RAMBLER. Plants 2 to 3 feet, 50 cts. each.
PINK RAMBLER. Plants 2 to 3 feet, 50 cts. each.
WHITE RAMBLER. Plants 2 to 3 feet, 50 cts. each.
YELLOW RAMBLER. Plants 2 to 3 feet, 50 cts. each.

Our Guarantee. The shipping of Roses and other plants by mail is so unsatisfactory to the buyer that we have decided to offer only large, strong one and two-year-old plants by express, which we will guarantee to please you. Roses and Hardy Climbers will not be ready to ship before May 1, and unless otherwise ordered, we will send all plants on or about that date.

HOLMES' SUPERIOR FLOWER SEEDS

On the following pages are listed the very best flower seeds that can be grown. We offer them with the full consciousness of their superiority, knowing that they will give unbounded satisfaction. We guarantee all of them to be **absolutely fresh, new crop, tested and of strong germination power.** We have listed all seeds by using the botanical in some instances and the English names in others. There are also cross references wherever needed so that every variety may readily be under either name.

Following each name will be found letters according to the following table, showing the nature and character of each plant, and figures showing the height to which it naturally grows. The letters and their meanings are as follows:

A. Annual—Blooming the same year of planting, but dying in the fall.

HA. Hardy Annual—Growing with but little care.

HHA. Half-Hardy Annual—Requiring protection in unfavorable seasons.

B. Biennial—Lasting two years.

HP. Hardy Perennial—Permanent in growth, coming up each spring from the roots, and increasing in size and beauty.

TP. Tender Perennial—Requiring mulching or protection during the winter.

GP. Greenhouse Perennial Plants—Those suitable only for growing in pots in the conservatory or house.

GS. Greenhouse Shrubby Plants—which are appropriate for greenhouse culture, but which can be planted outside during the summer.

We shall be glad, at all times, to answer questions relative to the growing of flowers, and will cheerfully give our patrons the benefit of our experience. Write us for any information desired.

Special Collections of Flower Seeds

A NEW MONEY-SAVING PLAN—SATISFACTION
GUARANTEED

To give our patrons all the advantages possible in their purchase of flower seeds, we have devised a plan whereby everyone has a chance to make his own selection of seeds, but to obtain them at reduced prices.

By this plan selections and payments may be made as follows:

Select Flower Seeds to the value of \$3.00 and remit \$2.00 with the order.

Select Flower Seeds to the value of \$2.00 and remit \$1.40 with the order.

Select Flower Seeds to the value of \$1.50 and remit \$1.00 with the order.

Select Flower Seeds to the value of \$1.00 and remit \$0.70 with the order.

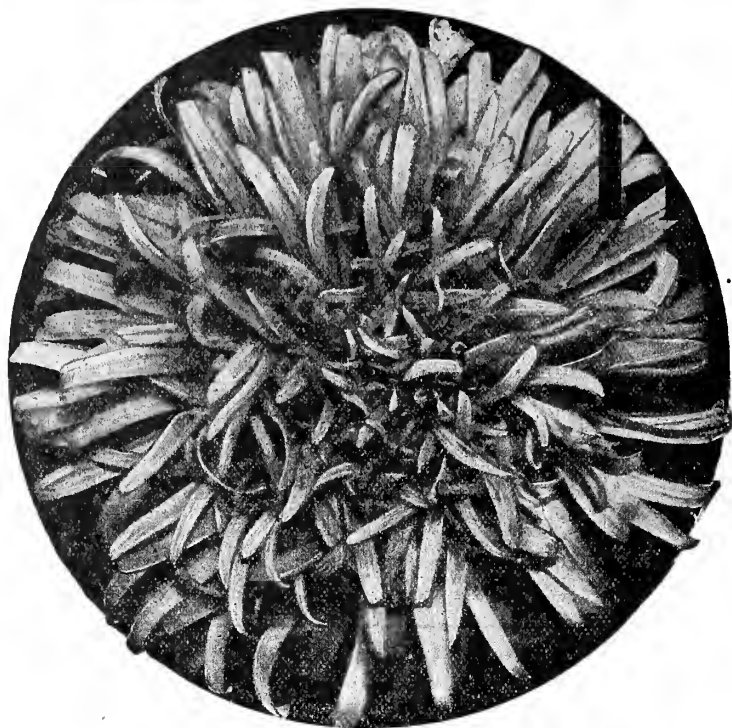
ALL FLOWER SEEDS DELIVERED FREE, BY MAIL, POSTPAID, AT PRICES AFFIXED

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.		Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1 ABRONIA umbellata (Sand Verbena). A. Trailing. Rose-colored flowers in clusters. For baskets, borders and rockeries.....	05	25	61 Sunrise . Carmine flowers.....	05	30
5 ABUTILON (Flowering Maple). GS. 4 ft. Tender shrub, with handsome foliage and bright bell-shaped flowers. Mixed colors. For garden, greenhouse or house.....	10	40	62 superbus, Fire-brand . Red.....	05	40
10 ACHILLEA Ptarmica , "The Pearl" (Yarrow; Milfoil). HP. 2 ft. Double white flowers in clusters.....	10	30	63 tricolor (Joseph's Coat). Variegated foliage..	05	20
ACONTIUM (Monk's Hood). HP. 4 ft. Panicles of helmet-shaped flowers.....	10	30	64 Mixed . All kinds and colors.....	05	15
15 Napellus . Blue.....	05	25	AMARYLLIS (Jacobean Lily): See Bulbs and Roots.		
16 Napellus . White.....	05	40	AMETHYST . See Browallia.		
20 ACROCLINIUM . HHA. 1 ft. Everlasting flowers; mixed colors. Fine for winter decoration.....	05	15	69 AMPELOPSIS VEITCHII (Japan, or Boston Ivy). HP. Climbing Vine. See, also, Pkt. Climbing Plants.....	05	40
25 ADLUMIA cirrhosa (Allegheny Vine). B. Climbing. Splendid climber, with pink flowers.	10	25			
30 ADONIS aestivalis (Flos Adonis). A. 1 ft. Feathery leaves; blue flowers.....	05	15			
AGERATUM (Floss Flower). A. For edging; blooms all summer.					
31 Blue Perfection . 9 in. Blue.....	10	20			
32 Blue Star . 5 in. Bright blue.....	15	50			
33 Dwarf White . 9 in. White.....	05	15			
34 grandiflora alba . 9 in. White; large flowers.	10	15			
35 Princess Victoria Louise . 6 in. Light blue, white center.....	10	30			
36 Fine Mixed . Both colors mixed.....	05	15			
AGROSTEMMA . HP. 2 to 3 ft. Free blooming. Fine for dry places.					
46 coronaria (Rose Campion). Rose-colored....	05	15			
ALEGHENY VINE . See Adlumia.					
ALTHAEA . See Hollyhock.					
ALYSSUM . Clusters of small flowers all summer. For edging.					
51 saxatile compactum (Basket of Gold). HP. Pkt. 1 ft. Yellow.....	05	Oz. 75			
52 Little Gem . HA. 6 in. White; spreading....	05	50			
53 procumbens (Carpet of Snow). HA. White; very dwarf.....	05	60			
54 maritimum (Sweet Alyssum). HA. 6 in. White	05	25			
AMARANTHUS . A. 2 to 3 ft. Handsome foliage and plume-like flowers.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.			
59 caudatus (Love-Lies-Bleeding). Red.....	05	15			
60 salicifolius (Fountain Plant). Red; drooping.	05	30			



Holmes' Late Giant Branching Aster

In all cases the order will be filled exactly as desired, but in order to take advantage of this reduced price offer, it will be necessary to mention the fact in the order.



ASTERUM. A Glorified Aster

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
74 ANCHUSA capensis. HP. 1½ ft. Purple flowers.	05	40
79 ANEMONE (Wind Flower). HP. 2 ft. Charming double flowers; all colors.	05	20
ANIMATED OATS (Avena sterilis). See Grasses.		
ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon). HP. Magnificent trusses of odd-shaped flowers.		
Tall Varieties. 2 to 3 ft.		
84 Giant Pink.	10	25
85 Giant Scarlet.	10	25
86 Giant Striped.	10	25
87 Giant White.	10	25
88 Giant Yellow.	10	25
89 Giant Mixed.	10	20
Semidwarf Varieties. 1 to 1½ ft.		
94 Daphne. Bright Pink.	15	40
95 Firefly. Scarlet and white.	10	20
96 Golden Queen. Yellow.	10	20
97 Queen of the North. White.	10	20
Dwarf Varieties. 6 in.		
98 Golden Sun.	10	40
99 Mixed.	05	20
AQUILEGIA (Columbine). HP. 2 ft. Quaint, spurred flowers on long stems.		
105 Long-spurred Hybrids. Mixed colors.	10	40
106 Canadensis.	05	25
107 chrysantha. Golden yellow.	10	25
108 chrysantha alba. White.	10	30
109 California Hybrids. Yellow and scarlet.	10	25
110 caerulea. Blue.	10	40
111 glandulosa. Blue and white.	15	40
112 Haylodgensis delicatissima.	20	50
113 nivea grandiflora.	05	15
114 Rose Queen.	20	50
115 Single Mixed. All colors.	05	15
116 Double Mixed. All colors.	05	15
125 ARISTOLOCHIA Siphon (Dutchman's Pipe). HP. Climbing Vine. Brown and yellow flowers; large, heart-shaped leaves, 30 seeds.	10	
130 ASCLEPIAS tuberosa. HP. 2 ft. Orange flowers in spikes.	10	
ASPARAGUS. GP. Trailing. Feathery long stems, for pots and baskets.		
135 plumosus. Fine, lace-like foliage.	25	\$1 00
136 Sprengerii. Coarser foliage; red seed berries.	10	50

Elmira, N. Y., Nov. 9, 1914.

Holmes Seed Co., Harrisburg, Pa.

Gentlemen: In reply to your favor of October 31, your Emperor Celery and Columbia are not at all alike in size, shape or growth.

The Emperor is a much heavier stalk and stalkier heads, large, thick, fine ribs. Also a larger leaf.

One's first glance, the Emperor resembles the Columbia, but on close inspection they are entirely different. We are growing both and have concluded to grow only the Emperor for late next season. It is the kind of the late varieties.

Please pardon delay; absence from home cause of delay.

Respectfully yours,

MILLER BROS.
Per A. G. M.

Asters. A. 1 to 2 ft.

The best known and most popular of all late-blooming garden annuals. Some are handsomely quilled, and others rival the largest chrysanthemums in form and beauty. Special instruction in their cultivation will be sent upon application.

ASTERUM. A Glorified Aster

(See illustration)

The plant itself grows straight up with very strong, sturdy stems starting near base and reaching from 18 to 24 inches; even the center stems are plenty long enough for the market.

The three colors are unsurpassed. The lavender has never been produced before. The pink is the beautiful pink of the rose and the white is as white as the driven snow. Each plant yields from 10 to 15 blooms, measuring fully 5 inches in diameter, and their solidity is such that they make good shippers. They do not require either disbranching or disbudding, in fact, there are but few side buds. Owing to the symmetry of the plants, they may be set only 9 inches apart. They seem to vie with each other in reaching up and the roots are better shaded; in case of storm, they support each other and the bloom remains unharmed.

137 Pink: A beautiful rose-pink.

138 Lavender.

139 White. As white as the driven snow.

Pkt. 20 cts., ¼ oz. \$2.50. One packet of each color for 50 cts.

Holmes' New Imperial Asters.

	Pkt.	Oz.
140 Daybreak. Shell-pink.	10	\$3 00
141 Lavender. Charming shade.	10	3 00
142 Purity. Pure white.	10	3 00
143 Sunset. Light pink; deep center.	10	3 00
150 Holmes' Lavender Gem. Delicate color; feathered like an ostrich-plume.	10	2 50
Holmes' Mikado Asters. Beautifully curved and twisted petals.		
155 Rochester. Lavender-pink; very large.	15	50
156 White. Midseason; extra large.	15	50
160 Holmes' Rose King. Brilliant rose-color; very large.	15	\$2 50
165 Holmes' Royal Purple. Full-double; handsome; dwarf.	10	2 50
170 Holmes' Violet King. Soft violet-lilac; petals very much twisted and curled.	10	2 00

Giant Comet Asters. Resemble chrysanthemums; often 6 inches across; petals long and twisted.

	Pkt.	Oz.
175 Rose. Delicate shade.	10	3 00
176 White. Clear and brilliant.	10	3 00
177 Mixed Colors.	10	2 00
Giant Ostrich-Feather Asters. Petals very much twisted, resembling a handsome plume.		
180 White.	10	¼ oz. 60
181 Rose.	10	60
182 Carmine.	10	60
183 Blue.	10	60
184 Mixed Colors.	10	50
Giant Late Branching Asters. Extra large flowers. Fine for cutting.		
190 White.	05	\$1 50
191 Pink.	05	1 50
192 Purple.	05	1 50
193 Lavender.	05	1 50
194 Crimson.	05	1 50
195 Mixed Colors.	05	1 50
Holmes' Queen of the Market Asters. Distinct type; very large flowers on long stems. Extra early.		
200 Indigo-blue.	05	1 00
201 Red.	05	1 00
202 Rose.	05	1 00
203 White.	05	1 00
204 Mixed Colors.	05	1 00

AUSTRALIAN STRAW FLOWER. See Helichrysum.

AVENA sterilis. See Grasses.

BACHELOR'S BUTTON. See Centaurea.

BALLOON VINE. See Cardiospermum.

BALSAM, Camellia-flowered (Impatiens Balsamina). Lady Slipper. HHA. 1½ ft. Well-known, old-fashioned garden plant, bearing dainty, double, rose-like flowers on an erect stalk. See, also, Impatiens.

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
210 Pink.	10	\$1 00
211 Salmon-pink.	10	1 50
212 Scarlet.	10	1 00
213 White.	10	1 50
214 Choice Mixed. All colors.	10	75

BALSAM APPLE; BALSAM PEAR. See Momordica.

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
219 BARTONIA aurea. HA. 1 ft. Golden-yellow flowers, fragrant in the evening. Deeply cut foliage.	10	15

BABY'S BREATH. See Gypsophila.

	Pkt.	Pt.
224 BEANS, SCARLET RUNNER. A Climbing. Broad foliage and scarlet flowers followed by long, edible beans. Fine for porches.	05	20

BEGONIA. GP. 1 to 1½ ft. Handsome foliage and flowers.

Semperflorens type. Everblooming. For bedding and pot culture.

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
230 Anna Regina. Rose-color.	15	65
231 Zulu King. Blood-red flowers; dark red foliage.	15	65
232 Queen of Carpet Bedders. Red foliage; orange-red flowers; compact in growth.	15	40
233 Vernon. Light red flowers; dark red foliage.	15	30
242 Rex Hybrids. Magnificent, large, odd-shaped foliage; all colors and markings, mixed.	25	65

BEGONIA—continued

Tuberous-rooted. For massing in shady places.

252 Single Varieties, choice mixed.... Pkt. Lge. Pkt. 15 65

253 Double Varieties, choice mixed.... 25

See, also, Summer-flowering Bulbs and Roots.

BELLIS perennis (English Daisy).

B. 4 in. Dainty little flowers in early spring. Pink and white.

260 Holmes' Mammoth White..... 15 65

261 German Double Mixed..... 15 40

BLACK-EYED SUSAN. See Thunbergia.**BLANKET FLOWER.** See Gaillardia.**BOSTON IVY.** See Ampelopsis.266 **BRACHYCOME** (Swan River Daisy).

A. 1 ft. For edging. Mixed... 05 20

BRIZA maxima. See Grasses.**BROMUS brizaeformis.** See Grasses.271 **BROWALLIA** (Amethyst). A. 2 ft.

Blue and white flowers. Fine for garden and house blooming..... 05 20

BUTTERFLY FLOWER. See Schizanthus.276 **CACALIA coccinea** (Tassel Flower).

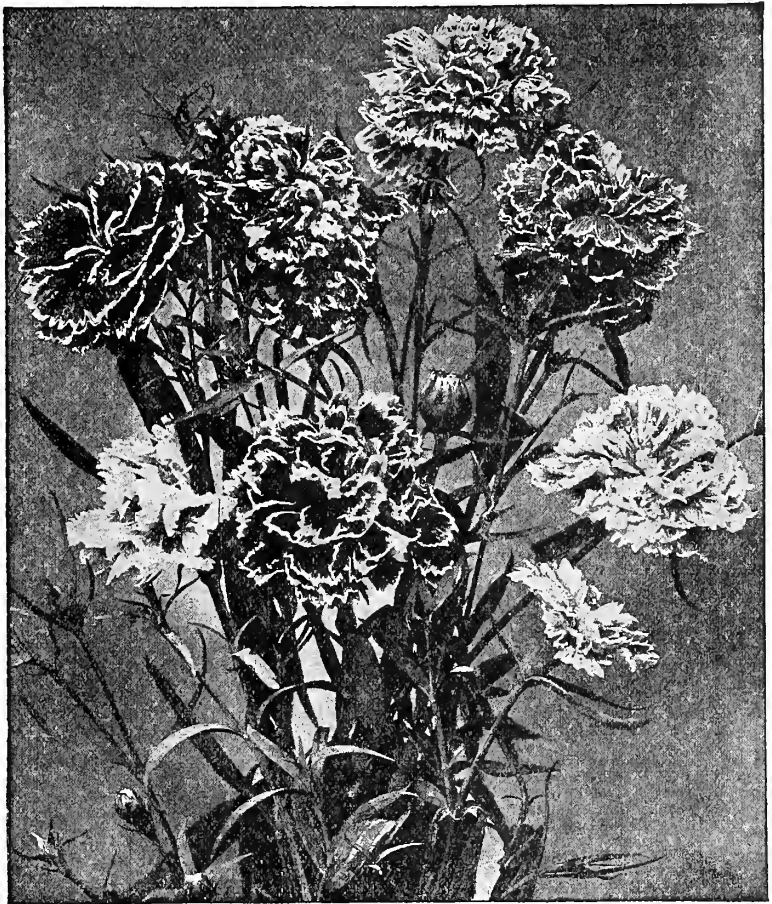
A. 1½ ft. Pretty tassel-like scarlet flowers..... 05

CALADIUM esculentum. See Bulbs.**CALCEOLARIA** (Pocket Flower). GP.

1 to 2 ft. Charming house plants, with curious striped and mottled flowers.

281 **hybrida grandiflora.** Tall; mixed colors..... 25 75282 **hybrida grandiflora pumila compacta.** Dwarf mixed..... 25 75283 **James' Perfection Strain.** All colors; beautifully marked..... 50 \$1 25**CALENDULA officinalis** (Pot Marigold). A. 1 to 2 ft. Showy garden flowers, constantly in bloom.288 **Prince of Orange.** Bright yellow and orange..... Pkt. Oz. 05 25289 **Striped Meteor.** Striped orange and cream..... 05 25290 **Double Mixed.** Orange, yellow and white..... 05 25**CALIFORNIA POPPY.** See Eschscholtzia.**CALLIOPSIS, or COREOPSIS.** 1 to 2 ft. Showy, large, daisy-like flowers.295 **coronata.** A. Yellow..... 05 25296 **Golden Wave.** A. Yellow..... 05 25297 **Mixed Varieties.** A..... 05 25298 **lanceolata** (Coreopsis). HP. Brilliant..... 10 50303 **CALLIRHOE involucrata** (Poppy Mallow).

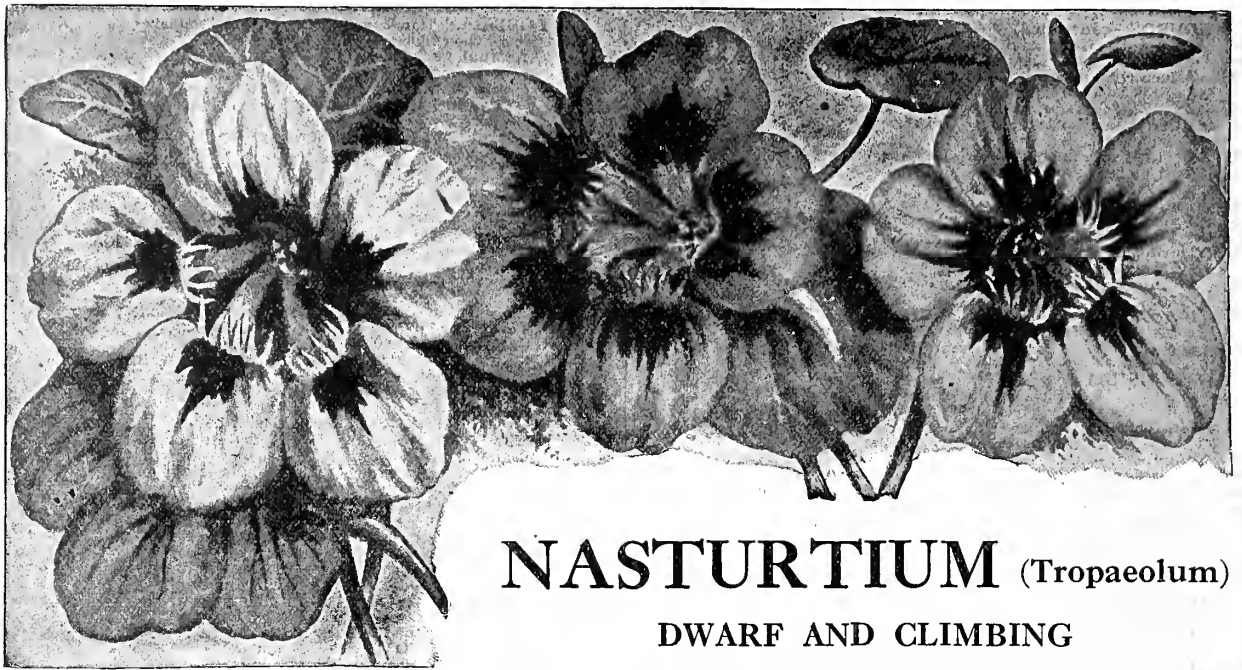
HP. Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers..... Pkt. 10

CAMPANULA. Bell-shaped flowers in splendid spikes.**Biennial Varieties:****Medium** (Canterbury Bells). 2 ft. Pkt. Lge. Pkt.308 **Blue**... 05 30 **310 White**... 05 15309 **Pink**... 05 15 **311 Mixed**... 10 20**Calycanthus** (Cup-and-Saucer). 2 ft. Pkt. Lge. Pkt.316 **Blue**... 10 30 **318 White**... 10 30317 **Pink**... 10 30 **319 Mixed**... 10 25**Perennial Varieties:****Carpatica** (Harebell). 6 to 8 inches; Pkt. Lge. Pkt.324 **Blue**..... 05 15325 **White**..... 05 15330 **Persicifolia grandiflora** (Peach Bells). 4 ft. 15 30335 **Pyramidalis** (Chimney Bellflower). 6 ft. Majestic pyramids of blue, bell-shaped flowers... 05 20**CANDYTUFT** (Iberis). HA. Clusters of small flowers; fine for borders and cutting. All colors. Pkt. Oz.340 **Holmes' Giant White.** 1 ft. Extra fine.... 10 60341 **Carmine.** Deep scarlet..... 05 40342 **Crimson.**..... 05 30343 **Empress.** White; extra large..... 10 40344 **Little Prince.** White; dwarf; for edges..... 10 50345 **Pink.**..... 05 40346 **sempervirens.** Perennial. White; dwarf..... 10 \$3 00347 **White Rocket.** Long, heavy spikes..... 05 25360 **CANNAS** (Indian Shot). A. 3 to 6 ft. Mostly grown from roots, but can successfully be grown from seed, by cutting seed with a sharp file. Mixed colors. See, also, Bulbs and Roots 05 25**CANTERBURY BELLS.** See Campanula.**CARDINAL FLOWER.** See Lobelia cardinalis.365 **CARDIOSPERMUM haliacabum** (Balloon Vine; Love-in-a-Puff). HHA. Pretty and graceful climber, with white blossoms and balloon-like seed-pods..... 10 25**CARNATION, Marguerite.** A. 1½ ft. Well-known garden flowers of spicy fragrance..... Pkt. Lge. Pkt.370 **Red**..... 10 40 **372 Striped**... 10 40371 **Scarlet**... 10 40 **373 White**... 10 40374 **Finest Mixed.** All colors..... 10 25**CARNATION.** 1½ ft. Florist's greenhouse sorts.377 **Fancy Extra Choice.** Mixed colors..... 10 50378 **Choice Double.**..... 10 50379 **Fancy Picotee.** Mixed colors..... 10 50**CARPET-OF-SNOW.** See Alyssum.**CASTOR-OIL PLANT.** See Ricinus.**Group of Double Annual Pinks.****CELOSIA.** A. 1 to 2 ft. Brilliant bedding plants, with unique flowers. Fine for pots.383 **Dwarf Feathered.** Rose-colored..... Pkt. Lge. Pkt. 05 25384 **Glasgow Prize** (Crimson Comb). Crested..... 05 25385 **Thompsoni magnifica.** Yellow and red..... 10 25386 **Dwarf Mixed.** Low-growing; mixed colors... 05 15387 **Extra Fine Mixed.** All kinds..... 05 25**CENTAUREA Cyanus** (Cornflower, or Bachelor's Button). HA. 1 to 3 ft. Handsome old-fashioned flowers.392 **Emperor William.** Blue; extra large..... Pkt. Oz. 05 50393 **Double Blue.** Very large; handsome..... 10 \$1 50394 **Pink**... 05 25 **396 Single Mixed**... 05 25395 **White**... 05 25 **397 Double Mixed**... 05 25**CENTAUREA imperialis** (Giant Cornflower). Sweet-scented. Pkt. Lge. Pkt.400 **Deep Rose**..... 10 75401 **Lavender**..... 10 75402 **Lilac**..... 10 75403 **Brilliant Pink**..... 10 75404 **Purple**..... 10 75405 **White**..... 10 75406 **Choice Mixed**..... 10 60**CENTAUREA, White-leaved.** (Dusty Miller). For edges. Pkt. 500 Seeds410 **gymnocarpa.** Finely cut; silvery gray..... 10 20411 **candidissima.** Broad leaves, cut..... 10 30415 **CENTAUREA moschata** (Sweet Sultan). Hand-some, fragrant purple and white flowers.... Pkt. Lge. Pkt. 05 25**CHEIRANTHUS.** See Wallflower.**CHIMNEY BELLFLOWER.** See Campanula.**CHINESE BELLFLOWER.** See Platycodon.**CHINESE PRIMROSE.** See Primula.**CHRYSANTHEMUM.** HP. 1½ to 3 ft.420 **Double Mixed.** All colors; autumn..... 20 65421 **frutescens** (Marguerite, or Paris Daisy). White, with yellow disc..... 10 20422 **Shasta Daisy, "Alaska."** White, on long stems 20 65**CIGAR PLANT.** See Cuphea.**CINERARIA.** GP. 6 to 18 inches. Handsome house plants, with brilliant round flowers of many colors.427 **Holmes' Prize Strain.** Mixed colors..... 35 75428 **James' Giant Strain.** Mixed colors..... 50 1 25429 **Prize Dwarf.** All colors..... 35 74430 **Prize Medium Tall.** Mixed colors..... 35 75431 **hybrida, Choice Mixed.** Splendid selection.. 25 65432 **stellata hybrids.** Mixed colors..... 50 1 25433 **plenissima.** Dwarf; double; mixed..... 05 25**CINERARIA, White-leaved.** For edging.435 **maritima candidissima** (Dusty Miller)..... 05 15

CINNAMON VINE. See Bulbs.		Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.	DIAMOND FLOWER. See Ionopsisium.			
445	CITRIMORPH (Lemon Verbena). TP. Pale green, lemon-scented foliage.	10		DIANTHUS (Pinks). B. 1 ft. Charming, clove-scented flowers of the old time gardens. See, also, Carnations.			
450	CLARKIA. A. 1½ ft. Graceful sprays of various colored flowers.	05	15	Double Varieties:		Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
455	CLEMATIS. HP. Climbing vines of rapid growth. paniculata (Japan Virgin's Bower). Great profusion of sweet-scented, small white flowers. Large flowered. See under Climbing Plants.	05	20	550	Chinensis. All colors mixed.	05	15
458	CLEOME pungens (Spider Plant). A. 4 ft. Bushy plant with odd pink flowers.	05	20	551	Dwarf Snowball. White.	05	20
	COBAEA scandens (Cup-and-Saucer). A. 20 ft. rapid climber, bearing quaint cup-and-saucer-like flowers.	05	30	552	Dwarf Fireball. Blood-red; globe-shaped.	10	20
463	White.	05	15	Single Varieties:			
464	Violet-blue.	05		557	Salmon Queen. Salmon-pink; fringed.	05	20
	COCKSCOMB. See Celosia.			558	stellarius (Star Pink). Mixed colors.	05	15
	COIX lachryma. See Grasses.			559	Japonicus, "Eastern Queen." Fringed.	05	20
	COLEUS. GS. 2 ft. Handsome plants, with foliage of many colors curiously marked and splashed.			560	Dainty. White.	05	15
469	Large-leaved. Bronzy foliage.	15	65	561	plumarius, "Pheasant's Eye." Dark center.	05	15
470	Finest Mixed. All colors.	10	50	562	scotius (Florist's Pink). Mixed.	10	20
	COLUMBINE. See Aquilegia.			563	laciniatus, Mixed. All colors.	05	15
	CONFLOWER. See Rudbeckia.			564	Large White. Resembles a Carnation.	05	20
	CONVOLVULUS. See Morning-Glory.			569	Barbatus (Sweet William).		
	COREOPSIS. See Calliopsis.			570	Holmes' Giant Double Mixed.	05	20
	CORNFLOWER. See Centaurea.			571	Brilliant Red.	05	20
	COSMOS. A. 2 to 6 ft. Handsome, stately plants, with feathery foliage, bearing multitudes of brilliant flowers late in the season. Pinch tips of plants when a foot high to induce bushy growth.			572	Pure White.	05	20
475	Holmes' Mammoth Perfection. Mixed colors; flowers very large and round.	Pkt.	Oz.		Perfection. Single; mixed colors.	05	20
476	Lady Lenox. New. Large, shell-pink.	05	\$1 25	582	DICTAMNUS fraxinella (Gas Plant). HP. 2 ft. Showy border plant; large spikes.		
477	Klondyke. Golden yellow.	10	1 25	583	rosea. Rose-pink.	05	15
478	New Giant Mixed.	05	75		alba. White.	05	15
479	White Pond-Lily. 5 inches across.	05	75	588	DIGITALIS (Foxglove). HP. 4 ft. Majestic spires of tubular flowers of all colors.		
480	Dawn. Dwarf; early; white.	05	75		monstrosa. Extra large; the spire is surmounted by one large flower.	10	30
481	Mammoth Pink.	05	75	598	DUSTY MILLER. See Centaurea and Cineraria.		
482	Mammoth Crimson.	05	75		ECHINOCYSTIS lobata (Wild Cucumber). HA. Climbing vine. A rampant grower, covered in summer with dainty spikes of white flowers, followed by curious seed-pods.	Pkt.	Oz.
483	Rainbow. All colors in one flower.	05	1 50		ELEPHANT'S EAR. See Caladium.	05	30
	COWSLIP. See Primula veris.				ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy). HA. 1 ft. Masses of showy poppy-like flowers all summer.		
487	CROTOLARIA retusa (Florida Rattlebox). A. 1½ ft. Golden yellow; much like a sweet pea in shape. Seed-pods rattle.	10		603	Holmes' Mammoth White. White; large.	05	30
490	CUPHEA platycentra (Cigar Plant). HHA. 1 ft. Quaint scarlet tubular flowers, with white tips. For baskets.	15		604	Hunemannia. Bush-form; yellow.	05	75
	CUP-AND-SAUCER. See Campanula and Cobaea.			605	Golden West. Orange-yellow.	05	40
	CUP FLOWER. See Nierembergia.			606	Mandarin. Orange-yellow.	10	35
	CUT-AND-COME-AGAIN. See Stocks.			607	Rose. Carmine-rose.	10	40
	CYCLAMEN, Holmes' Superb Giants. GP. 9 in. One of the handsomest of all conservatory or house plants, with exquisitely shaped and colored flowers and curiously mottled foliage. Our Cyclamen seed is grown specially for us by the leading expert in England, and we can guarantee its purity and blooming quality.			608	Finest Single Mixed. All colors.	05	25
492	Duke of Connaught. Crimson.	Pkt.	100 Seeds		EULALIA Japonica. See Grasses.		
493	Excelsior. White, with red eye.	50	\$1 50	613	EUPHORBIA variegata (Snow-on-the-Mountain). HA. 2 ft. Veined and margined white. Ornamental foliage.	05	30
494	grandiflora alba. White; extra large.	50	1 50		EVENING-GLORY. See Ipomoea.		
495	Princess of Wales. Pink.	50	1 50		EVENING PRIMROSE. See Oenothera.		
496	Salmon Queen. Salmon-pink.	50	1 50		EVERLASTING FLOWERS. See Xeranthemum.		
497	Mixed. All colors.	50	1 25		FALSE DRAGON HEAD. See Physostegia.		
498	The regular Giganteum strain of any of the above varieties.	35	1 25		FEATHER GRASS. See Grasses.		
502	CYPERUS alternifolius (Umbrella Plant). GP. 2 ft. Graceful house plant with long stems and palm-like foliage.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.		FEVERFEW. See Matricaria.		
	CYPRESS VINE (Impomoea Quamoclit). A. 20 ft. Graceful climbing vine, with feathery foliage and star-like flowers.	10	50		FLAME FLOWER. See Tritoma.		
507	White.	Pkt.	Oz.		FLORIDA RATTLEBOX. See Crotolaria.		
508	Scarlet.	05	30		FLOS ADONIS. See Adonis.		
509	Mixed.	05	25		FLOSS FLOWER. See Ageratum.		
	CYPRESS, SUMMER. See Kochia.				FLOWERING FLAG. See Iris.		
	DAHLIAS. HHA. 2 to 5 ft. Superb, decorative plants, grown mostly from roots, but can be successfully grown from seed. See, also, Bulbs and Roots.				FLOWERING MAPLE. See Abutilon.		
514	Superb Single. Mixed colors and forms.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.		FLOWERING TOBACCO. See Nicotiana.		
515	Double Large Flowering. Mixed varieties.	10	30		FORGET-ME-NOT. See Myosotis.		
516	Pompons. Choice mixed; small flowers.	10	30		FOUR O'CLOCK. See Mirabilis.		
	DAISY, English. See Bellis perennis.				FOXGLOVE. See Digitalis.		
	Swan River. See Brachycoma.			618	FOXSHIA (Lady's Eardrop). GS. 2 ft. Dainty, two-parted flowers, in various colors.	Pkt.	100 Seeds
	Shasta. See Chrysanthemum.				GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower). 2 ft. Brilliant daisy-like flowers in shades of yellow and orange.	30	50
	Paris, or Marguerite. See Chrysanthemum.			623	Annual Varieties:	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
	DELPHINIUM (Larkspur). Stately spikes of beautiful flowers in June and in fall.				picta. Mixed colors.	05	15
	Perennial Varieties:			624	Lorenziana fl. pl. Mixed colors.	05	15
525	Belladonna. 5 ft. Delicate blue.	25	65		Perennial Varieties:		
526	Burbank's Hybrids. 4 to 5 ft. Mixed.	25	50	626	grandiflora. Mixed colors; brown center.	10	20
527	Chinese (D. grandiflorum album). White.	05	15	627	grandiflora compacta. Dwarf.	10	20
528	formosum. 5 ft. Deep blue.	05	20	628	Salmon-red. Orange edge.	10	30
529	nudicaule. 18 in. Bright scarlet.	10	50	629	sulphurea oculata. Red eye.	10	30
530	Zalizi. 4 ft. Sulphur-yellow.	10	50		GAS PLANT. See Dictamnus.		
531	Mixed. All colors.	05	20		GERANIUM (Pelargonium). GS. 1½ ft. The well-known and popular bedding flowers. Grow well from seed.		
	Annual Varieties:	Pkt.	Oz.	632	Zonal. Mixed colors.	10	20
536	Emperor. 3 to 4 ft. Mixed colors.	10	40	633	Lady Washington. Mixed. 100 seeds, 75c.	10	
537	Tall Rocket. 2 ft. Mixed colors.	05	30		GLADIOLI. See Bulbs and Roots.		
538	Double Dwarf Rocket. 1 ft. Mixed.	05	25		GLOBE AMARANTH. See Gomphrena.		
	Giant Hyacinth-flowered:				GLOXINIA. GP. 2 ft. Curious, velvet-throated flowers, handsomely marked, spotted and stained.		
542	Dark Blue. 2½ ft.	05	60	637	Holmes' Tiger-spotted. Gorgeous coloring.	25	75
543	Shell-pink. 3 ft.	05	60	638	Mixed Hybrids. Brilliant colors; velvety foliage. See, also, under Bulbs.	25	75
544	White. 3 ft.	05	60		GODETIA (Satin Flower). A. 1 to 2 ft. Handsome garden plants, in constant bloom.		
545	Mixed. 3 ft. All colors.	05	50	643	Bijou. Blush-pink.	05	15
				644	gloriosa. Blood-red.	05	15
				645	Finest Mixed. All colors.	05	15
					GOLDENROD. See Solidago.		
					GOMPHRENA (Globe Amaranth). A. 1 to 2 ft. Coarse plants, with a profusion of globe-shaped everlasting flowers. For winter bouquets.	Pkt.	Oz.
				650	aurea superba. Golden yellow.	05	30
				651	nana compacta. Dwarf; red flowers.	05	30
				652	Mixed. All colors.	05	25
					GOURDS. A. 10 to 30 ft. Climbers of quick growth, bearing yellow flowers and curious seed-vessels.		
				655	Sugar Trough (Sap Bucket). Largest.	05	25
				656	White Egg (Nest Egg). Very useful.	05	25

		Pkt.	Oz.			Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.	Oz.
GOURDS—continued				LOBELIA , Handsome garden plants; valuable for their blue and white flowers.				
657	Dishcloth (Luffa, or Bonnet Gourd).....	05	25	Annual Varieties:		Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.	
658	Mock Orange. The best known.....	05	25	<i>compacta alba</i> . White; trailing.....		10	30	
659	Mixed Ornamental. All sorts.....	05	20	<i>compacta</i> . Mixed colors.....		10	30	
GRASSES, Ornamental:		Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.	<i>Crystal Palace</i> . Dwarf; blue; trailing.....		10	25	
665	<i>Avena sterilis</i> (Animated Oats). A. Interesting.	05	15	Perennial Variety:				
666	<i>Briza maxima</i> (Quaking Grass). A. For bouquets.....	05	15	<i>cardinalis</i> (Cardinal Flower). Rich cardinal-red.....		10	50	
667	<i>Bromus brizaeformis</i> . A. Winter bouquets.	05	15	LOVE-IN-A-MIST . See <i>Nigella</i> .				
668	<i>Coix lachrymae</i> (Job's Tears). Seed resembles tears.....	05	10	LOVE-IN-A-PUFF . See <i>Cardiospermum</i> .				
669	<i>Eulalia Japonica</i> . HP. Beautiful.....	05	15	791 LUNARIA biennis (Honesty; Satin Flower). B. 2 ft. Interesting garden plants, with purple flowers and curious, transparent seed-pods, much used for winter decoration.....		05	40	
670	<i>Gynerium argenteum</i> (Pampas Grass). HP. Fine.....	05	15	LUPINUS (Lupin). A. and HP. 2 ft. Splendid showy plants, bearing fine spikes of pea-shaped flowers of all colors.				
671	<i>Hordeum jubatum</i> (Squirrel Tail Grass). A. Bushy.....	05	15	796 Annual Varieties . All colors mixed.....		05	20	
672	<i>Pennisetum Rueppelianum</i> (Purple Fountain Grass). A. Crimson plumes.....	05	15	797 Perennial Varieties . All colors mixed.....		10	30	
673	<i>Stipa pennata</i> . HP (Feather Grass).....	05	15	802 LYCHNIS Chalcedonica (Jerusalem Cross). HP. 2 ft. Fine, showy garden plants, with scarlet cross-shaped flowers in clusters.....		05	40	
SPECIAL OFFER . One packet each of the above 9 varieties of Ornamental Grasses, 40 cts. postpaid.				MADAGASCAR PERIWINKLE . See <i>Vinca</i> .				
678	GYPSOPHILA paniculata (Baby's Breath). HP. 3 ft. Small white flowers in sprays forming a misty effect above the plant.....	05	15	MALLOW . See <i>Hibiscus</i> .				
HELIANTHUS (Sunflower). A. and HP. Bold, majestic plants, with large ray flowers.				MARGUERITE . See <i>Chrysanthemum</i> .				
683	<i>cucumerifolius</i> . A. 3 ft. Yellow.....	05	15	MARIGOLD (Tagetes). HA. Favorite garden annuals in all shades of yellow, brown and red. Very free flowering; require sunny situation.				
684	<i>multiflorus</i> . P. 4 ft. Double; golden.....	05	15	Large African Varieties . 3 ft.				
685	<i>"The Dahlia"</i> . P. 7 ft. Double; golden.....	05	15	<i>Lemon Queen</i> . 3 ft. Lemon-yellow.....		05	\$1 00	
686	Silver-leaved. A. 4 ft. Foliage silvery.....	05	15	<i>Eldorado</i> . 3 ft. Yellow; large.....		05	1 00	
687	<i>Miniature</i> . A. 3 ft. Small; orange-yellow.....	05	15	<i>Double Mixed</i> . 3 ft. All shades.....		05	75	
692	HELIUM Bigelovii . HP. 5 to 6 ft. Daisy-like yellow flowers.....	10	30	French Varieties:				
697	HELICHRYSUM (Straw Flower). A. 2 to 3 ft. One of the best "everlasting" flowers. All colors.	05	15	<i>Legion of Honor</i> . 6 in. Yellow and brown.....		05	75	
HELIOTROPE . GS. 2 ft. Beautiful sprays of small flowers of exquisite perfume.				<i>Striped Single</i> . 1 ft. Yellow and brown.....		05	50	
702	Holmes' Mammoth Blue . Largest of all. Flower heads often measure a foot across.....	10	50	<i>Brown-marbled</i> . 1 ft. Red and brown.....		05	50	
703	Choice Mixed . All shades; delicious perfume.	10	25	<i>Double Mixed</i> . Tall, 18 in. Mixed.....		05	75	
708	HESPERIS (Sweet Rocket; Dame's Rocket; Dame's Violet). HP. 2 to 3 ft. Spikes of white, lilac and pink flowers; fragrant.....	05	15	<i>Dwarf Striped</i> . Dark brown.....		05	75	
HIBISCUS (Mallow). HP. 2 to 3 ft. Magnificent, large, saucer-shaped flowers of exquisite colors.				MARIGOLD, POT . See <i>Calendula</i> .				
713	<i>Golden Bowl</i> . Cream-color; flowers, 6 to 9 in.	05	20	MARVEL OF PERU . See <i>Mirabilis</i> .				
714	<i>moscheutos roseus</i> . Rose-pink.....	05	20	823 MATRICARIA (Feverfew). HA. 2 ft. Showy, double, white flowers; for bedding or pots.....		05	40	
715	<i>palustris</i> . Pink.....	05	20	MATTHIOLA . See <i>Stocks</i> .				
HOLLYHOCK (Althaea). HP. 4 ft. Majestic spires of flowers of splendid colors.		Pkt.	Oz.	MAURANDYA . GP. 10 ft. Graceful climber, with foxglove-like flowers.		Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.	
720	<i>Chater's Superb Double</i> . Mixed colors.....	10	\$2 00	<i>Large-flowering Rose</i> . New.....		05	25	
721	<i>Allegheny</i> . Semidouble; mixed; fringed.....	10	1 00	<i>Dark Purple</i>		05	25	
HONESTY . See <i>Lunaria</i> .				<i>Fine Mixed</i> . All colors.....		05	25	
HORDEUM jubatum . See <i>Grasses</i> .				MIGNONETTE (Reseda). HA. 1 to 1½ ft. Charming old-time favorite of exquisite perfume.				
HORN-OF-PLenty . See <i>Datura</i> .				835 Holmes' Giant Sweet-scented . Golden yellow; very fragrant.....		Pkt.	Oz.	
HONEYSUCKLE . See <i>Climbing Plants</i> .				836 Holmes' Dwarf Machtet . Red; fragrant.....		05	50	
HUMBLE PLANT . See <i>Mimosa</i> .				837 Allen's Defiance . Red; extra choice.....		05	75	
726	HUMULUS Japonicus variegata (Japanese Hop). A. 20 to 30 ft. Rapid climber, with green and white foliage.....	05	75	838 odorata grandiflora . Large and fragrant.....		05	15	
HYACINTHUS . See <i>Bulbs</i> .				839 glgantea . Mixed colors.....		05	30	
IBERIS . See <i>Candytuft</i> .				840 Bismarck . Compact plant; large flowers.....		05	2 00	
ICE PLANT . See <i>Mesembryanthemum</i> .				841 Giant Pyramidal . Bright red.....		05	50	
IMPATIENS (Sultan's Balsam). GS. 2 ft. A charming house plant, with dark green, shining foliage and bright flowers; always in bloom.		Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.	842 Goliath . Red; extra large.....		05	1 50	
731	<i>Sultani</i> . Rosy scarlet flowers.....	15	40	MESEMBRYANTHEMUM (Ice Plant). A. 6 inches. For edging and baskets.		Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.	
732	<i>Holstii</i> . Bright scarlet flowers.....	15	65	<i>crystallinum</i> . Foliage icy in appearance.....		05	15	
<i>balsamina</i> . See <i>Balsam</i> .				848 tricolor (Wax Plant). Foliage feels icy.....		05	15	
737	IONOPSIDIUM acaule (Diamond Flower). A. 3 in. Splendid rockery plant, with violet flowers.	10		MEXICAN FIRE BUSH . See <i>Kochia</i> .				
IPOMOEA (Evening-Glory). A. Climbing Vine. Rapid grower, with large flowers opening in the evening or on cloudy days.		Pkt.	Oz.	853 MIMOSA pudica (Sensitive Plant). A. 18 in. Purplish white flowers; leaves droop when touched.....		05	15	
742	<i>noctiflora</i> (Moonflower). White.....	10	75	MIMULUS . A. Peculiarly marked flowers.				
743	<i>grandiflora superba</i> . Blue, with white margins.....	05	25	<i>moschatus</i> (Musk Plant). Mixed colors.....		05	30	
744	<i>Mexicana grandiflora alba</i> . White.....	05	25	859 tigrinus (Monkey Flower). Resembles a monkey's face.....		05	30	
<i>Quamoclit</i> . See <i>Cypress Vine</i> .				864 MIRABILIS Jalapa (Four-O'Clock; Marvel of Peru). A. Red and yellow flowers all summer, opening four o'clock.....		05	15	
IRIS (Flowering Flag). 2 ft. Most gorgeous of all the "Flags." Blooms second year from seed.				MOMORDICA . HHA. Climbing, bearing yellow flowers and ornamental fruit of medicinal value.				
750	<i>Kaempferi</i> (Japanese Iris). All colors.....	10	75	869 Balsamina (Balsam Apple). Yellow pods, scarlet seeds.....		Pkt.	Oz.	
751	<i>Finest Mixture</i> . Newest Japanese varieties.....	10	1 00	870 Charantia (Balsam Pear). Round, pear-shaped pods.....		05	30	
JACOBIN LILY . See <i>Amaryllis</i> .				MONKEY FLOWER . See <i>Mimulus</i> .				
JAPANESE HOP . See <i>Humulus</i> .				MONK'S HOOD . See <i>Aconitum</i> .				
JERUSALEM CHERRY . See <i>Solanum</i> .				MONTBRETIA . See <i>Bulbs</i> .				
JERUSALEM CROSS . See <i>Lychnis</i> .				MOURNING BRIDE . See <i>Scabiosa</i> .				
JOB'S TEARS . See <i>Grasses</i> .				MORNING-GLORY (Convolvulus). A. Climbing. The old and well-known climbing vines.				
KENILWORTH IVY . See <i>Lunaria</i> .				875 Rochester . Blue, with white eye.....		05	25	
756	KOCHIA tricochphylla (Summer Cypress, or Mexican Fire Bush). A. 3 ft. Forms a cypress-like hedge, which turns deep red in autumn.....	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.	876 True Japanese . Mottled and striped.....		05	25	
KIDZU VINE . See <i>Pueraria</i> .				877 Fine Mixed . All colors.....		05	10	
LADY'S EARDROP . See <i>Fuchsia</i> .				878 tricolor, or minus . Blue; trailing.....		05	20	
LANTANA . GS. 2 ft. Verbena-like flowers in shades of yellow, and bronzy reds. Constantly in bloom.		Pkt.	Oz.	MUSK PLANT . See <i>Mimulus</i> .				
761	<i>Holmes' Mixed Hybrids</i> . All colors.....	05	20	MYOSOTIS (Forget-Me-Not). 6 in.				
762	<i>Dwarf Mixed</i> . All colors.....	10	20	Biennial Varieties . Bloom first year.		Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.	
763	<i>Tall Mixed</i> . All colors.....	10	20	<i>alpestris, Victoria</i> . Bright blue; large.....		10	30	
LARKSPUR . See <i>Delphinium</i> .				884 Eliza Fonrobert . Large; bright blue.....		10	20	
768	LATHYRUS latifolius (Perennial Pea). HP. Climbing Vine. Resemble sweet peas, but last for years. Mixed colors.....	10	30	885 grandiflora alba . Large; white flowers.....		10	25	
773	LAVATERA trimestris . A. 2 ft. Glossy foliage and mallow-like red flowers.....	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.	886 grandiflora rosea . Large pink flowers.....		10	25	
LEMON VERBENA . See <i>Citrodora</i> .				887 palustris . True "Forget-Me-Not" blue.....		10	40	
778	LINARIA cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy). GS. 3 to 6 ft. Trailing plant, with violet flowers. Fine for baskets and window boxes.....	05	30	888 Choice Mixed . All sorts and colors.....		05	20	
				Perennial Varieties . Increase each year.				
				<i>disitiflora</i> . Deep blue flowers.....		10	40	
				894 palustris semperdorens . Everblooming.....		10	30	
				MYRSIPHILLUM . See <i>Smilax</i> .				

MR. R. W. EDELBLUTE, Lewisberry, Pa., writes: Every seed I purchased from you this year has proved entirely satisfactory. I have been dealing with your house for many years, occasionally getting seed from other parties, but I decided to place my orders where I can get the best seed.



NASTURTIIUM (Tropaeolum)

DWARF AND CLIMBING

PRICES OF NASTURTIIUMS IN QUANTITY, except Lilliput, Lobbianum, Ivy-leaved and Spencer varieties: $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 75cts.

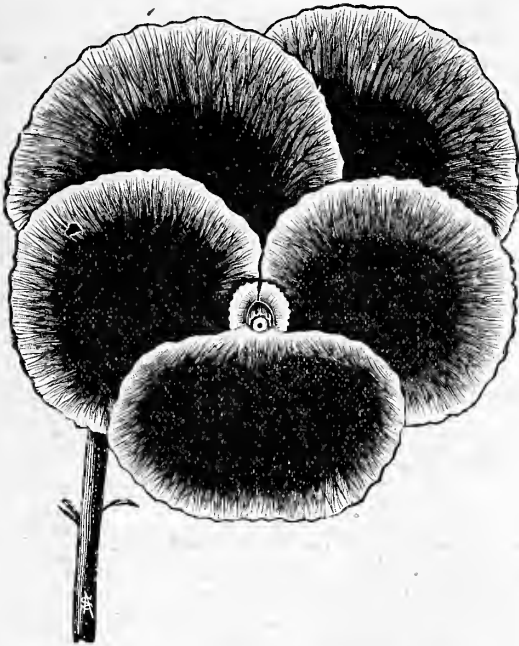
This old favorite flower has been so wonderfully improved of late that the different varieties present an array of colors almost bewildering in their magnificence. They flower most profusely when the soil is not too rich. The climbing varieties form splendid screens, while the dwarf kinds are admirable for borders or in front of shrubbery.

Tall or Climbing Varieties:		Pkt.	Oz.			Pkt.	Oz.
900	Chameleon (Coquette). Splashed and bordered.	05	10	980	Prince Henry. White, spotted scarlet.	05	15
901	Coccineum. Scarlet.	05	10	981	Ruby King. Ruby-red.	05	10
902	Coccineum fol. aureis. Yellow foliage.	05	10	982	Rudolph Virchow Scarlet. Brilliant.	05	15
903	Dunnett's Orange (Sunlight). Golden.	05	10	983	Spotted King. Dark yellow, brown spots.	05	15
904	Edouard Otto. Lilac-brown.	05	10	984	Vesuvius. New. Salmon-rose.	05	15
905	Fordhook Fashion. Veined old rose.	05	15	985	Tom Thumb Varieties Mixed. All colors.	05	10
906	Hemisphaericum. Straw; rose blotched.	05	10	Queen of Tom Thumbs. Variegated foliage:			
907	Jupiter. Golden yellow.	05	10	995	Bright Rose Scarlet. Very bright.	05	10
908	Pearl (Moonlight). Creamy white.	05	10	996	Brilliant Grimson. White veins.	05	15
909	Vesuvius. Salmon-rose.	05	10	997	Chameleon. Variable colors.	05	15
910	Finest Mixed Tall Varieties. All colors.	05	10	998	Crystal Queen. Orange, blotched.	05	10
Lobb's Climbing Varieties. Lobbianum.				999	Deep Orange-Scarlet. New. Brilliant.	05	10
920	Asa Gray. Cream-yellow.	05	15	1000	Golden Yellow. Handsome.	05	10
921	Black Princess. New. Dark maroon.	05	20	1001	Sulphur-Yellow. Very refined.	05	10
922	Brilliant. Bright scarlet.	05	15	1002	Queen of Tom Thumbs Mixed.	05	10
923	Crown Prince of Prussia. Dark blood-red.	05	15	Tom Thumb Spencer Varieties:			
924	Firefly. Orange-yellow.	05	15	1012	David Burpee. Velvety purple-scarlet.	05	25
925	Primrose Cream-White. Maroon spotted.	05	15	1013	Lady Bird. Orange; dark foliage.	05	25
926	Princess Victoria Louise (Margaret). Cream-white, spotted and veined scarlet.	05	15	1014	Riemke Groot. Bright scarlet.	05	25
927	Queen Alexandra. Blood-red; variegated.	10	25	1015	Spencer Mixed. All colors.	05	15
928	Queen Dowager Emma. Crimson; variegated.	10	25	1025	NEMOPHILA insignis (Love Grove). A. 1 ft. Border plants bearing a profusion of cup-shaped flowers, all colors.	Pkt. 05	Lge. Pkt. 15
929	Queen of the Morning. New. Scarlet.	10	25	1030	NICOTIANA affinis (Flowering Tobacco). TP. 3 ft. Showy plants, with broad foliage and fragrant white flowers.	05	15
930	Queen of the North. Yellow; variegated.	10	25	1035	NIEREMBERGIA frutescens (Cup Flower). TP. 1 ft. Bedding plant, with white flowers tinted lilac.	05	20
931	Queen of Spain. Golden yellow; variegated.	10	25	1040	NIGELLA Damascena (Love-in-a-Mist). A. 1 ft. Quaint blue flowers surrounded by finely cut foliage, forming a misty effect.	05	15
932	Queen Wilhelmina. Scarlet; variegated.	10	25	1045	OENOTHERA (Evening Primrose). A. 2 to 3 ft. Shrubby plants, bearing a great profusion of brightly colored flowers opening as the sun goes down. Mixed colors.	05	15
933	Rudolph Virchow. Soft, rosy pink.	05	15	1164	PASSIFLORA caerulea (Passion Vine). TP. 8 to 10 ft. Interesting vine, with blue, wax-like flowers.	05	25
934	Spitfire. Fiery scarlet.	05	10				
935	Finest Mixed Lobbianum Varieties. All colors.	05	10				
Lobbianum Lilliput Hybrids:							
940	Fairy King. White and dark rose.	05	20				
941	Fairy Queen. Yellow, turning to brown.	05	20				
942	Lady Cherry. Dark wine-red.	10	25				
943	Othello. New. Deep red.	05	20				
944	Queen of Holland. Light yellow to purple.	10	20				
945	Rubin. Ruby-red.	05	20				
946	Snow Queen. New. Cream-white.	10	25				
947	Finest Mixed of above. All colors.	05	15				
Lobbianum Ivy-leaved Sorts:							
960	Emma Alida. Yellow and orange; lacinated.	10	25				
961	Mourning Bride. Velvety crimson.	10	25				
962	Prinzessin Juliana. Gold-orange; deeply cut.	10	25				
963	Finest Mixed Ivy-leaved. All kinds and colors.	10	20				
Tom Thumb, or Dwarf Varieties:							
970	Aurora. Terra cotta.	05	10				
971	Bronze. Splendid form.	05	10				
972	Chameleon. Cream-white, spotted scarlet.	05	15				
973	Golden Blotched. With scarlet blotch.	05	10				
974	Golden Midnight. Dark purple.	05	10				
975	Golden Queen. Golden yellow.	05	10				
976	Golden Rose. Pink.	05	10				
977	King of Tom Thumbs. Bright scarlet.	05	10				
978	Lady Bird. Orange, spotted scarlet.	05	15				
979	Pearl (Moonlight). Cream-yellow.	05	15				

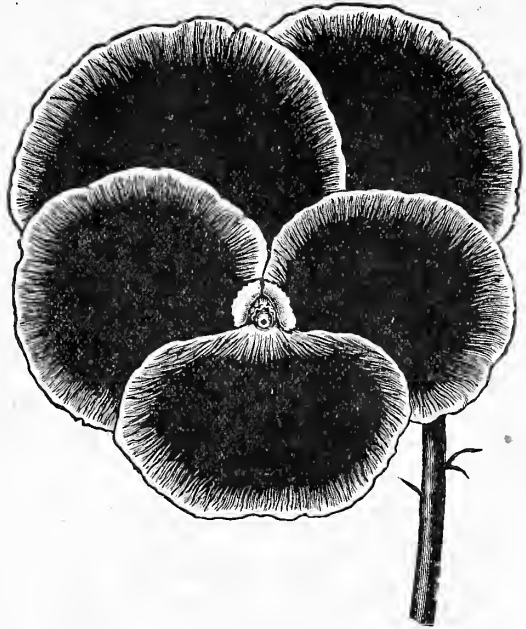
PETUNIAS

These are among the most easily grown of all garden annuals and furnish a magnificent succession of brilliant flowers.

	Pkt.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Oz.
1170 New Frimbriata, Canary Bird. Beautifully fringed flowers of distinct yellow, deeper in throat.	15	\$1 75
1171 Holmes' Defiance. Extra large; all colors.	10	1 25
1172 New Star. Perfect star in center; all colors.	10	1 00
1173 Holmes' Fancy Fringed. All colors.	10	1 00
1174 Double Giant. Large, 250 seeds, \$1.75.	25	
1175 Hybrids, Finest Mixed, oz., \$1.	05	



Bugnot's Exhibition



Cassier's Very Large-flowered Blotched

PANSIES

For a number of years we have been selling our **Superb Mixtures of Different Varieties of Pansies**, and, without a single exception, we have had the most flattering reports on the many beautiful varieties and colors never before seen by our customers in other mixtures, obtained elsewhere. We give a complete list of the different varieties in the mixtures that we are handling, and which include all the varieties obtainable from the best growers in Germany and other countries.

1046	Holmes' Non Plus Ultra. The richest mixture ever sent out, and containing the Blotched and Masterpiece varieties in greatest proportion; very effective.	Pkt. 25	Oz. \$10 00
1047	Large-flowered Parisian. Mostly light colors; very gay and pretty.	10	2 00
1048	Giant French Large-stained. Beautiful and very effective.	10	2 25
1049	Princess. New, quite compact, upright-growing weatherproof class of Pansies, mostly blotched, and some frilled flowers; very valuable.	15	8 00
1050	Holmes' Triumph of the Giants. Robust, compact-growing plants; flowers enormous in size, of rich and rare colors.	15	8 00
1051	Holmes' Mammoth Five-blotched. Magnificent extra-large flowers, superbly marked.	10	5 00
1052	Holmes' Giant Masterpiece. Enormous flowers, 4 inches across, with ruffled edges and distinct colors and markings.	10	7 00
1053	Bugnot's Giant Spotted. Color radiates on margin of petals; beautifully spotted.	10	5 50
1054	Mme. Perret. Great American Giant, "Red, White and Blue".	10	3 00
1055	Odier Five-spotted Beauties. Of perfect form and wondrous beauty.	10	3 00
1056	Goliath Cattleya Orchid-flowered. Exquisite.	10	3 50
1057	Giant Trimardeau. Enormous in size and great variety of colors.	10	2 00
1058	Trimardeau Giant Spotted Parisian. Extra large; gorgeous colors.	10	2 50
1059	Cassier and Trimardeau Mixture. Superb mixture of large flowers.	10	2 25
1060	Very Fine Mixture, composed of all the separate varieties. Remarkably showy.	10	1 25
1061	Holmes' Large-flowering, Mixed (Butterfly Mixture).	10	2 00
1062	English Pansies, Mixed (the old "Faced Pansy"). Plants of compact habit.	10	2 00
1063	French Faced, Mixed.	10	2 00
1064	Cassier's Very Large-flowered Blotched. The largest flowered class of Blotched Pansies. Our famous, very showy and especially rich strain; quality unsurpassed.	10	3 50
1065	Bugnot's Superb Blotched. A very beautiful class. Large flowers, with broad blotches, many having the two upper petals finely lined; great variety of handsome and rare colors.	10	3 50
1066	Bugnot's Exhibition. Saved from best selected plants. An incomparable strain, producing many beautiful and rare varieties.	15	8 00
1067	Bugnot's Dark Brown Shades.	15	8 00
1068	Raphael (Benary). New; blue veins and dark violet spots on white ground; beautiful varieties.	Pkt. 25	Oz. \$10 00
1070	Auricula-flowered, Prince Bismarck. Light blue, striped rosy lilac.	10	1 50
1071	King of Blacks. Violet-blue.	10	1 50
1072	Giant Cassier, Hortensia Red. New.	10	3 00
1073	Giant Marmorata. Marbled on purple, red and crimson ground.	10	2 50
1074	Odier Five-spotted Yellow. Magnificent.	10	6 00
1075	Odier Five-spotted White. Extra fine.	10	6 00
1076	Psyche. Velvety violet on white; curled.	10	6 00
1077	Giant Vulcan. Dark red; five black blotches.	15	7 00
Giant Trimardeau, separate colors:			
1087	Adonis. Light blue.	10	2 00
1088	Atropurpurea. Dark purple.	10	2 00
1089	Fire King. Brilliant yellow and purple.	10	2 00
1090	Canary Bird. Golden yellow.	10	2 00
1091	Indigo-Blue. Very rich color.	10	2 00
1092	Emperor William. Ultramarine-blue.	10	2 00
1093	Lord Beaconsfield. Purple and lavender.	10	2 00
1094	Peacock. Blue, edged white.	10	2 00
1095	White with Eye. Black center; showy.	10	2 00
1105	Crimson King. Very brilliant.	10	2 25
1106	Mauve Queen. Dainty mauve.	10	2 25
1107	Snowflake. Dazzling white.	10	2 25
PHLOX Drummondii. 6 in. to 1 ft. Among the best of all garden plants, producing masses of flowers of dazzling colors constantly all summer.			
Annual Varieties:			
1185	Holmes' Large-flowering. Mixed colors.	10	75
1186	Starred and Fringed. Charming in shape; all colors.	10	75
1187	Meteor. Brilliant scarlet.	05	75
1188	alba. White flowers.	05	80
1189	Apricot. Beautiful shades.	05	2 50
1190	Shell-pink. Very dainty.	05	75
1191	Dwarf Compact. All colors.	05	1 40
1192	Splendid Mixed. All colors and kinds.	05	50
Perennial Variety:			
1200	decussata. 2 ft. All colors; flowers in splendid panicles.	05	1 50
1210	PHYSOSTEGIA denticulata. (False Dragon head). P. 3 to 4 ft. Spikes of tubular flowers of all colors.	Pkt. 10	Lge. Pkt. 20
PINKS. See Dianthus and Carnations.			
PLATYCODON (Chinese Bellflower). HP. 2 ft. Splendid hardy garden plants bearing beautiful blue and white bell-shaped flowers in profusion.			
1215	grandiflorum. Blue; large flowers.	05	15
1216	grandiflorum album. White flowers.	05	15
1217	Japonicus fl. pl. (Double Japanese Bellflower). Deep blue.	15	40

POCKET FLOWER. See *Calceolaria*.

POPPIES (*Papaver*). Brilliant and showy garden flowers, growing freely from seed. Sow where intended to bloom, as they will not stand transplanting.

Annual Varieties, Single:

	Pkt.	Oz.
1225 Brilliant. Dazzling red.....	05	30
1226 Danebrog. Scarlet; silvery white spot.....	05	25
1227 Dwarf Shirley. Beautifully variegated.....	05	30
1228 Maid of the Mist. White; fringed.....	05	30
1229 Japanese Dwarf. Mixed colors.....	05	30
1230 Tulip-flowered. Mixed colors; tulip-shaped.....	05	50

Annual Varieties, Double:

	Pkt.	Oz.
1240 Cardinal. Hybrids; scarlet; enormous size.....	05	20
1241 Golden Gate. All colors; magnificent.....	05	20
1242 Improved Carnation-flowered. Fringed flowers; all colors.....	05	20
1243 Peony-flowered. Splendid flowers; all colors.....	05	25

Pefennial Varieties:

	Pkt.	Oz.
1250 Oriental Giant. Enormous; brilliant.....	05	75
1251 bracteatum. Brilliant scarlet, black spot.....	05	\$1 00
1252 nudicaule (Iceland Poppy). Brilliant.....	20	75
1253 Mixed Hybrids. Gorgeous large flowers.....	10	1 00

POPPY MALLOW. See *Callirhoe*.

PORTULACA. A. Trailing. Forms a brilliant display of many-colored flowers, surmounting peculiar heavy foliage. Sow where they are to bloom when ground is warm.

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1263 Finest Single Mixed. All colors.....	05	15
1264 Double Rose-flowered Mixed. All colors.....	05	50

PRIMULA (*Primrose*). 6 in. to 2 ft. Most beautiful greenhouse and garden plants, with dainty flowers of all colors. Our seed is saved from the finest specimens and is unexceptionally pure.

Fringed Chinese Varieties:

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1270 Holmes' Prize Mixture. Contains only the very finest varieties. Seed selected from prize-winning plants.....	25	75
1271 alba magnifica. White, with yellow eye.....	35	75
1272 Brilliant Red. Magnificent color.....	35	75
1273 Holborn Blue. Brilliant shade.....	35	75
1274 Kermesina splendens. Crimson.....	35	75
1275 Rosy Morn. Tender pink.....	35	75

Obconica gigantea Varieties:

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1280 lilacina. Pale lilac.....	20	65
1281 rosea. Brilliant pink.....	20	65
1282 Kermesina. Bright crimson.....	20	65
1283 alba. Pure white.....	20	65
1284 Hybrids, Mixed. All colors.....	20	65

Obconica grandiflora Varieties:

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1290 compacta. Dwarf; rosy lilac.....	25	65
1291 fimbriata. Fringed; all colors.....	10	65
1292 Vesuvius. Dark crimson.....	25	65

Miscellaneous Varieties:

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1297 Buttercup. New. Yellow; for pots.....	25	65
1298 Forbesi (Baby Primrose). Rosy lilac.....	25	65
1299 malacoides. New. Lilac; in clusters.....	25	65

Hardy Varieties:

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1304 cortusoides Sieboldii. Mixed colors; for garden or pots.....	15	65
1305 veris (English Cowslip). Mixed colors; old and well known.....	10	20
1306 vulgaris (English Primrose). Canary yellow. The common hardy Primrose of gardens.....	10	40

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1310 PUERARIA Thunbergiana (Kudzu Vine). HP. Climber. The fastest growing vine known. Immense heart-shaped leaves and purple pea-shaped flowers.....	05	30

PURPLE FOUNTAIN GRASS. See *Grasses*.

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1315 PYRETHRUM roseum. HP. 2 ft. Rose-colored, daisy-like flowers.....	10	25

QUAKING GRASS. See *Grasses*.**RED-HOT POKER.** See *Tritoma*.**RESEDA.** See *Mignonette*.**RICHARDIA** (*Calla*). See *Bulbs*.

RICINUS (*Castor-Oil Plant*). A. 6 to 12 ft. Magnificent foliage plants with enormous leaves and clusters of beans.

	Pkt.	Oz.
1320 Holmes' Giant. Enormous brown leaves. 15 ft.....	10	50
1321 Zanzibariensis. Very large leaves, varying from light green to purplish red. 10 ft.....	05	15
1322 Borboniense. 15 ft. Tall; green leaves.....	05	15
1323 Mixed. All kinds and colors.....	05	15

ROSES, All Kinds. See *Hardy Roses*.**ROSE CAMPION.** See *Agrostemma*.

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1328 ROSEMARINUS officinalis (Rosemary). HP. 2 ft. Shrub-like plant, with fragrant foliage and blue flowers. Yields aromatic oil.....	05	25

RUDBECKIA (*Coneflower*). HP. 2 to 3 ft. Strong-growing plants, bearing great numbers of ray flowers on long stems.

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1333 lacinata (Golden Glow). Bright yellow.....	05	20
1334 purpurea. Reddish purple, brown disc.....	05	20
1335 superba. Yellow with brown disc.....	05	15

SALPIGLOSSIS (*Velvet Flower*). HHA. 18 in. Beautiful orchid-like flowers, exquisitely marked and veined.

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1340 Emperor. New. Wondrous gold-veined flowers in clusters.....	05	40

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1341 superbissima variabilis. New. Many colors, veined with gold.....	05	30
1342 Mixed Hybrids. All colors and markings.....	05	25

SALVIA (*Flowering Sage*). HHA. Most showy of all garden flowers, bearing great masses of brilliantly colored blossoms in spikes.

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1347 Bonfire (Clara Bedman). Scarlet.....	10	30
1348 Ball of Fire. Dwarf; early; scarlet.....	15	40
1349 splendens (Scarlet Sage). Brilliant.....	05	30
1350 Zurich. Crimson-scarlet; dwarf.....	15	40

SAND VERBENA. See *Abronia*.**SATIN FLOWER.** See *Godetia*.

SCABIOSA (*Mourning Bride*). HHA. 2 ft. Easily grown garden plants.

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1355 Double Black. Black-purple.....	05	15
1356 Dwarf Double Mixed. All colors.....	05	15

SCARLET SAGE. See *Salvia*.

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1360 SCHIZANTHUS Wisetonensis (Butterfly Flower). HHA. 18 in. Orchid-like flowers of all colors.....	05	65

SENSITIVE PLANT. See *Mimosa*.

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1365 SMILAX (<i>Myrsiphyllum asparagoides</i>). GP. Climbing. Delicate greenhouse climber, with heart-shaped leaves.....	10	5

SNAPDRAGON. See *Antirrhinum*.

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1370 SOLANUM capsicastrum (Jerusalem Cherry). GP. 1 ft. Handsome pot-plant for the house, with yellow flowers followed by scarlet cherry-like seed-pods.....	05	40

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1375 SOLIDAGO Canadensis (Goldenrod). HP. 3 ft. The well-known wild flower of autumn, with golden plumes.....	05	30

SPEEDWELL. See *Veronica*.**SPIDER PLANT.** See *Cleome*.**SQUIRREL-TAIL GRASS.** See *Grasses*.

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1380 STOKESIA Cyanea (Stokes' Aster). HP. 1 1/2 to 2 ft. Splendid aster-like flowers of pale blue. Always in bloom.....	10	\$2 50

STRAW FLOWER. See *Helichrysum*.

STOCKS, Ten weeks (*Matthiola*; Cut-and-Come-Again). HHA. 1 to 1 1/2 ft. Old favorites of the garden, with splendid spikes of fragrant flowers of all colors.

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1385 Princess Alice. Pure white; double.....	19	40

	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1386 Holmes' New Largest-flowering Globe Pyramidal. Mixed.....	10	50

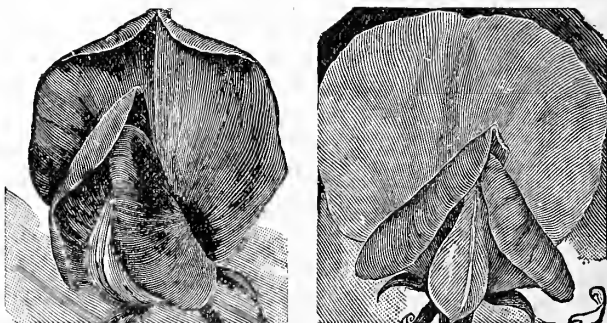
	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1387 Emperor. Extra large; mixed colors.....	10	60

SUMMER HYACINTH. See *Bulbs*.**SUNFLOWER.** See *Helianthus*.**SWAN RIVER DAISY.** See *Brachycome*.**SWEET ALYSSUM.** See *Alyssum*.**1390 NEW RED SUNFLOWER**

The plants grow strong and sturdy to a height of 7 to 9 feet—according to the richness of the soil and the sunny warmth of location—producing several large flowers of refined form, the rays wide and long, the disc or center, small. The coloring varies from golden-yellow, splashed with red, to nearly all red, but the great majority will be Gaillardia colored, that is a wide or narrow zone of red surrounds the purplish-black center, the ends or tips of the petals being of a rich golden-yellow color; this combination is very rich and effective. Of course a small proportion of the plants may produce all yellow flowers, but even these will be showy and desirable.

The seed may be sown in the open ground when warm enough—or it may be started in the house or hotbed. The plants commence flowering in about eight weeks from seed sowing, and should stand not nearer than three feet apart for best development.

Price, per Packet, 15c.

**SWEET PEAS**

All our strains of Sweet Peas are grown especially for us by one of the best experts in the country, and we can recommend them as being absolutely fresh and true to name. The new types listed below will be a revelation to the lover of Sweet Peas, as they are of size, color and form never dreamed of before by the enthusiast.

BEST SPENCER VARIETIES

	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.
CREAM-YELLOW SHADES				
1400 Primrose Spencer.....	05	40	\$1 25	\$4 00
DEEP ROSE, or PINK SHADES				
1406 Beatrice Spencer.....	05	25	75	2 50
1407 George Herbert.....	05	25	75	2 00
1408 Helen Lewis.....	05	35	1 00	3 50
LIGHT PINK SHADES				
1415 Blanche Ferry Spencer.....	05	40	1 25	4 00
1416 Countess Spencer.....	05	25	75	2 50
1417 Mrs. Routzahn Spencer.....	05	40	1 25	4 00
MAROON SHADES				
1420 Othello Spencer.....	05	35	1 00	3 00
WHITE SHADES				
1425 White Spencer. Pure white.....	05	40	1 25	4 00
1430 Holmes' Superb Spencers, Mixed. All colors.....	05	35	1 00	3 00

SWEET PEAS—continued

UNWIN WAVED VARIETIES

LAVENDER SHADES				
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
1435 Frank Dolby	05	35	\$1 00	\$3 00
LIGHT PINK SHADES				
1440 Gladys Unwin	05	20	50	1 50
ROSE-PINK SHADES				
1445 Phyllis Unwin	05	25	75	2 00
WHITE SHADES				
1450 Nora Unwin. Pure white	05	25	75	2 00
1455 Holmes' Superb Unwin's Mixed. All colors	05	20	50	1 50

LARGE-FLOWERING GRANDIFLORA TYPES

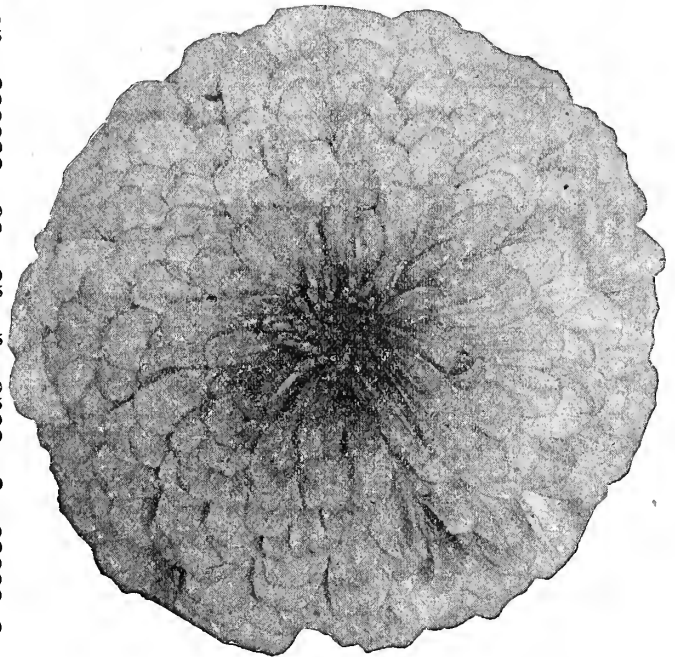
This list contains the best of the standard Sweet Peas, with large, expanded or hooded petals.

DARK BLUE SHADES				
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
1460 Navy Blue	05	15	40	\$1 00
DEEP PINK SHADES				
1465 Coccinea	05	15	40	1 00
1466 Janet Scott	05	25	75	2 00
LAVENDER AND BLUE SHADES				
1470 Countess of Cadogan	05	15	35	75
1471 Helen Pierce	05	20	50	1 50
1472 Mrs. Walter Wright	05	15	35	75
LIGHT PINK SHADES				
1480 Agnes Eckford	05	20	50	1 50
1481 Blanche Ferry	05	15	40	1 00
1482 Blanche Ferry, Extra Early	05	15	40	1 00
1483 Katherine Tracy	05	15	40	1 00
1484 Lovely	05	15	40	1 00
1485 Prince of Wales	05	15	40	1 00
MAROON SHADES				
1490 Black Knight	05	15	40	1 00
1491 Othello	05	15	40	1 00
ORANGE SHADES				
1500 Henry Eckford	05	15	40	1 00
1501 Miss Willmott	05	15	35	75
PRIMROSE SHADES				
1505 Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon	05	15	35	75
RED SHADES				
1510 America	05	15	40	1 00
1511 George Gordon	05	15	35	75
1512 King Edward VII	05	15	40	1 00
1513 Queen Alexandria	05	15	40	1 00
VIOLET AND PURPLE SHADES				
1520 Duke of Westminster	05	15	40	1 00
WHITE SHADES				
1525 Blanche Burpee. Pure white	05	15	40	1 00
1526 Dainty	05	15	40	1 00
1527 Dorothy Eckford. Pure white	05	15	40	1 00
1528 Lottie Eckford	05	15	40	1 00
1529 Phenomenal	05	15	40	1 00
1535 Holmes' Superfine Mixture. All colors	05	15	40	1 00

FOR CHRISTMAS FORCING

	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
1540 Burpee's Early White	05	25	75	\$2 00
1541 Christmas Meteor. Scarlet	05	25	75	2 00
1542 Christmas Pink	05	25	75	2 00
1543 Earliest of all. Pink and white	05	25	75	2 00
1544 Mont Blanc. Pure white	05	25	75	2 00
1545 Mrs. C. H. Totty. Pale mauve	05	25	75	2 00
1546 Mrs. E. Wild. Bright rose	05	25	75	2 00
1547 Mrs. G. Lewis. Pure white	05	25	75	2 00
1548 Mrs. Wm. Sim. Salmon-pink	05	25	75	2 00
1555 Holmes' Christmas. Mixed. All colors	05	15	50	1 50
SWEET ROCKET. See Hesperis.				
SWEET SULTAN. See Centaurea.				
SWEET WILLIAM. See Dianthus.				
TAGETES. See Marigold.				
TASSEL FLOWER. See Calacia.				
TOUCH-ME-NOT. See Impatiens.				
1560 THUNBERGIA (Black-eyed Susan). A. Climber. Bears a profusion of flat white, yellow and Pkt. Lge. Pkt. orange flowers, with bold black centers. 05 20				
1563 TRITOMA (Flame Flower; Red-Hot Poker). TP. 3 ft. Long, compact spikes of orange-scarlet flowers. Brilliant and showy. 10 30				
UMBRELLA PLANT. See Cyperus.				
VELVET FLOWER. See Salpiglossis.				
VERBENA. H.A. 1½ to 2 ft. The well-known old favorites of the garden, with flat clusters of fragrant flowers of all colors. Always in bloom. Pkt. Oz.				
1565 Extra Choice Mixed. Specially selected seed .. 05 \$1 50				
1566 Holmes' Mammoth. Extra large mixed	05	1 50		
1567 Scarlet Defiance. Brilliant color	05	2 00		
1568 Pure White. Very choice	05	2 00		
1569 Blue with White Eye. Extra fine	05	2 00		
1570 Blood-Red, White Center	10	2 00		
1571 Auricula-flowered. Mixed colors	15	2 00		

1581 VERONICA spicata (Speedwell). HP. 18 in. Pkt. Lge. Pkt. Fine border plant; long spikes of blue flowers. 10 30 VINCA (Madagascar Periwinkle). HP. 1 ft. Dwarf bedding plants, with glossy green foliage and dainty flowers.				
1586 alba. White with rose eye	10	20		
1587 alba pura. Pure white	10	20		
1588 rosea. Rose with dark eye	10	20		
1589 Mixed. All colors	10	20		
VIOLET, Sweet-scented (Viola odorata). TP. 6 in. The favorite fragrant flowers, blooming all season. Seed germinates slowly. Pkt. Lge. Pkt.				
1595 Single Blue Czar. Dark blue	10	40		
1596 Single White Czar. Large; white	10	40		
1597 Single Mixed. Both colors	10	40		
VIRGIN'S BOWER. See Clematis.				
WALLFLOWER (Cheiranthus). TP. 18 in. Handsome garden plant, bearing spikes of fragrant flowers.				
1605 Fine German, Double. All colors; selected seed	20	40		
1606 Single Mixed. All colors; brilliant	05	15		
WAX FLOWER. See Mesembryanthemum.				
WILD CUCUMBER. See Echinocystis.				
WIND FLOWER. See Anemone.				
WISTARIA. See Climbing Plants.				
1616 XERANTHEMUM (Everlasting Flower). A. 2 ft. Interesting plants bearing peculiar straw-like flowers; fine for winter decorations. Double mixed	05	15		
YARROW. See Achillea.				

Holmes' Improved Giant
Large-flowering Double Zinnias

ZINNIA (Youth and Old Age). A. Favorite
garden flowers; among the easiest to grow and
bloom.

For many years we have been working on a strain of Giant Zinnias, as many of these beautiful flowers would run back to the small type. The strains from abroad seem to give the poorest flowers. This year our seed was grown in Colorado, and to our surprise we had flowers ranging in size from 4½ to 5½ inches across. The illustration above shows a flower which measures 5½ inches across and had to be reduced to go in our catalog.

1626 Mammoth (Robusta Plenissima). Flowers of mammoth size, perfectly formed, very double and of striking colors; a fine strain; 2½ feet. 1½ oz., 25 cts. 10 \$1 00				
1627 Flesh-pink. Delicate shade	1½ oz., 35 cts. 10	1 25		
1628 Crimson. Very rich	1½ oz., 35 cts. 10	1 25		
1629 Canary. Clear yellow	1½ oz., 35 cts. 10	1 25		
1630 Jacqueminot. Rich crimson- scarlet	1½ oz., 35 cts. 10	1 25		
1631 Purple	1½ oz., 35 cts. 10	1 25		
1632 Scarlet. Bright and fiery	1½ oz., 35 cts. 10	1 25		
1633 White. Pure white	1½ oz., 35 cts. 10	1 25		
Dwarf Varieties; 18 in.:				
1634 Snowball. Pure white	05	75		
1635 Fireball. Brilliant red	05	75		
1636 Pompon. Smaller flowers, all colors	05	75		
1637 Mixed. All kinds and colors	05	60		



A Neat Hedge of *Ligustrum Ovalifolium* (California Privet)

Suitable Shrubs for Hedges

Many people are now planting hedges instead of building fences which neither add to the appearance or value of the home grounds. With hedges the direct opposite is true, for a home, planted on either side with an attractive, well-kept hedge, is sure to be worth more money than a home where a fence is used between your grounds and those of your neighbor's. In the following list are numerous hedge plants which are easy to keep in order and are well adapted to this locality.

Berberis. Barberries

BARBERRY THUNBERGII. (THUNBERG'S, OR JAPANESE BARBERRY.) This is without doubt one of the best plants for hedge; for regardless of whether it is given attention or not the effect is always good. Barberry can be planted and allowed to grow naturally. An excellent effect is attained if you prune this plant, for with this variety you can make a hedge of almost any design or shape. The leaves are small, dark green and change to red in fall. The plant bears a mass of bright scarlet fruit which remains through the winter.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1 to 1½ feet.....	25	\$1 75	\$13 00
1½ to 2 feet.....	35	2 00	15 00
2 to 3 feet.....	45	3 00	18 00

B. VULGARIS PURPUREA. (PURPLE BARBERRY.) The foliage of this hedge plant is violet purple, which color is strongly marked when this variety is planted near shrubs that have green foliage.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 feet.....	75	\$6 00	\$40 00

B. VULGARIS. (COMMON EUROPEAN BARBERRY.) An excellent hedge plant, also useful in mass planting. In early summer it bears numerous yellow flowers, and in autumn an abundance of orange-scarlet fruits.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ to 2 feet.....	35	\$2 25	\$16 50

Ligustrum. Privet

LIGUSTRUM OVALIFOLIUM. (CALIFORNIA PRIVET.) A vigorous, low-growing plant that will stand any amount of pruning. The leaves are large, glossy dark green and remain on the plant until late winter. Makes a very dense hedge.

	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
8 to 12 inches.....	75	\$4 50	\$35 00
1½ to 2 feet.....	\$1 00	7 00	55 00
2 to 3 feet.....	1 25	8 00	65 00

Extra Bushy, Grown Especially for Screen Planting

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 feet.....	\$1 25	\$7 00
4 to 5 feet.....	1 50	8 50

Thuya. Arborvitae

THUYA OCCIDENTALIS. (COMMON AMERICAN ARBORVITAE.) An excellent plant for hedges if it receives a little pruning. Fully described and priced under Evergreen Trees

TSUGA CANADENSIS. (CANADIAN HEMLOCK.) Grows to considerable height and is unexcelled for wind breaks and screens. Will stand any amount of pruning and can be trained into different shapes as wished. Fully described and priced under Evergreen Trees.

PRICES OF ABOVE

	Each	10	100
3 to 4 feet.....	\$2 00	\$17 50	\$150 00
4 to 5 feet.....	3 00	27 50	250 00
5 to 6 feet.....	4 00	37 50	350 00
6 to 7 feet.....	5 00	47 50

Freight or Express Charges Must be Paid by Purchaser.



Thunberg's Barberry, whether pruned or not, makes a very attractive hedge

FRUIT TREES

So many people have inquired of us for fruit trees, that this year we have added to our catalogue a long list of Apples, Peaches, Pears, etc. Of course, there are many varieties of each that are not given here, but we don't care to deviate from our usual custom of selling only what we know to be all right. There is not a fruit listed in this catalogue that we would not plant ourselves. Therefore, any selection you make from those given here may be fully relied on. They are tested and tried sorts, and the kinds that always "make good," whether it be in the home garden or commercial orchard.

Apples

Prices of Two-Year Budded Apple Trees:

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 feet.....	45	\$4 00	\$35 00
4 to 5 feet.....	50	4 50	40 00
5 to 6 feet.....	60	5 00	45 00

JULY. (FOURTH OF JULY.) An excellent red Apple, fit for use in early summer.

RED ASTRACHAN. Summer. Skin red; flesh delicious.

RED JUNE. (CAROLINA RED JUNE.) Summer. Red. An excellent eating Apple.

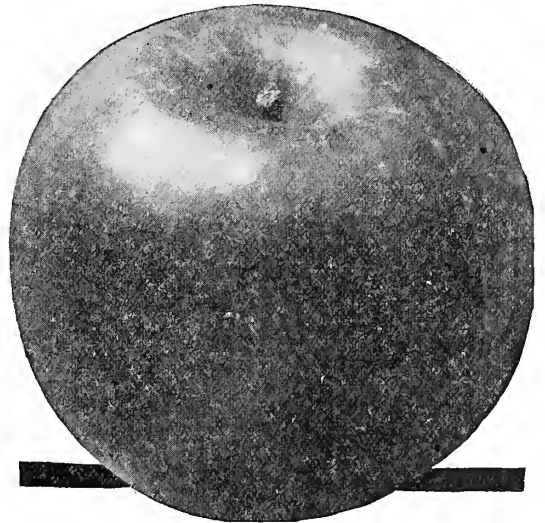
WILLIAMS. (WILLIAMS' EARLY RED.) Summer. A reddish Apple of large size; flesh is tender, juicy, and possesses a pleasing flavor.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT. Summer. A handsome Apple that grows well all over the country. Fruit is large; skin is yellowish; flesh is tender, juicy, and possesses a good flavor.

GRAVENSTEIN. Fall. A perfect fruit with a handsome yellowish skin striped with red. The flesh is yellow, firm, juicy, of excellent quality; flavor palatable.

GRIMES. (GRIMES GOLDEN.) Fall. A large size Apple, with golden yellow skin dotted gray. The flesh is tender, juicy, crisp and the flavor is good. The tree is hardy and productive.

MCINTOSH. (MCINTOSH RED.) Fall. This is a bright red Apple with white flesh, slightly pink towards the core. Flesh is juicy and has a subacid flavor. It will keep a long time and requires no special storage. McIntosh is hardy anywhere and does very well in this section.



Stayman Winesap is a very delicious Apple

YORK IMPERIAL. Winter. This is one of the most important commercial Apples grown. Its size is medium. The skin is white, with a reddish shade. The flesh is firm, crisp and juicy; flavor is pleasant and mild. The tree is vigorous and productive. Seems to do well wherever planted.

WINESAP. Winter. Wherever you see a good commercial or home Apple orchard you will find Winesap, for it grows practically anywhere north of Maryland. The fruit is of medium size, with a dark red skin; flesh is a creamy white, tender, crisp and juicy. Winesap belongs in a class by itself, for it will stand shipping long distances without losing any of its selling value. The tree is a strong grower, bears well and does it every year.

DELICIOUS. Winter. This Apple can be told anywhere on account of its shape. It is oblong, quite full at the stem, but at the blossom end it is deeply notched. In quality, Delicious is considered one of the best for commercial orchards. The fruit's color is brilliant dark red, shading to yellow at the blossom end. The flesh is perhaps the best keeping Apple you can find.

STAYMAN WINESAP. Winter. The only reason we can see why this Apple is not planted more extensively in every orchard all over the country is because it is not well enough known. Frankly, we can think of no other Apple that possesses more of every good quality than does the Stayman Winesap. Its size is large, nearly round; has a very high red color and a pleasing appearance. The flesh is white, very fine quality, juicy, and flavor is one of the best. If you have room for only a few trees, plant Stayman Winesap. If you grow for market you can't afford to overlook this variety. It is a moneymaker.

Peaches

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1 to 2 feet.....	25	\$2 00	\$17 00
2 to 3 feet.....	30	2 25	19 00
3 to 4 feet.....	40	3 00	22 00
4 to 5 feet.....	50	3 75	24 00
5 to 6 feet.....	60	4 50	26 00

GREENSBORO. Ripens June 25 to July 10. It is yellow, with a crimson cheek; flesh is white, juicy and sweet. It is extra large for an early Peach, and on account of its firmness is considered one of the best commercial sorts. Freestone.

CARMEN. Ripens July 20. A favorite variety with many growers, for it usually produces excellent prices wherever sold. The fruit is large, pale yellow with crimson cheek. The flesh is tender, creamy white, possessing a spicy flavor. Freestone.

CHAMPION. Ripens August 1. A large Peach with creamy white skin and red cheek. The flesh is white. The flavor is sweet and very high in quality. Champion is an excellent shipper. Freestone.

BELLE. (BELLE OF GEORGIA.) Ripens August 5. A large showy fruit, with white skin and reddish cheek. The flesh is white, firm and delicious; extra high quality. This is one of the standard market varieties for the east. Freestone.

RAY. An extra large Peach of excellent form. The skin is yellowish, nearly all overlaid with red. The flesh is white and firm. The quality is high and desirable in every way. It ships well and arrives at distant markets in excellent condition. Freestone.



Yellow Transparent is one of the best summer Apples

FREIGHT OR EXPRESS CHARGES MUST BE PAID BY PURCHASER



Carman Peach is a great favorite

PEACHES—Continued

ELBERTA. Ripens August 20. This is a favored variety with many of our leading commercial growers. The fruit is large, yellow with reddish cheek. The flesh is firm, yellow, juicy; flavor is very high, and quality is excellent. Freestone.

LATE CRAWFORD. Ripens September 5. One of the leading late varieties. Is large in size; skin is yellow with red cheek. Flesh is yellow, juicy, possessing a rich flavor. Excellent for either market or home planting on account of its late ripening period. Is considered one of the leading late Peaches. Freestone.

Pears

Prices of all varieties except Kieffer

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 feet.....	50	\$4 00	\$35 00
4 to 5 feet.....	60	4 50	40 00
5 to 6 feet.....	70	5 00	45 00

BARTLETT. Summer. A handsome golden yellow fruit. Very popular with everyone who grows Pears. The fruit is large and shapely. The flavor is melting and sweet.

CLAPP FAVORITE. A large lemon yellow fruit with very fine flesh. Flavor rich and sweet.

DUCHESS. (ANGOLEME.) A large fruit of excellent quality. Flavor very pleasing, melting and buttery. Tree bears when quite young.

SECKEL. While not as large as some other varieties, Seckel makes up for this deficiency by its excellent flavor and high quality. The flesh is very juicy and the tree is a low grower. For either home or market use Seckel is an excellent variety.

KIEFFER. This Pear is the one that is grown perhaps more extensively than any other one variety that we can think of. Its size is large and the fruit possesses a sweet flavor. The flesh is rather coarse. Kieffer is one of the best for general planting. We have a special price on Kieffer trees.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 feet, 1 and 2 years.....	40	\$3 75	\$28 00
4 to 5 feet, 1 and 2 years.....	45	4 00	32 00
5 to 6 feet, 1 and 2 years.....	50	4 50	37 00

Cherries

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 feet.....	50	\$3 50	\$28 00
4 to 5 feet.....	60	4 50	37 00
5 to 6 feet.....	70	5 50	46 00

SOUR VARIETIES

MONTMORENCY. Red. Very large in size. The flesh is solid, juicy, with rich acid flavor.

RICHMOND. Red. This fruit ripens quite early. Tree is thrifty and bears heavily; fruit medium sized.

SWEET VARIETIES

BALDWIN. Red. Flavor sweet and delicious.

SCHMIDT. Black. Flavor sweet and pleasing.

Plums

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 feet.....	40	\$3 00	\$25 00
3 to 4 feet.....	50	3 50	30 00
4 to 5 feet.....	60	4 00	35 00
5 to 6 feet.....	70	4 50	40 00

ABUNDANCE. Very large, amber color. Flesh juicy; flavor sweet.

IMPERIAL GAGE. A green variety possessing a pleasing flavor.

ITALIAN. Purple. An excellent sort for either home or market use.

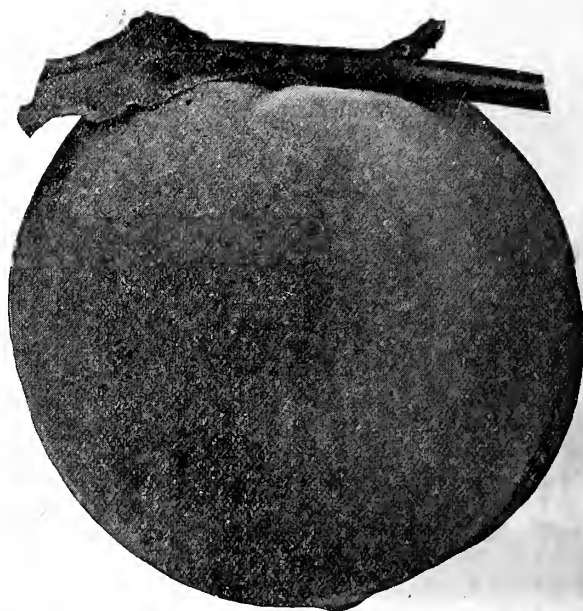
WICKSON. Red. Very large. Flesh firm; flavor delicious.

Quinces

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 feet.....	70	\$6 00	

CHAMPION. Large to very large. Fruit oval in shape, bright yellow. Flesh tender, and of excellent quality.

ORANGE. A large bright yellow fruit of excellent quality.



Elberta is one of the best Peaches for either market or table

FREIGHT OR EXPRESS CHARGES MUST BE PAID BY PURCHASER

SMALL FRUITS

Grapes

Strong Two-Year Vines			One-Year Vines		
Each	Per 10	Per 100	Each	Per 10	Per 100
20	\$1 50	\$8 00	15	\$1 00	\$4 75

CATAWBA. Red. This is one of the standard market varieties. Its flavor is delicious and pleasing. Keeps well and is a good shipper.

CONCORD. A fine black variety with a splendid juicy flavor. This is considered the best market grape, as it is one of the best keeping varieties. If you plant only one variety, be sure to get Concord.

NIAGARA. White. Berries are good-sized and borne in large bunches. The flesh is pulpy, tender and very sweet. Niagara is the standard white grape. Be sure to plant some this year.

Blackberries

ELDORADO. Medium size berries. Jet black in color; flavor is pleasant, melting and sweet.

Each	Per 10	Per 100
20	90	\$4 00

RATHBUN. Extra large berries, glossy black; flesh firm and of excellent quality.

Each	Per 10	Per 100
20	90	\$4 00

Currants

PERFECTION. Beautiful, bright red berries borne in large clusters. Flavor excellent, mild, subacid.

Each	Per 10	Per 100
20	\$1 25	\$5 50

WILDER. Red. Fruit has an excellent flavor.

Each	Per 10	Per 100
20	\$1 25	\$5 50

Dewberry

LUCRETIA. Really a trailing blackberry, but better in quality than any blackberry. Black in color, large and handsome. Flavor excellent.

Each	Per 10	Per 100
20	\$1 00	\$4 50



It takes but a few Berries like these to make a good shortcake

Gooseberry

DOWNING. A large handsome berry of excellent quality for either dessert or cooking purposes.

Each	Per 10	Per 100
25	\$1 35	\$8 80

Raspberries

CUMBERLAND. An excellent quality Raspberry, ripening in mid-season. The berries are large, firm and ship well. The Cumberland is considered one of the best of all black Raspberries.

ST. REGIS. Bright red berries of large size. Flesh firm with a true Raspberry flavor.

PLUM FARMER. A new introduction that promises in time to eclipse all other black Raspberries. Its flavor is excellent; flesh is firm and meaty, and the vine is prolific. You will make no mistake if you plant Plum Farmer.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Price of above.....	20	90	\$3 75

Strawberries

BUBACH. An old favorite. The plants are strong growers and the berries are of large size.

100	250	5 00	1000
\$1 25	\$2 00	\$3 25	\$5 50

CHESAPEAKE. Widely planted because of its high value both for market and table.

100	250	500	1000
\$1 25	\$2 00	\$3 25	\$5 50

GANDY. A very late variety of high value. The berries are large, keep well, and the vines bear tremendous crops.

100	250	500	1000
75	\$1 35	\$2 00	\$3 75

PROGRESSIVE. Everbearing. Without doubt the greatest strawberry on the market. Bears fruit until November. Try it.

100	250	500	1000
\$2 50	\$4 50	\$7 50	\$13 00

SUPERB. Everbearing. A good companion for Progressive. Berries are extra large, handsome and delicious.

100	250	500	1000
\$2 50	\$4 50	\$7 50	\$13 00



Montmorency Cherries are great, big fellows

FREIGHT OR EXPRESS CHARGES MUST BE PAID BY PURCHASER

NITRO-FERTILE

**"JUST MIX
WITH WATER
AND APPLY"**

THE ODORLESS LIQUID FERTILIZER

Nitro-Fertile is an absolutely odorless plant-food, free from weed seeds and bulk waste, quick in action, widely used by professional florists and growers. It is excellent for house plants and the lawn, shrubbery, flower and vegetable garden can be fertilized throughout the growing season easily and pleasantly; successfully used to force growth. Contains 2% Nitrogen, 3% Phosphoric Acid and 3% Potash. To use, dilute with water in the following proportions: 1 tablespoonful to a gallon for potted plants; 2 tablespoonfuls to a gallon for shrubs, lawns or garden. Will keep indefinitely. Fertilizing with Nitro-Fertile is a simple and economical way of insuring a successful garden. One quart fertilizes 1,500 square feet. One gallon is sufficient for the average lawn and garden for the entire season.

½ PINT.....	\$ 35
1 PINT.....	60
1 QUART.....	1 00
1 GALLON.....	3 00
5 -GALLON KEG.....	14 00



GARDEN TOOLS AND REQUISITES

HIGHEST QUALITY ONLY



Asparagus Knives.....45 cts.

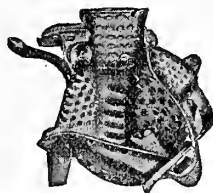
Asparagus Buncher, Acme



No. 1,
\$2 50

No. 2,
\$3 00

No. 1 for 3 to 3½-inch bunches.
No. 2 for 4 to 5-inch bunches.



Corn Sheller, Never Fail

R. & H.....\$2 00

Grass Catcher
The
"Easy
Emptying"



For Size
Style Depth Width Mower Price
No. 10G 20" 18" 12 to 18" \$1 25
No. 12G 22" 22" 16 to 22" 1 50

Glazing Points, Peerless
Nos. 2 and 2½ per 1000..... 60 cts.
By mail..... 75 cts.

Grafting Wax
¼ lb. 10 cts., ½ lb. 15 cts., 1 lb.
25 cts.



Grass Edging
Knives, American
Solid Sockets
4-foot handle, \$1.25

Hanging Baskets

Galvanized Wire

18 in., heavy, 70 cts., doz.....\$8 00
16 in., 40 cts., doz..... 4 50
12 in., 25 cts., doz..... 2 50
10 in., 20 cts., doz..... 2 25

Standard Pots

Size	Ea.	Doz.	100	1,000
1 in.	01	12	\$1 00	\$9 00
1½ in.	01	10	90	7 50
2 in.	02	10	90	7 50
2½ in.	02	12	1 00	8 50
3 in.	03	15	1 25	10 00
3½ in.	03	17	1 50	13 00
4 in.	03	18	1 75	16 00
4½ in.	04	20	2 00	18 00
5 in.	04	25	2 25	20 00
5½ in.	04	35	3 00	27 00
6 in.	05	40	3 75	36 00
6½ in.	06	50	4 75	45 00
7 in.	06	60	5 75	54 00
7½ in.	11	\$1 25	9 00	
8 in.	15	1 50	13 00	
9 in.	25	2 25	20 00	
10 in.	30	3 25	27 00	
11 in.	45	5 00	40 00	
12 in.	60	6 35	55 00	
14 in.	\$1 00	11 40	90 00	

Bulb Pans

ALL STANDARD
SIZES

Width	Height	Ea.	Doz.	100	Width	Height	Ea.	Doz.	100
4 in.	2½ in.	03	30	\$2 00	8 in.	4 in.	15	\$1 70	\$13 00
5 in.	2¾ in.	04	45	3 60	9 in.	4½ in.	25	2 65	20 00
6 in.	3 in.	07	75	5 40	10 in.	5 in.	30	3 35	27 00
7 in.	3½ in.	10	\$1 15	9 00					

Flower-Pot Saucers

Size	Ea.	Doz.	100	Size	Ea.	Doz.	100
4 in.	03	25	\$1 50	9 in.	08	90	\$7 50
5 in.	03	25	2 00	10 in.	10	\$1 15	9 00
6 in.	04	40	3 00	11 in.	12	1 30	11 00
7 in.	05	55	4 00	12 in.	15	1 70	13 50
8 in.	06	65	5 50	14 in.	25	2 75	22 50

The above prices are subject to discount of 15%—discount and prices subject to change without notice

"ANCHOR BRAND"

Cedar Plant Tub

PENNSYLVANIA STYLE

Made of Everlasting Virginia White Cedar



No. 1



No. 2



No. 3



No. 4

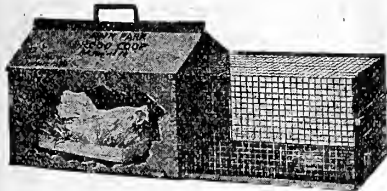
PRICE LIST

Size	Inside Top Inches	Inside Bottom Inches	Depth Inches	Thickness Stave Inches	Wire Hoops	Handle	Painted	Price Each
No. 1	14 1/8	11 1/8	13 1/2	1 1/8	3 No. 6	No. 2 N. V.	Green	\$1 85
No. 2	14 1/8	11 1/8	12 1/2	1 1/8	3 No. 6	No. 2 N. V.	Green	1 65
No. 3	12 1/8	10 1/8	12 1/2	1 1/8	3 No. 6	No. 2 N. V.	Green	1 45
No. 4	11 1/8	9 1/8	11 1/2	1 1/8	3 No. 7	No Handles	Green	1 25
No. 5	10 3/4	8 3/4	10 1/2	1 1/8	3 No. 7	No Handles	Green	1 10

POULTRY SUPPLIES

SHIPPING COOPS FOR POULTRY

For chickens, size 3 feet long, 2 feet wide, 1 foot high. \$1.50 each; \$13.00 per dozen.



The "Lawn Park"
Coop

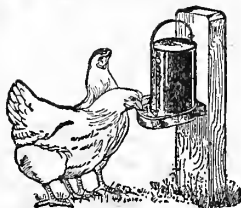
The run-away or park is pushed inside the coop (telescopes) in cold or storm weather, and opened or closed, the hen and brood are perfectly sheltered and protected. Each \$4.25.

Labels, Painted Wooden Pot

	100	1000
4-inch.....	12	85
5-inch.....	20	\$1 00
6-inch.....	25	1 50
8-inch.....	35	3 25
10-inch.....	50	4 50
12-inch.....	75	6 00

Drinking Fountains
Keystone Grey Granite

1-quart size.....	\$ 45
2-quart size.....	55
1-gallon size.....	70
2-gallon size.....	1 50



Lawn
Sprinklers
Peck. 3-arm,
\$2 50.

Cherry
Seeder,
Rodman's
No. 3..... 75
No. 4..... \$1 00

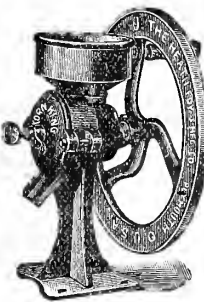


No. 1½
Korn King
Each, \$6 98

No. 10
Rapid
Crist Mill
Each, \$6 79

No. 30
R. & H.
Corn
Sheller
Each, \$3 79

No. 20
Never Fail
Each, \$2 89



Cider Mills

The best and
strongest
mill made.

Junior.....\$20 00

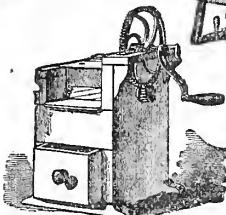
I-am-it.
See illustration.
\$16 00



Horseshadish Graters
Family size; all iron.
\$4 75



No. 3 foot tread.
\$20 00



Market Stall Horseshadish Grater
Each.....\$15 00



Hose Noz-
zles, Gem
Spray or Solid
Stream.
50 cts.

Dandelion and Plantain Puller



50 cts.

Dandelion Puller
Long handle.....45 cts.

GARDEN TOOLS AND REQUISITES

HIGHEST QUALITY
ONLY

Lawn Rollers, Roller Bearing Hand

A child can run them.

No.	Diam.	Length In.	Sections	Wt. Lbs.	Our Price
501	15	15	2	150	\$12 00
502	15	22	3	200	14 00
504	20	20	2	250	15 50
507	20	24	2	300	18 50
508	20	30	3	350	21 50
509	24	20	2	400	24 50
512	24	30	3	500	30 50

F. O. B. Factory

Lawn Rollers, Water Ballast
With Counter-Balancing Weights
Ball Bearing

No.	Diam. In.	Lgth. In.	Sec.	Epty.	Weight Filled with Water	Our Price
602B	18	24	1	155	410	\$14 50
603B	24	24	1	180	525	18 50
604B	24	32	1	200	665	20 50
605B	18	24	2	175	395	19 50
606B	24	32	2	230	650	25 50
607B	24	24	2	215	505	23 50



Coldwell Lawn Mowers

Rajah High Wheel Ball Bearing.

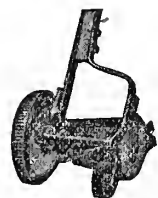
14-inch, 5-blade cylinder.....	\$3 00
16-inch, 5-blade cylinder.....	13 75
18-inch, 5-blade cylinder.....	14 25
20-inch, 5-blade cylinder.....	15 00

Suburban Ball Bearing

12-inch, 4 blades.....	\$7 50
14-inch, 4 blades.....	7 75
16-inch, 4 blades.....	8 00
18-inch, 4 blades.....	8 50

Coldwell Motor Mowers. Write for details and prices.
Coldwell Horse Mowers. Write for details and prices.
Write for prices on Golf Mowers for Putting Greens.

Lawn Mower	
Orchid Ball Bearing High Wheel	
10-inch. Driving Wheel	
14-inch.....	\$6 50
16-inch.....	7 50
18-inch.....	8 00



Lawn Trimmers

For trimming
close to walls or
fences.

Coldwell's

8-in cut... \$7 50

Liquid Measures	
Graduated	
Pint.....	15 cts.
Quart.....	15 cts.
Dry Measures	
1 pint.....	25 cts.
1 quart.....	35 cts.



Rittenhouse Mole Trap	
The simplest and surest Mole Trap ever in- vented—self-setting.	
\$1 25	

Mastica	
An improved putty.	
1 gallon.....	\$1 40
5 gallons.....	\$6 75

Mastica Machine	
For applying putty.	
\$1.25	

Moss, Sphagnum, Dried	
Barrel.....	\$1 25
5 barrel bale.....	\$2 50

Pencils, Indelible
5 cts. and 10 cts.
For writing on labels.

Powder Gun, Little Giant	
\$7 50	

Putty Bulbs	
For applying mastica and putty.	
Each.....	98
By mail.....	\$1 09

Putty, Twemlow's English	
Gallon.....	\$2 20
5 gallons.....	2 10

Raffia	
Colored, in all shades.	
1/4 lb.....	15
1 lb.....	50
5 lbs.....	\$2 25
For tying; natural color.	
1 lb.....	20
5 lbs.....	90

Saws, Pruning Duplex (double edge)	
18-inch.....	85
90-inch.....	\$1 15
Pruning (single edge)	
14, 16, 18, 20 and 24-inch 60 cts., 70 cts., 80 cts., \$1, and \$1.25.	

Rakes	
Automatic Self-cleaning.	
22-tooth.....	49 cts.
26-tooth.....	59 cts.
The Gibb. Wire.....	37 cts.
The Ole Oleson Curved Oak	
Does not tear grass.....	37 cts.
Wooden. Ordinary.....	25 cts.
Steel	
12-tooth.....	50 cts.
14-tooth.....	60 cts.
16-tooth.....	75 cts.

Automatic Self-cleaning.	
22-tooth.....	49 cts.
26-tooth.....	59 cts.
The Gibb. Wire.....	37 cts.
The Ole Oleson Curved Oak	
Does not tear grass.....	37 cts.
Wooden. Ordinary.....	25 cts.
Steel	
12-tooth.....	50 cts.
14-tooth.....	60 cts.
16-tooth.....	75 cts.

Reed

The genuine Reed is manufactured in Germany, but owing to an embargo placed upon them by the German Government, their importation is now possible.

Reed is a manufactured paper Reel so identical in size and character as to make it a most excellent substitute for the genuine Reed. Sample cards upon application.

No.	1/4 lb.	1/2 lb.	1 lb.
0.....	40	85	1 25
1.....	40	85	1 25
3.....	35	65	1 10
4.....	30	55	1 00
6.....	25	40	75
7.....	20	35	65
8.....	20	35	65
9.....	20	35	65
11.....	20	35	65

4 Yards for 10 cts.

Scissors	
Flower.....	\$1 00
Vine. 7-in.....	1 25

Seeders

Seed No. 3
The RittenhouseFormerly sold under the name of
"The Little Giant"

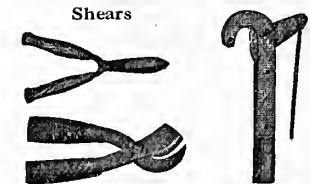
Has a pressed tin four-flange, distributing wheel and lathe-centered gears making it easy running.

Accurate gauge.
Sloping feed board and force-feed steel frame. Handhold and shield. Each \$1 50

Seed No. 4
The Rittenhouse

Each..... \$1 25

Shears



With pruning notch, 8-inch blade, \$1 75.
9-inch blade \$2.00; 10-inch blade \$2.50.

English Hedge
For tree and heavy hedge..... \$2 49

Lopping, Saynor's	
Tree Pruning, Waters	Pole
8 ft.....	\$1 50
10 ft.....	1 65
12 ft.....	1 75

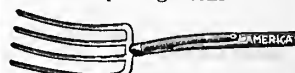
Pruning	
7 in.....	75
8 in.....	\$1 00
9 in.....	1 25

Sheep or Grass	
24c and 48c	

Sickles	
Extra fine.	
Each, 25 cts. and 40 cts.	

Silkline	
For Stringing Smilax.	
Spool.....	25
Lb.....	\$1 50

Spading Forks



4 tines...85 cts. 5 tines...\$1 00

Spades, Steel	
Each.....	.90 cts.

Stakes	
Heavy Rose or Dahlia	
Painted green.	
Doz.	100

3 feet.....	75	\$4 85
3 1/2 feet.....	88	5 68
4 feet.....	\$1 10	6 50
5 feet.....	1 25	8 15
6 feet.....	1 55	9 80

Wooden, Round Tapering	
Painted green.	
Doz.	100

1 1/2 feet.....	17	\$1 00
2 feet.....	28	1 70
2 1/2 feet.....	40	2 40
3 feet.....	51	3 20
3 1/2 feet.....	63	4 00
4 feet.....	75	4 80
5 feet.....	88	5 60

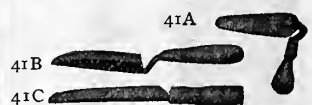
Round Dowels	
Unpainted	

1/2 x 48.....	25	\$1 25
1/2 x 48.....	35	2 00
3/4 x 60.....	45	3 00
3/4 x 72.....	60	3 85

Sprinkler, Rubber	
Each.....	\$1 00
By mail.....	1 10

Thermometers	
Copper case.....	\$1 00
Greenhouse, Tested	
Register heat and cold.	
Self-Registering.....	\$3 00
Brass Point	
Hotbed, Mushroom.....	\$1 50
Each.....	35
Doz.....	\$3 50
Dairy. For testing milk.	
Incubator. Tested.....	59 cts.
Brooder. Tested.....	49 cts.

Sheet Steel Trowels



Angle (41A). 7-inch blades, 45 cts.	
Forged Steel (41B).....	50 cts.
Transplanting (41C).....	30 cts.
Blade and shank one piece.	
6 in.....	25 cts.
Twine, Jute. For tying.	
Lb.....	25 cts.

"Norcross"	
Three Sizes	
Detachable Steel	
Prongs, Malleable	
Head, Extra	
High-Grade Handles	
"Midget" Weeder. 9-inch handle	
No. 11	
Each.....	40 cts.

No. 33. 3-prong; 4-foot handle.	
Each.....	50 cts.
Prepaid.....	60 cts.
No. 55. 5-prong; 4-foot handle.	
Each.....	75 cts.
Prepaid.....	85 cts.
Weights—3 lbs., 2 lbs., 12 ozs.	

Weeders	
A	
B	
C	
Lang's (A).....	Each 30 cts.
Eureka (B).....	35 cts.
Excelsior (C).....	10 cts.

PRICES ON ABOVE PAGE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

Auto Compressed-Air Sprayer

No. 1



This is without doubt the standard of all Compressed Air Sprayers. It consists of a 4-gallon reservoir, made of heavy material, either brass or galvanized steel as ordered. It is operated by working an air pump, with which air is compressed on top of the solution. A few strokes of the plunger will compress enough air to operate the machine several minutes, and two pumpings will discharge all of the contents. This Sprayer is made of heavy material throughout, and the brass machine, which we strongly recommend, is practically indestructible, because it can not be affected by the various spray solutions. No other Sprayer will do such a variety of work, and do it so well. The cut shows the air chamber and reservoir, also auto-pop nozzle.

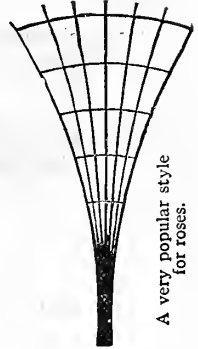
	Price
Brass tank, with auto-pop nozzle.....	\$9 75
Galvanized steel tank, with pop nozzle.....	7 50
Auto-pop nozzle, supplied separately.....	1 75
Brass extension rods, in 2-foot lengths.....	65

Trellises



Veranda Trellis

Feet Wide	Price
5-18 in.....	98
6-18 in.....	\$1 18
7-18 in.....	1 34
8-18 in.....	1 62
9-20 in.....	1 89



A very popular style for roses.

Wooden Fan Trellis

	Price
18-in.....	19
24-in.....	29
30-in.....	39
36-in.....	69
42-in.....	78
48-in.....	89
60-in.....	\$1 09
72-in.....	1 32
84-in.....	1 54
96-in.....	1 79

HOLMES' STANDARD INOCULATING BACTERIA

HASTENS MATURITY

INCREASES THE YIELD

BUILDS UP THE LAND

ENRICHES THE SOIL

IMPROVES THE FEEDING VALUE

EASY TO APPLY—SIMPLY MOISTEN THE
SEED BEFORE SOWING
FULL DIRECTIONS IN EVERY PACKAGE

PREPARED FOR

ALFALFA	SWEET CLOVER
SOY BEANS	RED CLOVER
COW PEAS	ALSIKE CLOVER
FIELD BEANS	CRIMSON CLOVER
NAVY BEANS	VETCH
CANADA PEAS	SWEET PEAS
GARDEN BEANS	GARDEN PEAS
AND ALL OTHER LEGUMES	

Special Mixture for all Garden Beans and Peas

PRICE

Garden size.....	40
Acre size.....	75
Two acre size.....	\$1 45
Four acre size.....	2 25
Six acre size.....	3 00
By Mail, 5 cts. extra.	

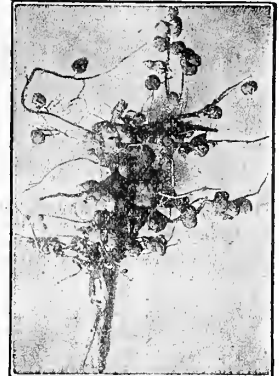
SPECIAL NOTICE

When ordering state crop to be inoculated, as there is a different bacteria for each legume.

Applied direct to seed.

DIRECTIONS IN EACH
PACKAGE

**INCREASE YOUR CROPS
THE WORLD NEEDS THE
FOOD. INOCULATE**



Inoculated Soy Bean Root
Showing Nodules



Inoculated Soy Bean Plant

BENEFITS OF INOCULATION

First—Inoculated legumes take nitrogen from the air to supply the plant, resulting in faster growth, earlier maturity and larger crops.

Second—Inoculated legumes take up more nitrogen from the plant itself requires, the surplus inuring to the benefit of future crops.

Third—Inoculated legumes develop larger root systems than when not inoculated and therefore reach the immense stores of potash and phosphorus in the sub soil, bringing them up to supply the plant.

Fourth—Inoculated legumes, by taking their nitrogen from the air, save the soil. When not inoculated they drain the soil of its nitrogen just the same as wheat or timothy or other nonleguminous plants.

Fifth—Inoculated legumes contain more proteid matter than when not inoculated, greatly increasing their feeding value.

What the Experiment Stations say:

NEW JERSEY

Bulletin 226, New Jersey Experiment Station states that inoculation produced an increased yield of 500% on Alfalfa, 75% on Beans, and that Lima Beans and Cow Peas more than doubled.

SOUTH CAROLINA

Bulletin No. 53, South Carolina Experiment Station says:

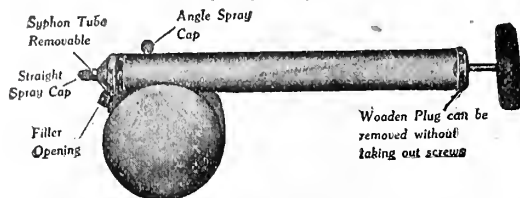
"Inoculation is not a cure-all, but its proper use will send the farmer farther forward in three years than it has been possible for him to go without it in a generation."

LEGUMES CAN NOT ENRICH THE SOIL UNLESS BACTERIA DEVELOP THE NODULES

"The peculiar value of legumes for maintaining and increasing the fertility of soils is due to certain bacteria which develop nodules upon the roots of leguminous plants and which have the unique power of rendering the free nitrogen of the atmosphere available for plant growth. Without these bacteria, legumes, like other crops, exhaust the soil of its combined nitrogen."—Ext. Farmer's Bulletin No. 315.

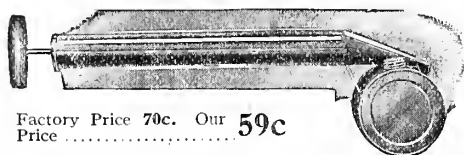
Auto-Spray No. 37C Continuous Sprayer

Capacity one quart



Will handle all solutions, insecticides and disinfectants. May be used for all plant life, in the greenhouse, kitchen garden, for rose bushes and in the poultry house.

One quart tin pump, brass tank. Factory Price **\$1.25**

Auto-Spray No. 22A

Factory Price 70c. Our Price **59c**

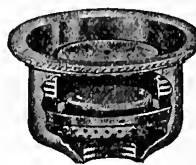
Used as a cheaper machine for the same purposes as the Auto Spray No. 37.

Pump Cylinder No. 22A. 14 inches x 1 3/4 inches diameter. Length over all 20 inches. One jet, tin reservoir.

Pump Cylinder No. 20B, No. 20E. 14 inches x 2 inches diameter.

Non Clog Jr. SPECIAL FEATURES

Strength, simplicity and balanced construction; a nozzle which DOES NOT and CAN NOT CLOG, and the ONLY CLOGPROOF NOZZLE on a compressed air sprayer, no matter what competitors claim.



Factory Price 70c. Our Price **69c**

Capacity about 1 quart. Single-acting hand atomizers. Made from good heavy material and in several styles.

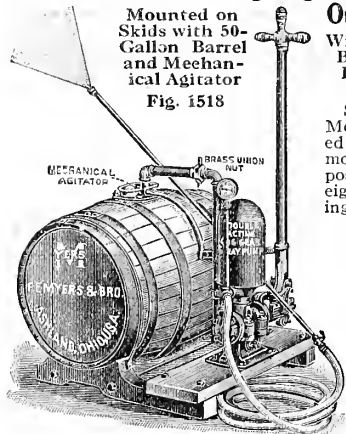
Auto-Spray No. 20B, No. 20E

Factory Price \$1.00

Our Price **80c**

Holmes' Double Acting Cog Gear Complete Spray Pump Outfit

Mounted on Skids with 50-Gallon Barrel and Mechanical Agitator
Fig. 1518



With Brass Valves and Ground Bevel Brass Seats 2-inch Seamless Brass Removable Cylinder Hemp Packed Plunger

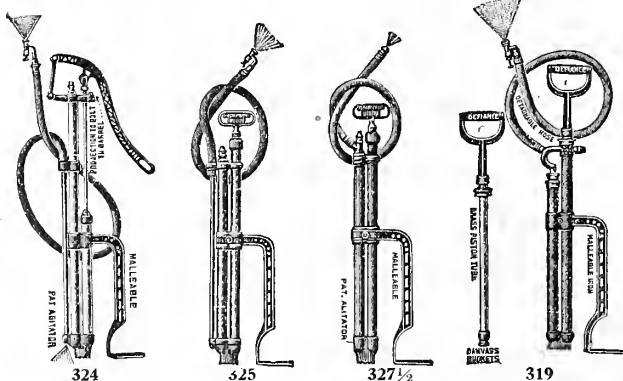
Special Features: Cog Gear Movement, increased leverage adapted for spraying under heavy pressure, mounted complete, occupying smallest possible space. Capacity sufficient for eight nozzles; well adapted for spraying potatoes.

PRICE LIST, Fig. 1518

No. R316B. Pump complete as above with pressure gauge, one 15-foot lead, 1/2-inch 7-ply discharge hose, one Fembro Fig. 1290 nozzle, one 8-foot pipe extension with lever shut-off and mechanical agitator. List Price [Pottle] \$60 00. Our Price..... **\$48 00**
No. R316C. As above with two leads of hose, nozzles and extensions. List Price [Pouch] \$67 00. Our Price..... **\$55 00**

Holmes' Lever Bucket, Imperial, Little Giant and Defiance Spray Pumps

Detachable Hose—Brass Ball Valves—Patent Agitator. All Working Parts Brass
Plunger can be withdrawn through Top of Pumps
Lever Bucket Imperial Little Giant Defiance



Myers Bucket Spray Pumps are constructed entirely of brass. They are provided with a large air chamber, brass ball valves and detachable hose. Have patent jet agitator to keep spraying solution thoroughly mixed and agitated and are fitted with malleable foot rest. Especially adapted for small orchards, shrubbery, whitewashing, etc.

PRICE LIST

No.	Description	Price
No. 324.	Myers Lever Bucket as described above, with Vermorel nozzle. Price..... [Fresh]	\$8 00
No. 325.	Myers Imperial, with Vermorel nozzle. Price..... [Friction]	7 00
No. 327 1/2.	Little Giant, with Imperial nozzle. Price..... [Friar]	6 00
No. 319.	Myers Defiance, with Vermorel nozzle. Price..... [Peat]	8 00

Bordeaux Nozzle instead of Vermorel, furnished when specified, except on No. 327 1/2 pump.

Holmes' O. K. Spray Pump

For Hot, Cold or Any Kind of Mixture

Has Mechanical Agitator, Solid Brass Ram Plunger, Ground Bevel Valve and Seat. Malleable Iron Handle

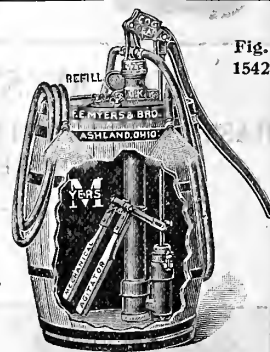
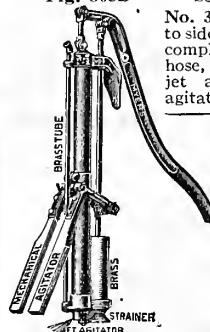
Fig. 1542 with adjustable malleable base, with two leads of 15 foot 7-ply, 1/2-inch hose and two Fembro (Fig. 1290) nozzles. (Without barrel.) Price, each [Prad] **\$41.25.** Our Price **\$35.00**

Holmes' Small Barrel Pump

Fig. 305B

See illustration

No. 305B. Attaches to side of barrel. Price, complete with 15-ft. hose, Vermorel nozzle, jet and mechanical agitator, no bbl **\$17.00.**

**Holmes' O. K. Spray Pump With Malleable Iron Base**

Mounted Complete with Skids and Fifty-Gallon Barrel
Has Mechanical Agitator, Solid Brass Ram Plunger, Ground Bevel Valve and Seat

PRICE LIST

Fig. 1570 complete with one lead of 15 feet of 7-ply discharge hose and Fembro nozzle. Price [Pron] **\$45.00;** our price **\$38.07.**

Holmes' Handy Portable Sprayer

PATENTED FIG. 1614

With Cog Gear Spray Pump and Mechanical Agitator

Made of extra heavy Galvanized Iron. Capacity 12 1/2 Gallons.

Suitable for Spraying Trees, Whitewashing, Painting, Etc.



Fig. 1614 illustrates the Myers Handy Sprayer as made for general use as a handy outfit about the home.

The pump is our regular No. 318B, fitted with cog gear malleable iron handle and mechanical agitator. The pump is securely attached to the tank by means of a clamp connected direct to the channel iron that surrounds the top of the tank held in position by one thumbscrew. The handle can be located at any point desired.

The pump is fitted complete with mechanical agitator, 15 feet of hose and an 8-foot pipe extension in two 4-foot parts, which adapts it for spraying large trees and also for use in whitewashing on the inside of low buildings.

The wheel is 10 inches in diameter.

Price List, represented by Fig. 1614

No. R336B. Myers Handy Portable Sprayer, complete as shown in illustration with Mechanical Agitator and Vermorel Nozzle. Price [Puff] **\$30.00**

Holmes' Whitewash, Cold Water Painting Machine and General Purpose Sprayer

Fig.
1358

With Patent Double Agitator. A Complete and Serviceable Outfit

The tank is made of heavy galvanized iron with a wide bottom, with removable cover which prevents any spilling or splashing of the liquid. Holds 7 gallons.

The pump is our regular No. 324 Bucket Spray Pump, as shown under Fig. 632, fitted with Bordeaux nozzle, brass ball valves, and has both jet and dasher agitator.

PRICE LIST

List
Price

No. 329. Fig. 1358 complete as illustrated.
Price, each [Pansy].....\$14 00

The Perfection Compressed Air Pump

Guaranteed 60 Pounds Pressure

Here's what the Perfection No. 22 will do—built to work at and stand a higher pressure. Guaranteed to be of superior quality and construction to any manufactured. The only sprayer of this type that will empty its contents in one pumping. Will spray any insecticide, including Bordeaux mixture, disinfectants or whitewash.

Equipment—Tank is furnished in either galvanized steel or all brass, a powerful all brass pump screws into top of tank, thus eliminating any possible leaking of air. Furnished complete with three feet discharge hose, spray nozzle, shut-off cock and shoulder strap, galvanized tank. Price \$7.80, our price \$6.99.

Same as above, all brass, \$9.70, our price \$8.25.

Shut-off cock in place of regular cock, extra 55 cts.

DAIRY SUPPLIES

Bottle Brushes



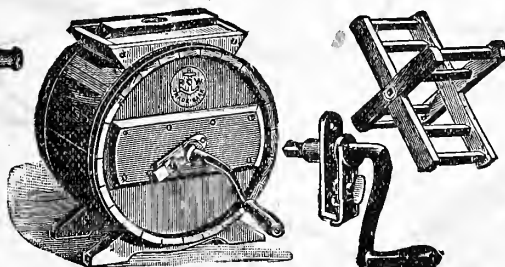
Hand, from 25 to 35 cts.

Iron Clad Butter Boxes



12-lb. prints	\$ 5 75
20-lb. prints	6 25
30-lb. prints	6 99
42-lb. prints	7 29
56-lb. prints	8 99
80-lb. prints	9 49
96-lb. prints	9 29
120-lb. prints	10 29

Cedar Cylinder Churn



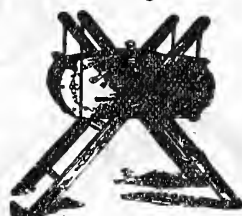
Double Dasher

Will churn	Each
No. 1. 3 gallons	\$3 00
No. 2. 4 gallons	3 50

Thumb Screw Lock

Will churn	Each
No. 3. 7 gallons	\$4 00
No. 4. 10 gallons	4 50

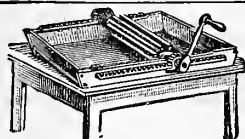
Davis Swing Churn



NOTE—The capacity is twice the amount they churn.

Will churn	Price
No. 1. 4 gallons	\$ 8 50
No. 2. 5 gallons	9 50
No. 3. 8 gallons	11 00
No. 4. 10 gallons	13 00

Butter Workers



No. 1. Capacity 50 lbs.....	\$9 97
No. 2. Capacity 30 lbs.....	7 99
No. 3. Capacity 20 lbs.....	7 39
No. 4. Capacity 10 lbs.....	6 97

Larger sizes quoted on application.

Butter Printer



Pound, complete \$1.49.

The Sturges Steel Churn

Butter making with a Steel Churn is a pleasure and not a drudgery, as the old way has been. Sanitary—Easy to Clean



They are steel—not a piece of wood about them—will not absorb moisture, so can not become soaked. No seams to open up nor hoops to drop off in the sun. Mounted upon a strong welded steel base that will last a lifetime.

Made in Three Sizes

Gal.	Gal.	Price
No. 1. 5 churns 1 1/2 to 2 1/2	Each	\$7 50
No. 2. 7 churns 1 to 3 1/2	Each	8 50
No. 3. 10 churns 1 to 5	Each	9 50

We can also furnish pulley for power attachment.

WYANDOTTE CLEANER

Absolutely more of this cleaner used than all others. This is the best proof that it is the best cleanser for dairymen and farmers to use in cleaning cans, buckets, separators, strainers, churns, coolers, cows, the clothes, etc. Full directions for using with each order. 5-lb. bag 25 cts., 80-lb. keg \$3.25, 280-lb. barrel \$8.50.



Barrel Churn

Barrel Churn, no Dasher, Either Stationary or Folding Stand

Will churn	Price
No. 0. 3 gallons	\$ 3 98
No. 1. 4 1/2 gallons	4 37
No. 2. 7 gallons	4 79
No. 3. 9 gallons	5 42
No. 4. 12 gallons	6 19
No. 5. 16 gallons	6 98
No. 6. 22 gallons	9 27
No. 7. 28 gallons	10 97

Holmes' Milk Cans

All our Iron-Clad Cans are made of steel and heavily tinned by the hand-dipping process after they are formed.

NOTE—While the cost of manufacturing these Cans has increased considerably it will be noticed our prices have not been increased.

Iowa Pattern Fig. 623
20 quarts \$6 00 || 32 quarts | 7 50 |



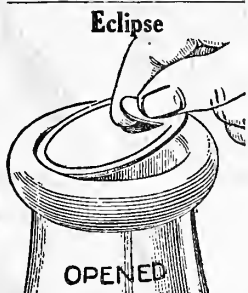
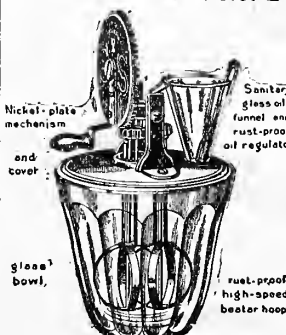
MILK KETTLES Strong and Durable—Anti-Rust Tinware

Pint	39
Quart	68
2 Quarts	89
4 Quarts	1 19
6 Quarts	1 28
8 Quarts	1 49
10 Quarts	1 88

We also carry good bargains in tin pails at half these prices.



"S. & S." Beater No. 2



Eclipse Caps with patent lift-flap on top; most convenient cap made. A sure "trade getter." Send for sample. 1,000 75 cts., 5,000 \$2.50, 1 barrel, 50,000, \$18.00. We print your name and advertisement on the caps free on orders of 50,000.

Milk Bottle Caps
NOTE.—Our business in caps more than doubled last year. Why? Because we sell the highest grade cap at a less price than others sell the poorest grade.

IT BEATS EVERYTHING!

This handsome, time-saving device is an ideal holiday gift, suitable for any time of the year. It is invaluable to the housekeeper when making the Thanksgiving and Christmas delicacies and in the hot summer months for the cool beaten frostings and whipped desserts. It is in service all the year for omelets, salad dressings, etc. Write for descriptive circular.

No. 1.....\$2 00 No. 2.....\$1 25

Milk Bottles

Special price on larger quantity.

Dozen

Qts. 85c, pts. 75c,
1/2 pts. 65c.

Gross

Qts. \$9.50, pts.
\$8.75, 1/2 pts. \$6.75.

10 Gross

Qts. \$9.25, pts.
\$8.25, 1/2 pts. \$6.50.



Pails

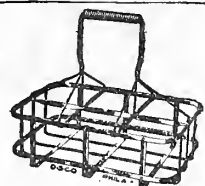
Jersey combination

10 quarts
75 cts.
12 quarts
85 cts.



Milk Bottle Baskets

6-bottle size
\$1.50
8-bottle size
\$2.00



Three Good Little Cultivators to Push Along

PREMO SKABOO

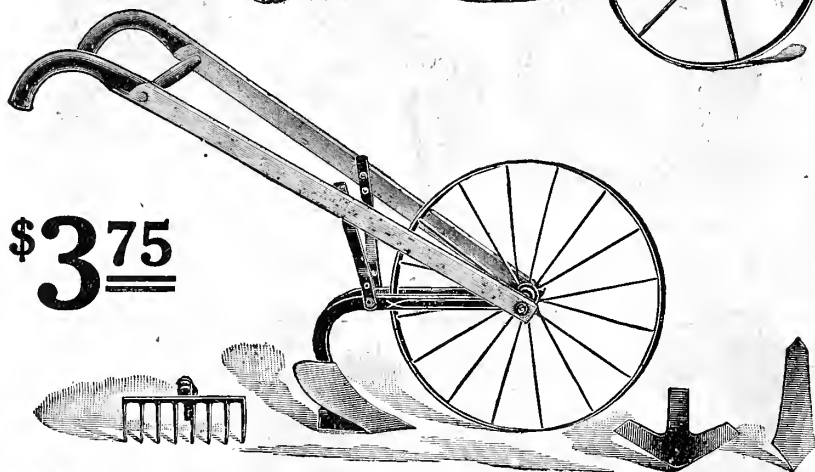
A complete 5-shovel cultivator, with detachable double point reversible shovels. Adjustable from 10 to 14 inches in cutting width. A garden tool that will please the most exacting. Compactly bundled. Weight 21 lbs.

\$4⁷⁵

PREMO DEXTER CULTIVATOR

A most complete and desirable garden tool. Strong and durable. Wheel 18-in. by 1-in. tire. Shipped in one bundle complete with three shovels, rake and wrench. Weight 20 lbs.

\$4⁰⁰



\$3⁷⁵

No. 1

PREMO CULTIVATOR

A perfectly balanced plow, as the weight is directly over the pivotal point. Handles are adjustable in height to suit operator. Open shovel shank permits any style shovel being used and any pitch desired. Wheels 24-inch. Packed in one bundle with three shovels, rake and wrench. Weight 21 lbs.

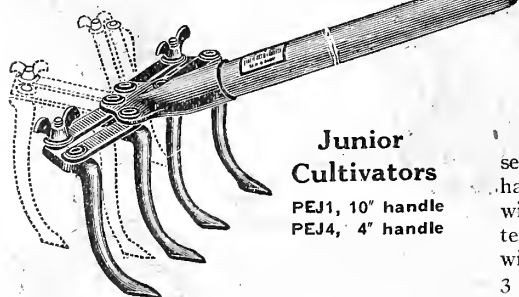
The **PULL-EASY** Cultivators

These two Junior Cultivators are for women and children to use for preparing the soil and weeding in small gardens and flower beds. Four teeth unbreakable steel—instantly adjustable from 2 to 6 inches wide—no tools needed to adjust.

PEJ1 with ten-inch handle; weight one pound; price 60 cents.

PEJ4 with four-foot polished maple handle; weight 1½ pounds; price 75 cents.

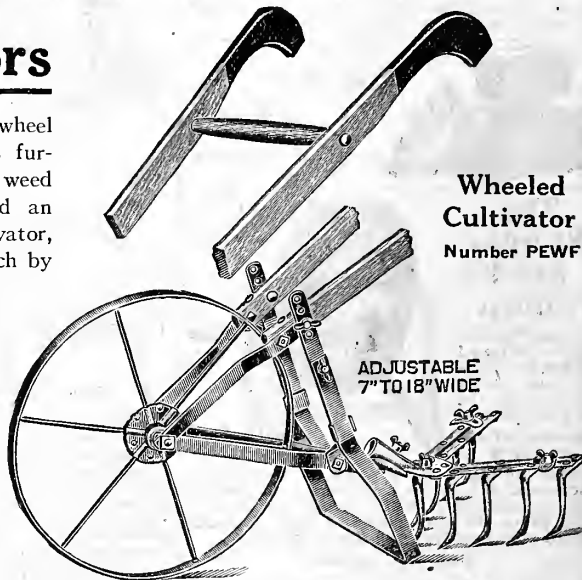
ADJUSTABLE
2" TO 6" WIDE



Junior Cultivators

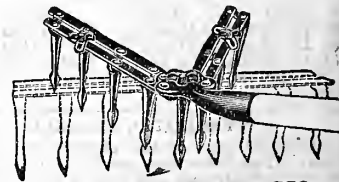
PEJ1, 10" handle
PEJ4, 4" handle

The lightest, most efficient wheel cultivator made. Two tools furnished—a spring tool steel weed slayer 9½ inches wide, and an adjustable nine-tooth cultivator, described below. Wheel 1 inch by 14 inches; weight 12 pounds; price \$4.00 each.



Wheeled Cultivator
Number PEWF

This is the most popular Pull-Easy seller. Has a 4½-foot French polished handle, adjustable 7 inches to 18 inches wide—used as a rake or cultivator—nine teeth, unbreakable steel, 3 inches long, will mulch and weed perfectly. Weight 3 pounds. Price \$1.50.



Nine Toothed Cultivator, PEC

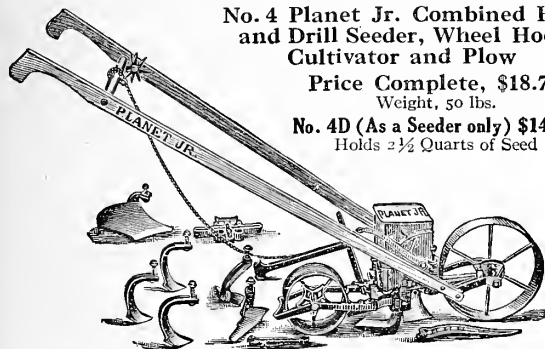
Planet Jr. Garden Tools

The publicity given to the importance of increased food supply and reducing the cost of living by personal effort has had one effect which will be beneficial and lasting; that is, that thousands of people are cultivating gardens this year who have never done so before; thousands of people, therefore, are making a large saving in their living expenses and find out, perhaps for the first time in their lives, what fresh peas, beans and corn taste like when they are right out of the garden. The labor of cultivating these gardens is made easy by the use of the modern seed drills and wheel hoes, as is shown by the fact that many of the most enthusiastic gardeners this year are women. A little sunburn and sore hands are the first effects of this garden cultivating, but this is soon succeeded by a sense of pride in achievement, and a toning up of the whole physical system through exercise.

No. 4 Planet Jr. Combined Hill and Drill Seeder, Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow

Price Complete, \$18.75
Weight, 50 lbs.

No. 4D (As a Seeder only) \$14.75
Holds 2½ Quarts of Seed



This accurate, durable and easy-running tool sows all garden seeds from the smallest up to peas and beans in hills 4, 6, 8, 12 or 24 inches apart, or in drills at the proper thickness and depth; rolling down and marking out the next row all at one passage.

By removing the seeder parts and substituting the tool frame, you have a first-class single wheel hoe with a set of specially hardened steel tools, the best made for hoeing, plowing, cultivating, opening furrows, hilling, etc.

No. 25 Planet Jr. Combined Hill and Drill Seeder, Double and Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow

Price, \$22.75
Weight packed, 61 lbs.
Holds 2½ Quarts of Seed



Steel Frame

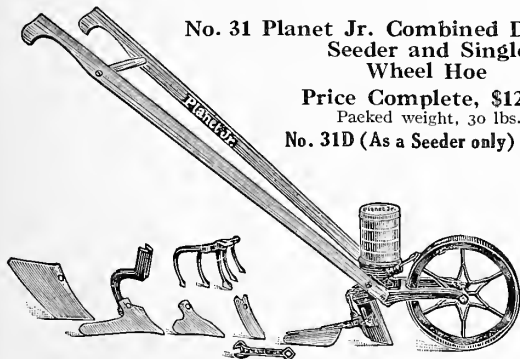
This combination is intended for gardeners who have a large enough acreage in crops for a double wheel hoe to be used to good advantage, and yet prefer not to buy seeders and wheel hoes separately; and for the family garden where a double wheel hoe is preferred.

As a seeder it is practically the same as the Planet Jr. No. 4, and as a wheel hoe has the same steel frames and cultivating attachments as the Planet Jr. No. 12 Double Wheel Hoe.

No. 31 Planet Jr. Combined Drill Seeder and Single Wheel Hoe

Price Complete, \$12.25
Packed weight, 30 lbs.

No. 31D (As a Seeder only) \$9.75

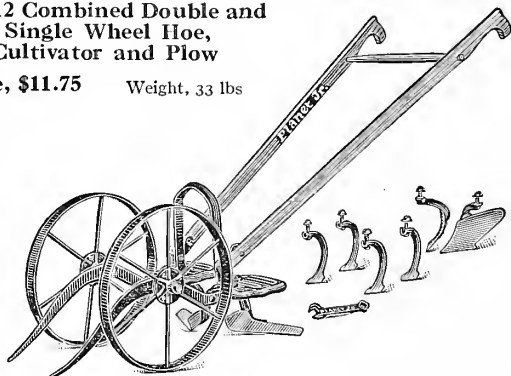


This combination will delight the suburbanite or the growing boy who knows that a certain amount of garden work is to be part of his service. Women, younger or older, will find in this tool a light running wheel hoe that will save them hard work and help much to supply the table with fine vegetables.

The New "Planet Jr." Catalogue is the handsomest, best and most instructive book ever issued on a similar subject. Full of little points that bring profit. Full of true and handsome illustrations. We mail it free to any address on application.

No. 12 Combined Double and Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow

Price, \$11.75 Weight, 33 lbs

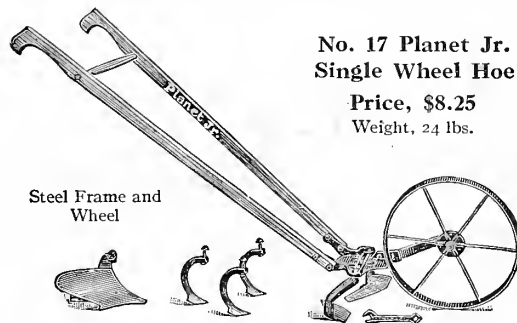


A double and single wheel hoe in one. 14-inch steel wheels. Straddles crops till 20 inches high, then can be worked between rows with one or two wheels.

The hoes are wonderful weed killers and leave the ground almost level. The cultivator teeth are of improved design and admirable for deep work. The plows are invaluable for opening furrows for manure, etc.; for covering and for plowing to or from the crop.

No. 17 Planet Jr. Single Wheel Hoe

Price, \$8.25
Weight, 24 lbs.



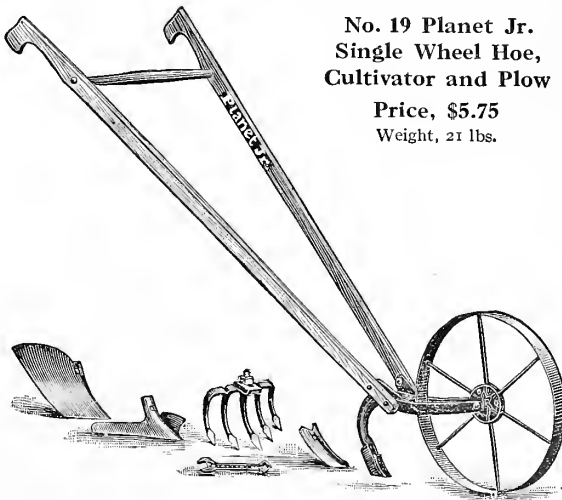
Steel Frame and Wheel

These Single Wheel Hoes are the highest type of their class. They have a great variety of attachments which adapt them to a large variety of work, and there is scarcely any garden cultivation they will not do.

The No. 17 has a pair of 6-inch hoes, a plow and a set of cultivator teeth, an outfit sufficient for most garden work.

No. 19 Planet Jr. Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow

Price, \$5.75
Weight, 21 lbs.



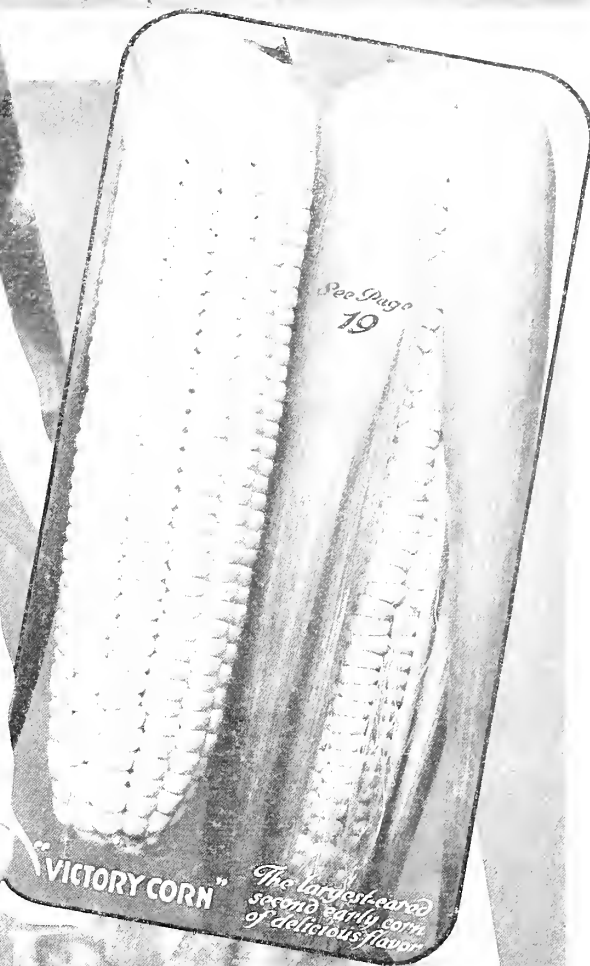
This attractive implement is especially designed for the farmer's garden work, though it offers to everyone, with either field or garden, a cheap and effective tool for wheel-hoe operations. The high wheel makes easy running; the standard is slotted for depth regulation and an adjustable malleable piece carries any of the steels that go with the machine.

HOLMES SEED CO. HARRISBURG, PA.



The finest stringless wax bean grown.

See Page 10



"VICTORY CORN"

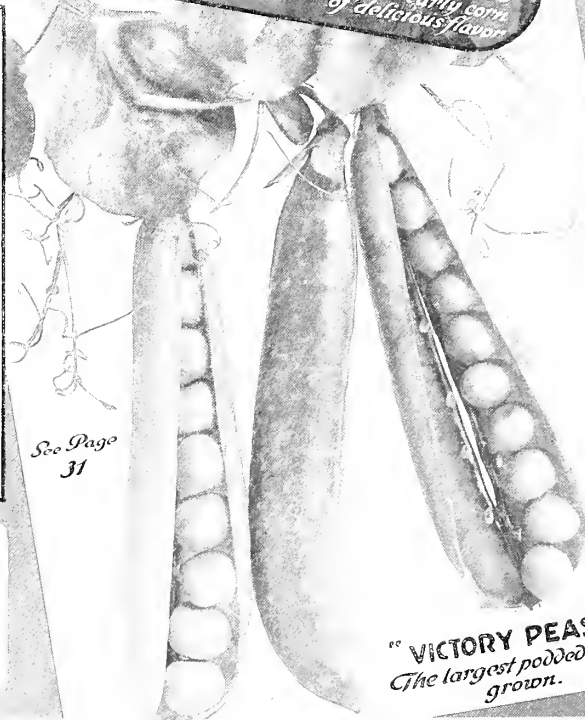
The largest eared second early corn of delicious flavor



See Page 12

"VICTORY BEETS"

The earliest, darkest, blood-red beet grown.



See Page 31

"VICTORY PEAS"
The largest podded pea grown.

"VICTORY COLLECTION"
THESE WILL HELP WIN THE WAR

*These four grand Novelties only 45 cts.
Sold separately would cost you 60 cts.*

ORDER AS COVER COLLECTION.